

Australia

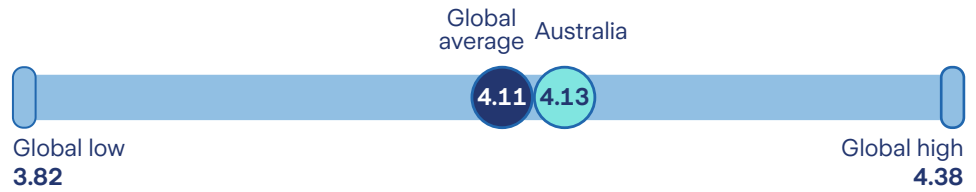
Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are Australia's key opportunities to strengthen resilience.



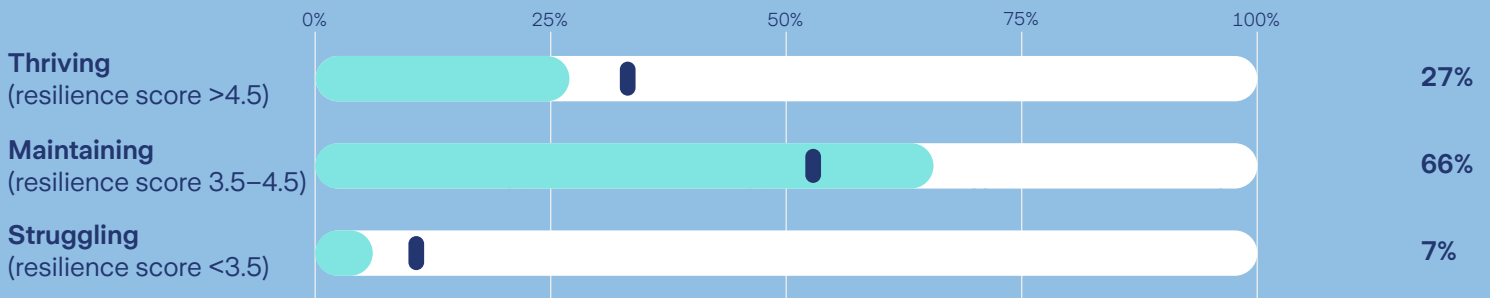
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Overall resilience

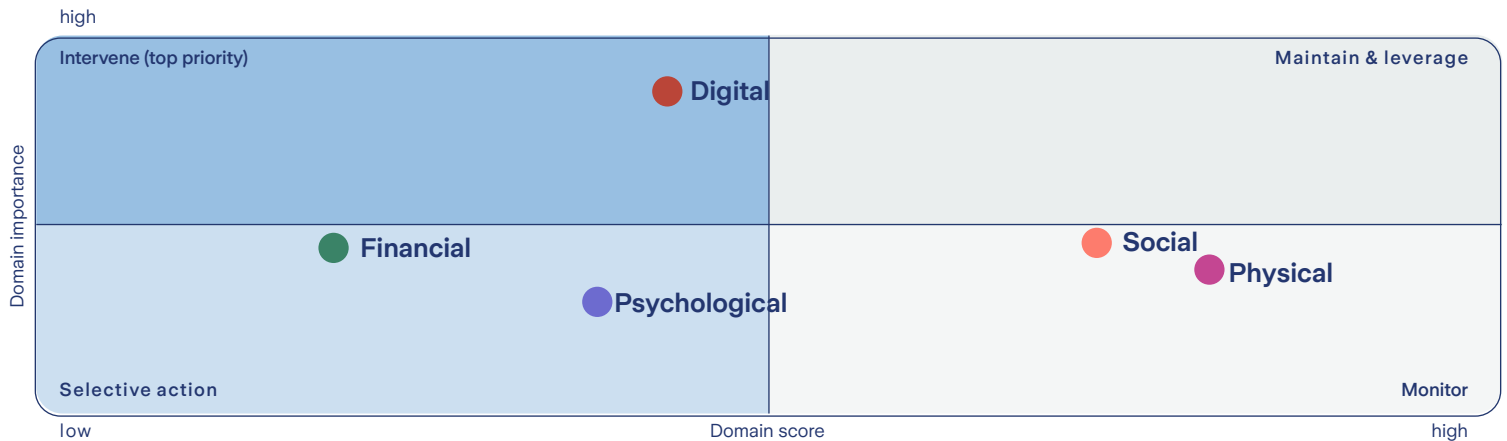


Split by resilience band

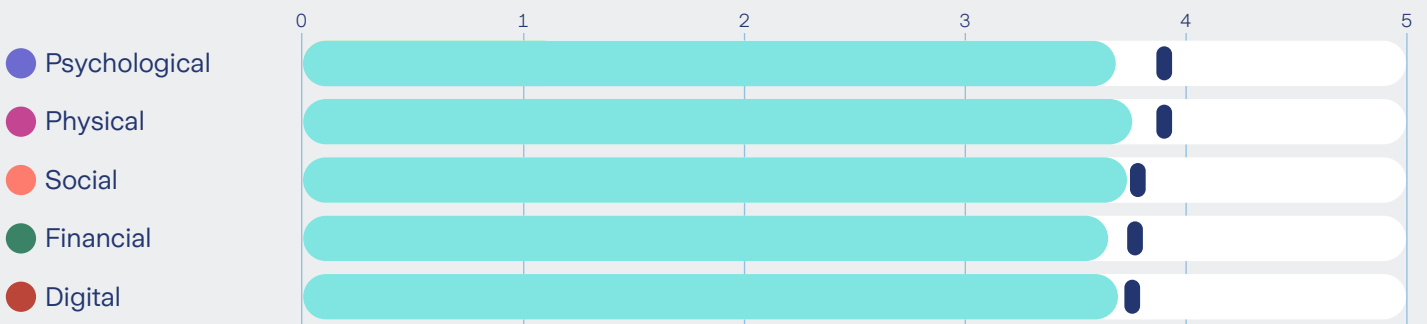
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

86% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 42% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weakest domains.

Financial is the weakest link.

It scores lowest of all domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

How's Australia looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.22, against 3.94 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Belief in ability to solve hard problems and drive to learn new skills score highest.

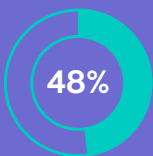
Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and community support score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



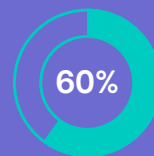
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Australia



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

Brazil

Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are Brazil's key opportunities to strengthen resilience. Physical health and psychological wellbeing are already strong forces behind it.

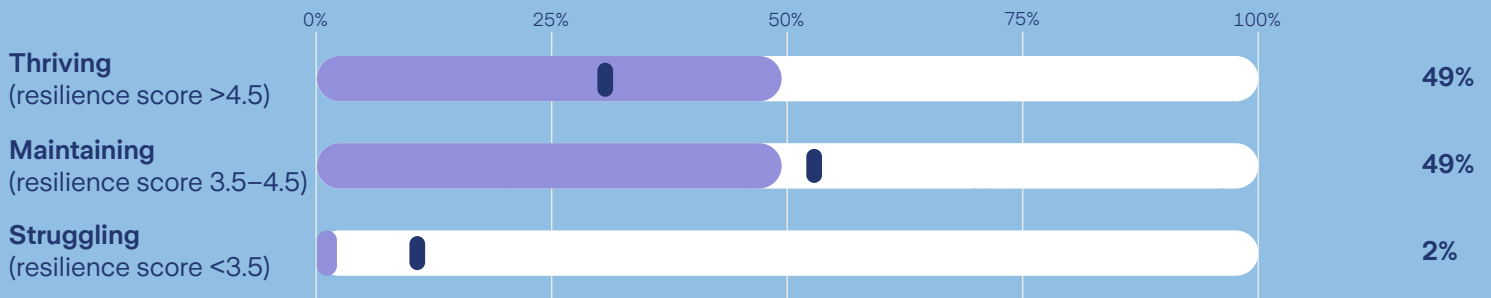


Overall resilience

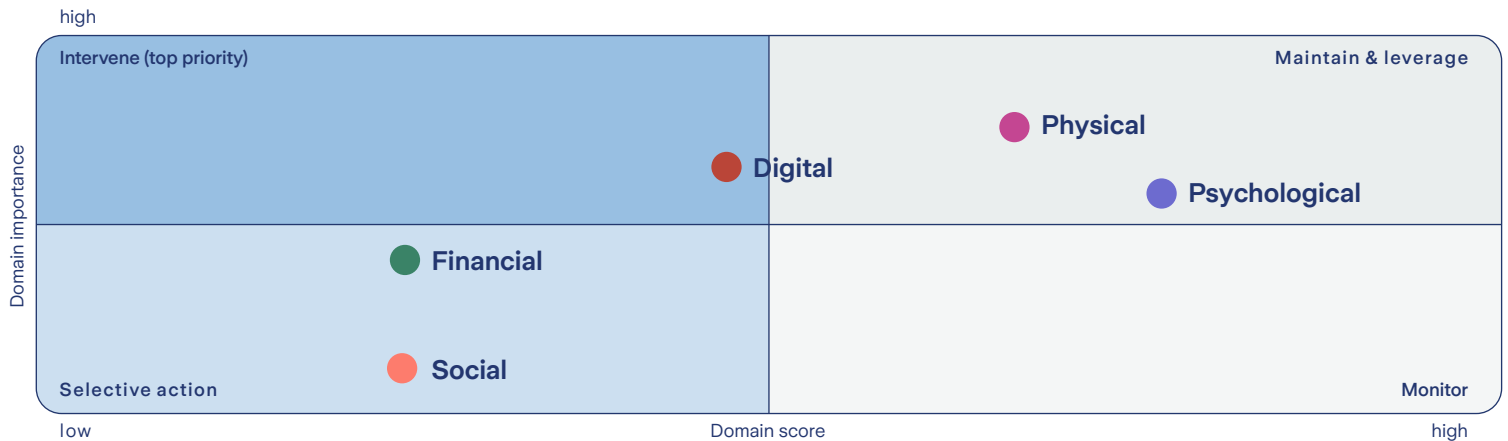


Split by resilience band

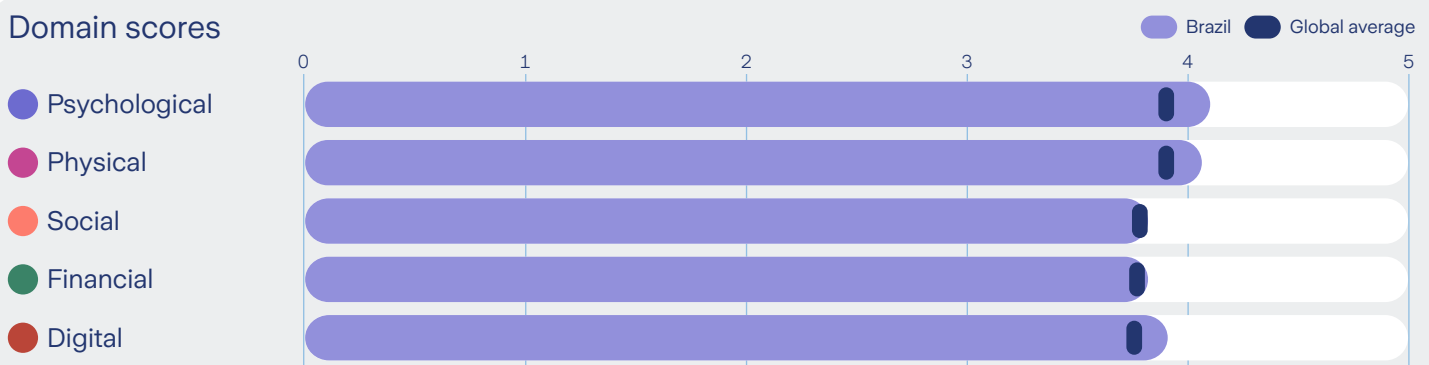
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

86% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 46% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is a strong driver for overall resilience, yet scores among weaker domains.

Social and financial are soft spots.

They score considerably lower than the other domains.

How's Brazil looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.54, against 4.31 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Ability to re-evaluate approach and confidence reaching goals score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and community support score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Brazil



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, not a one-size-fits-all rollout.

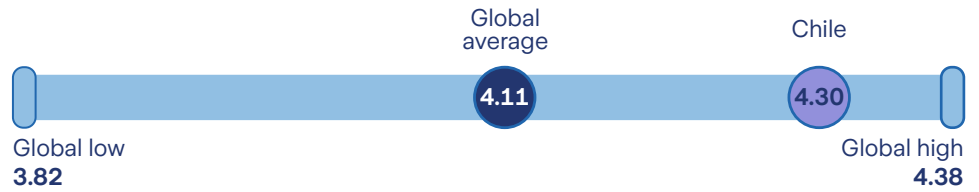
Chile

Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are Chile's key opportunities to strengthen resilience. Psychological wellbeing is a strong force behind it.

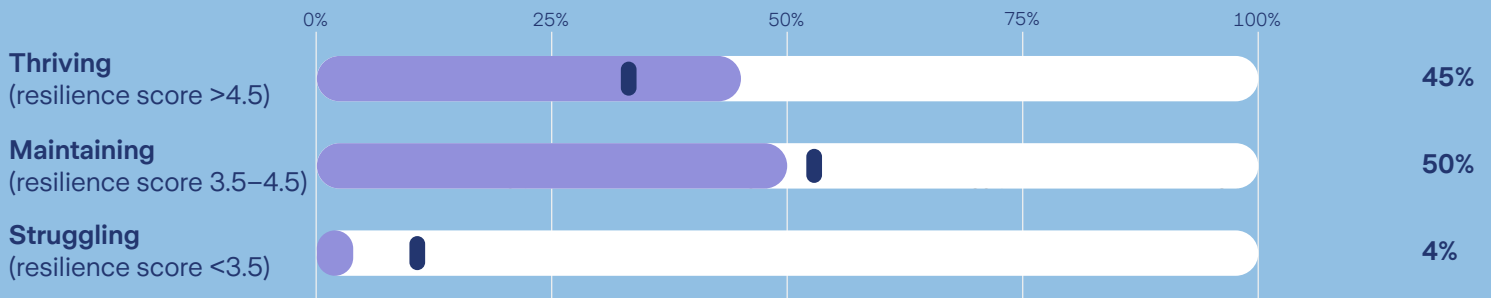


Overall resilience

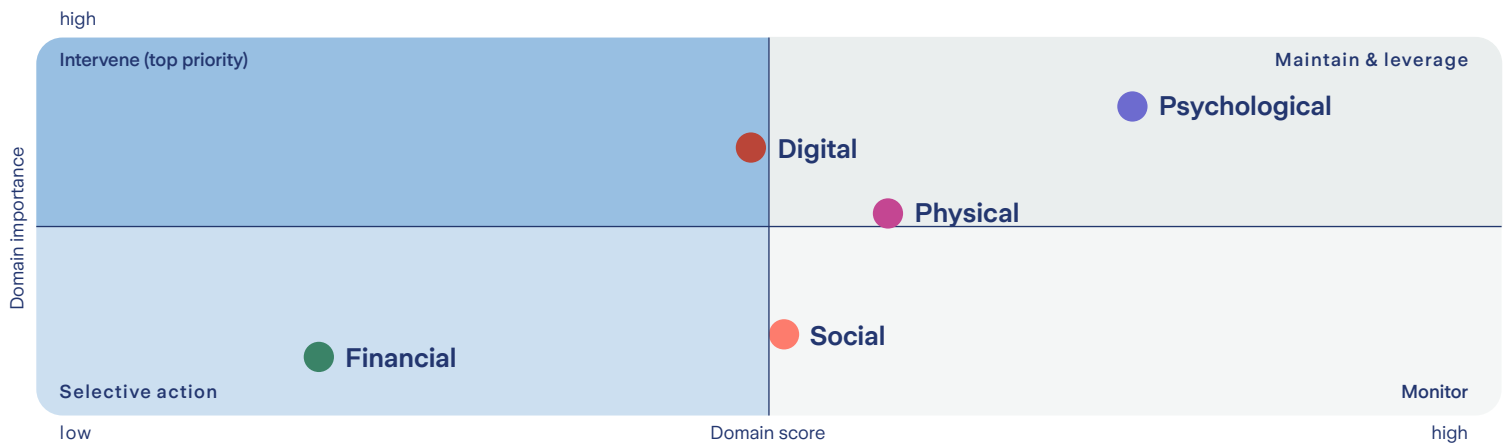


Split by resilience band

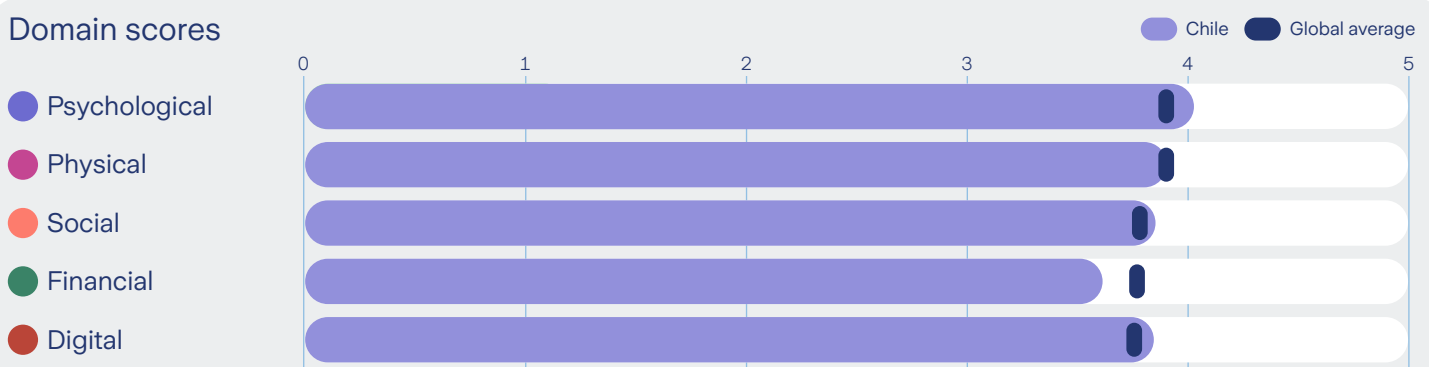
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

92% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 57% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is one of the strongest drivers for overall resilience, yet scores among the weakest domains.

Financial is the weakest link.

It scores considerably lower than all other domains.

How's Chile looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.47, against 4.37 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Ability to re-evaluate approach and confidence reaching goals score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Chile



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

Germany

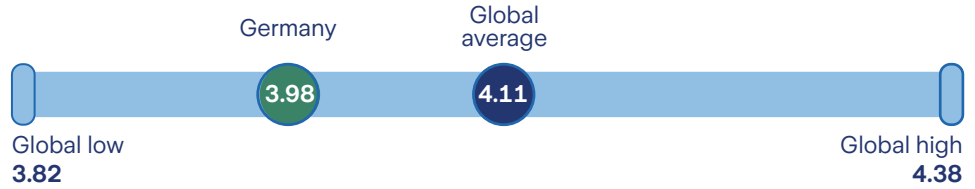
Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness and digital confidence are Germany's key opportunities to strengthen resilience. Physical health is a strong force behind it.



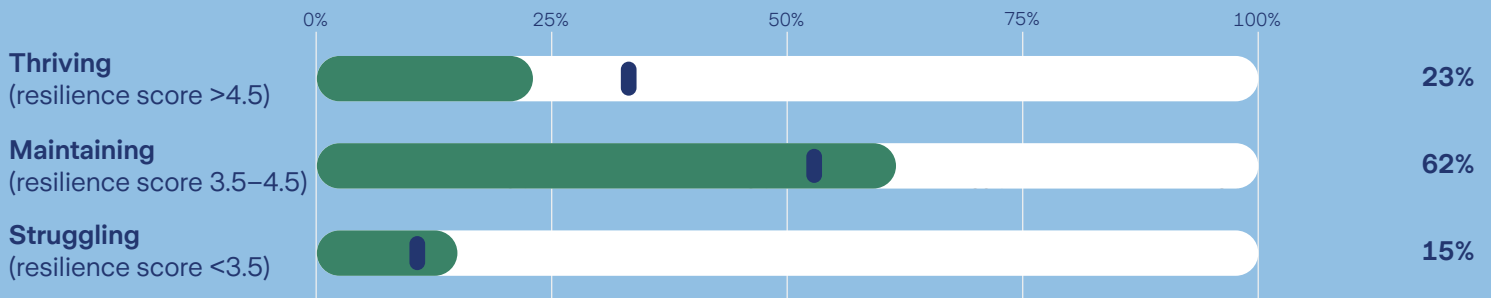
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Overall resilience

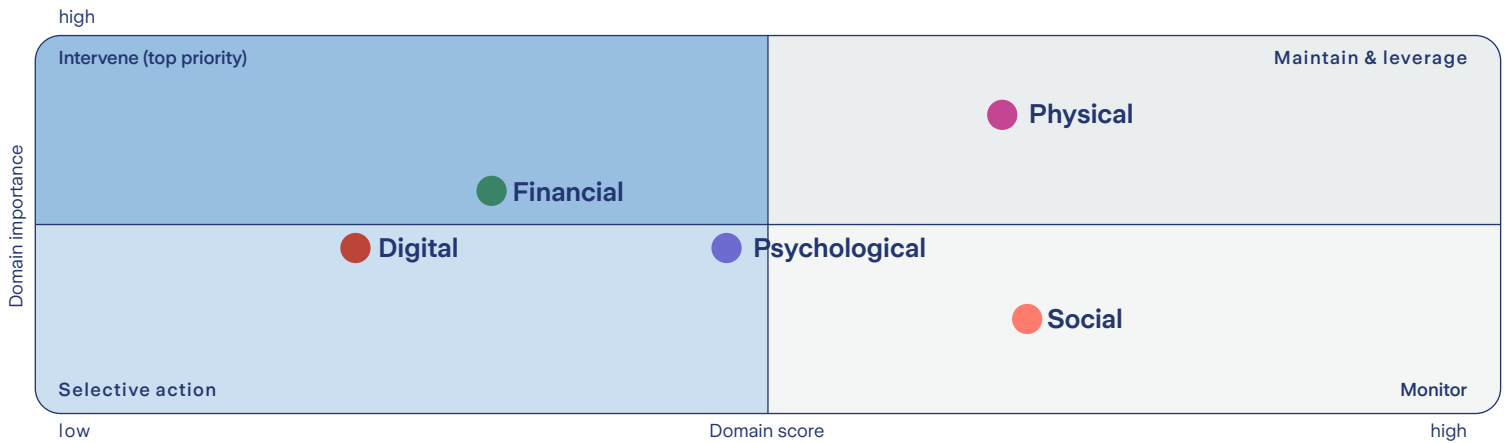


Split by resilience band

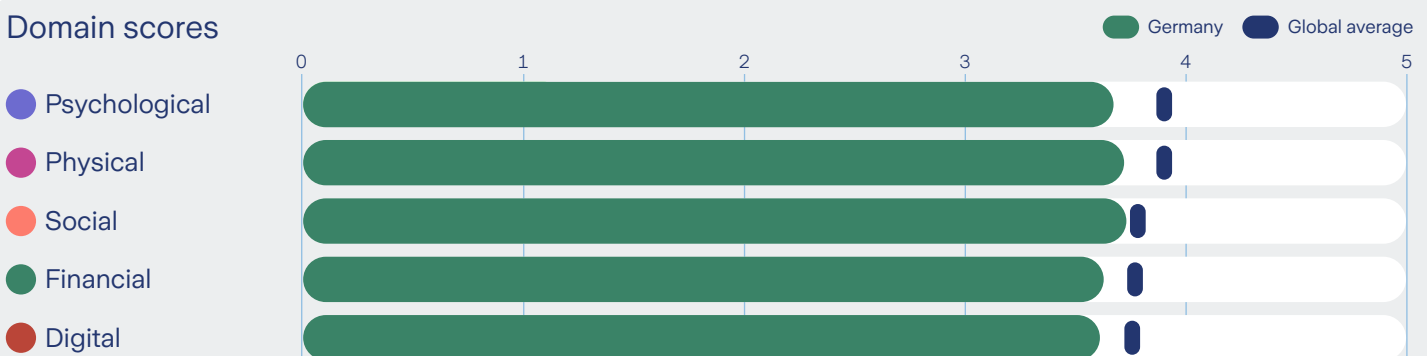
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

81% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 40% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It scores among the weakest domains and is one of the strongest drivers for overall resilience.

Digital is the weakest link.

It scores lowest of all domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

How's Germany looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.10, against 3.78 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Belief in ability to solve hard problems and openness to new things score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in financial recovery score lowest.



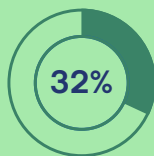
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



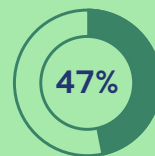
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Germany



Build financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Strengthen the digital basics.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

Hong Kong

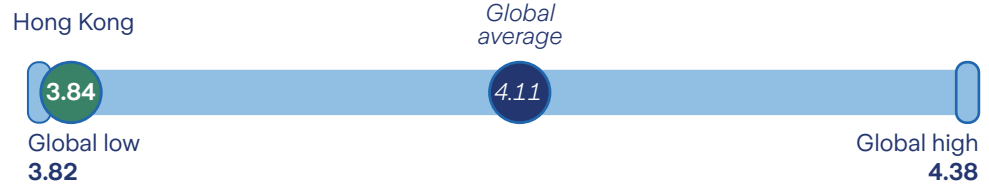
Workforce Resilience Profile

Social connection and psychological wellbeing are Hong Kong's key opportunities to strengthen resilience. Financial preparedness and physical health are strong forces behind it.



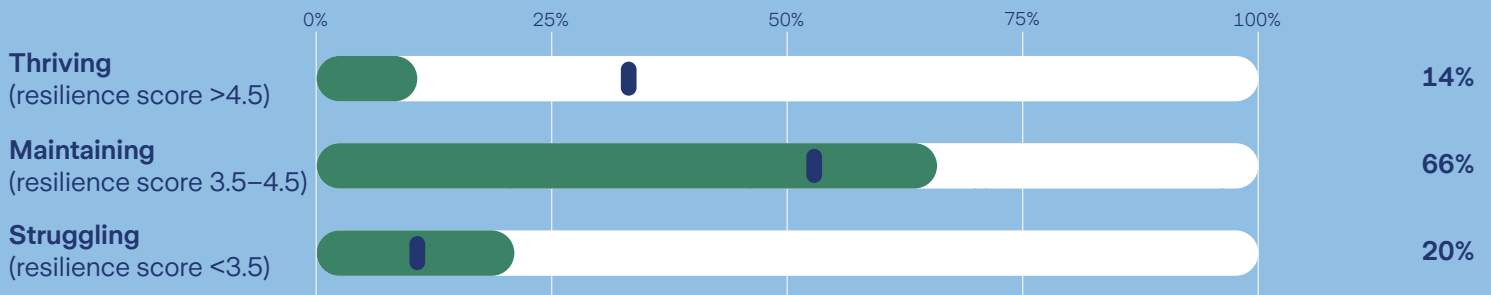
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Overall resilience

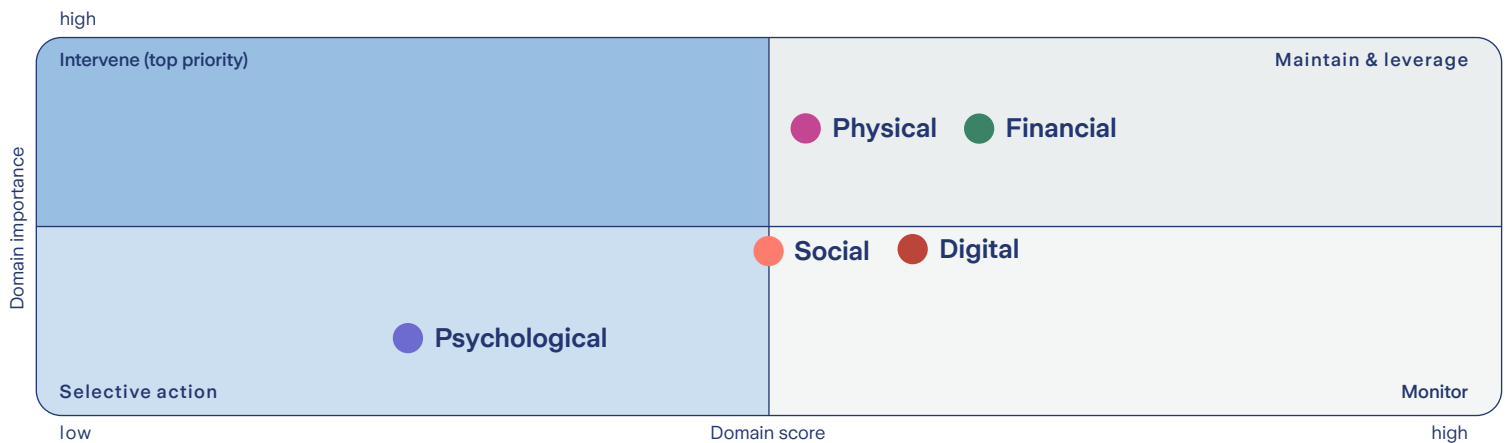


Split by resilience band

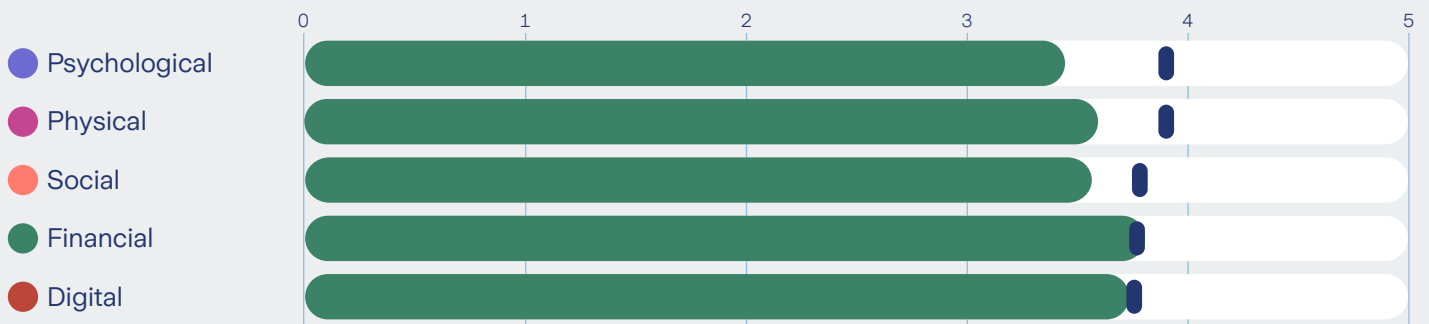
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

85% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 32% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Social is an opportunity.

It is a rather strong driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weakest domains.

Psychological is the weakest link.

It scores considerably lower than all other domains.

How's Hong Kong looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 3.93, against 3.69 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Drive to learn new skills and care to spend within means score highest.

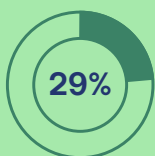
Lowest scoring items

Insurance meeting needs and optimism about the future score lowest.



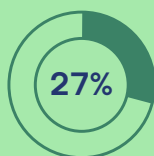
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



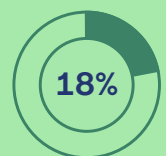
use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Hong Kong



Build social connection first.

Prioritize peer support, team trust and community-building programs.



Strengthen psychological wellbeing.

Give people reasons to believe in tomorrow. Invest in skills, meaning and sustainable workloads.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, not a one-size-fits-all rollout.

Indonesia

Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence
and social connection
are Indonesia's key
opportunities to
strengthen resilience.
Physical health is a
strong force behind it.



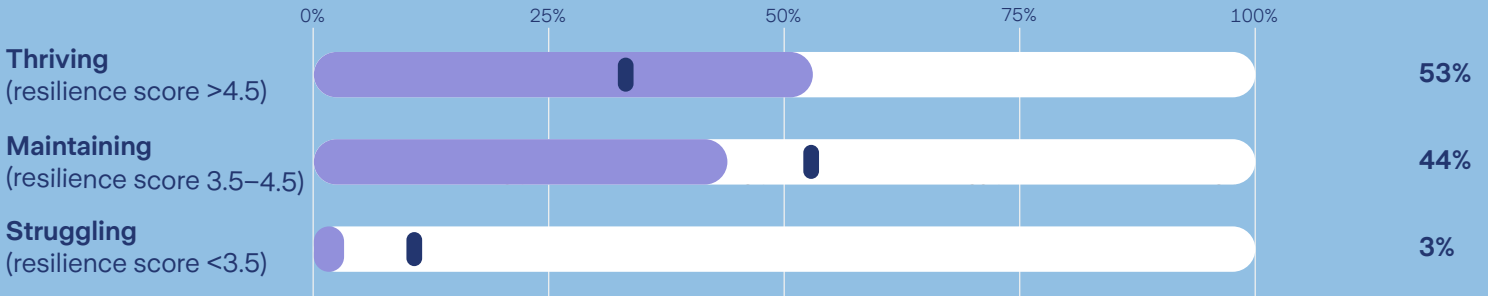
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Overall resilience

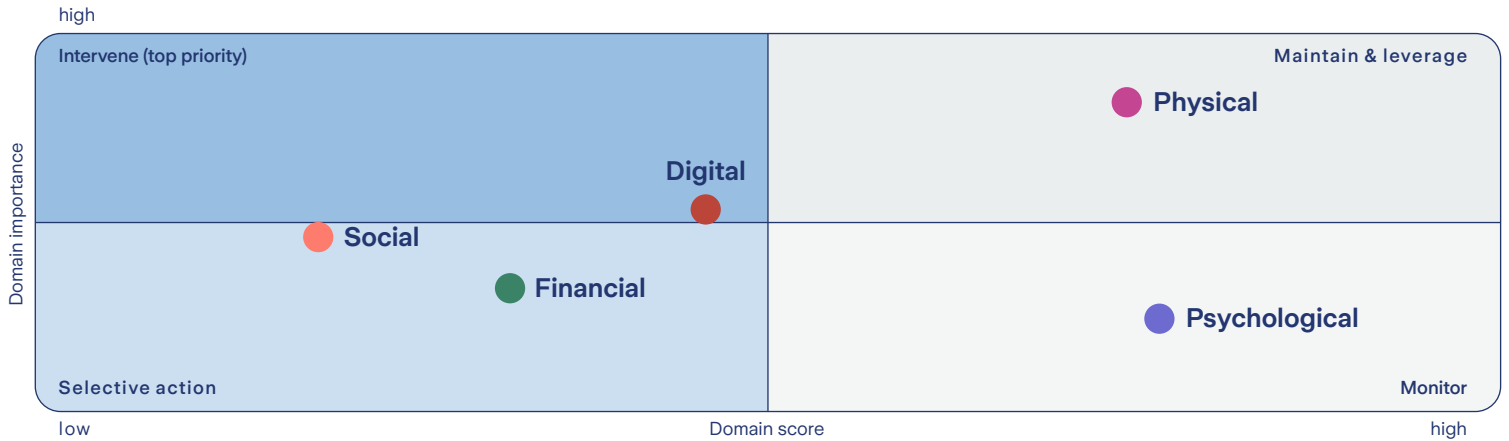


Split by resilience band

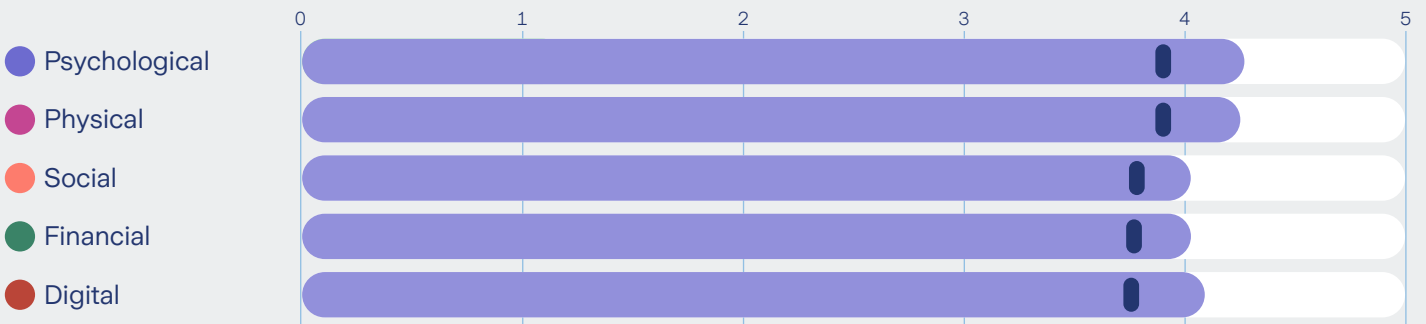
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

89% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 50% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is an opportunity.

It is an important driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weaker domains.

Social is the weakest link.

It scores lowest of all domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

How's Indonesia looking?

Job type is the sharpest demographic divide

White-collar workers score 4.42, against 4.33 for blue-collar workers.

Highest scoring items

Drive to learn new skills and ability to re-evaluate approach score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Indonesia



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen social connection.

Add peer-support, team trust and community-building programs.



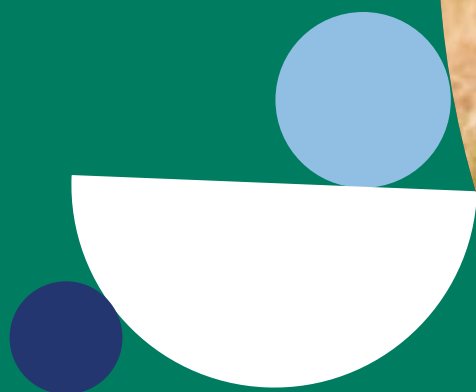
Target the job type gap directly.

Blue-collar workers score lowest. Target this group, rather than a one-size-fits-all approach.

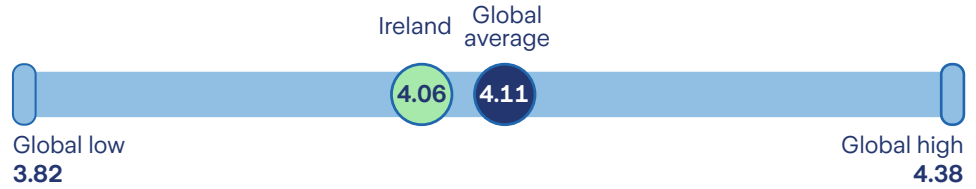
Ireland

Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are Ireland's key opportunities to strengthen resilience. Psychological wellbeing is a strong force behind it.

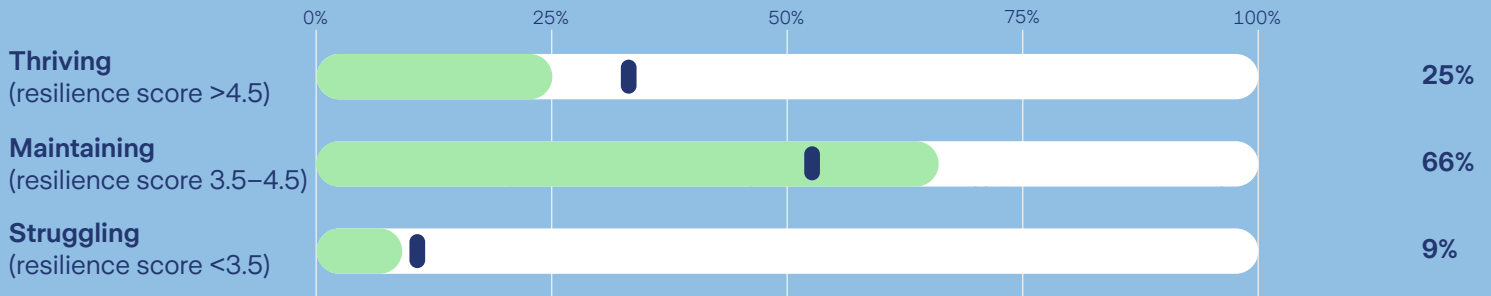


Overall resilience

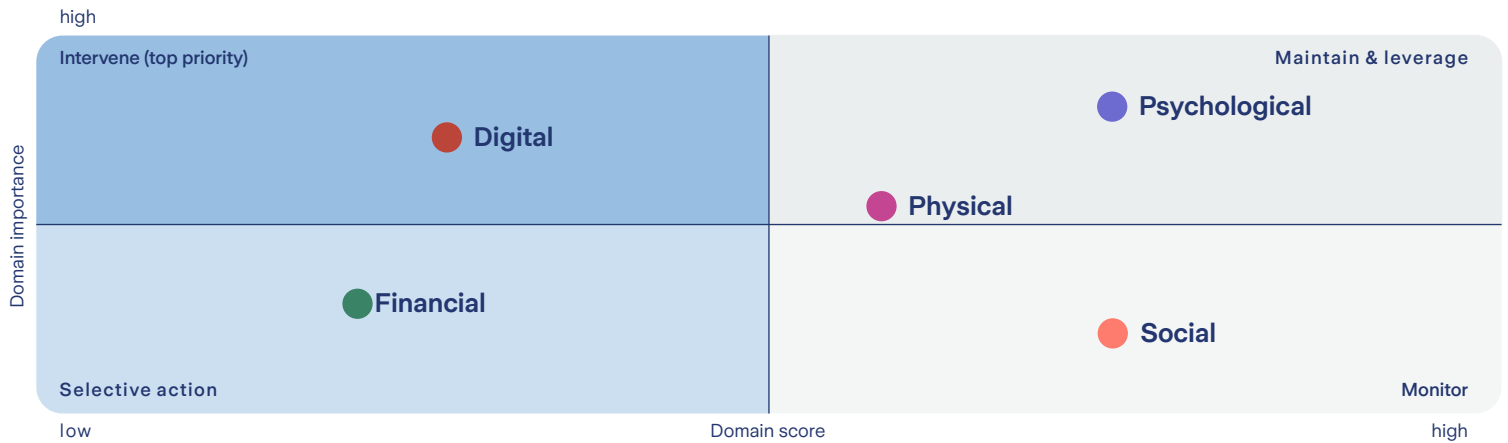


Split by resilience band

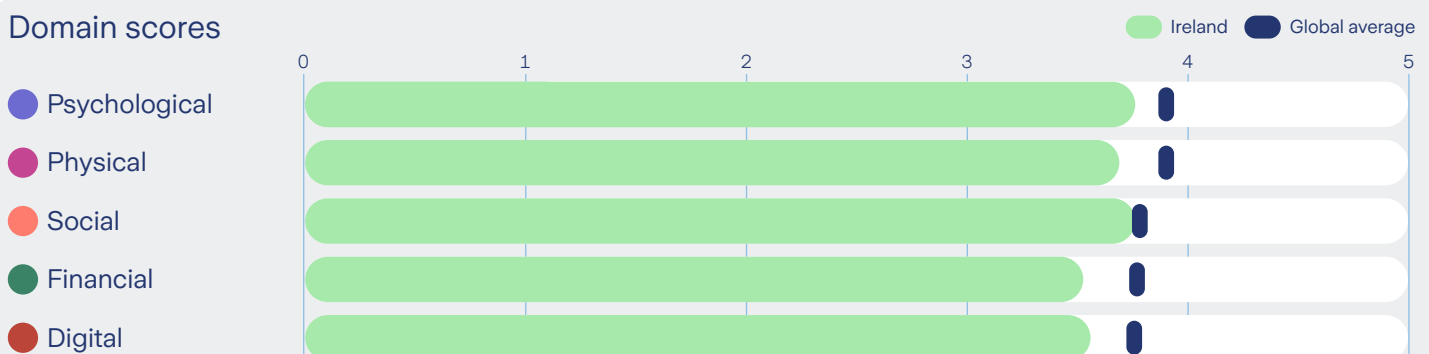
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

84% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 50% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is one of the strongest drivers for overall resilience and scores among the weakest domains.

Financial is the weakest link.

It is the lowest scoring of all domains.

How's Ireland looking?

Education is the sharpest demographic divide

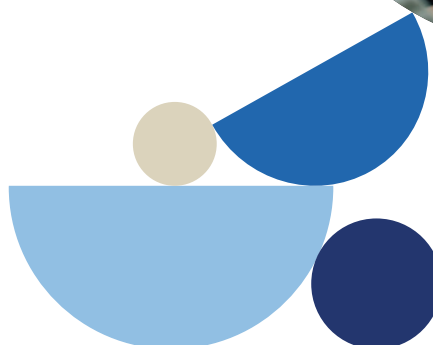
Postgraduates score 4.29, against 3.95 for the least educated.

Highest scoring items

Belief in ability to solve hard problems and openness to new things score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in financial recovery score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Ireland



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



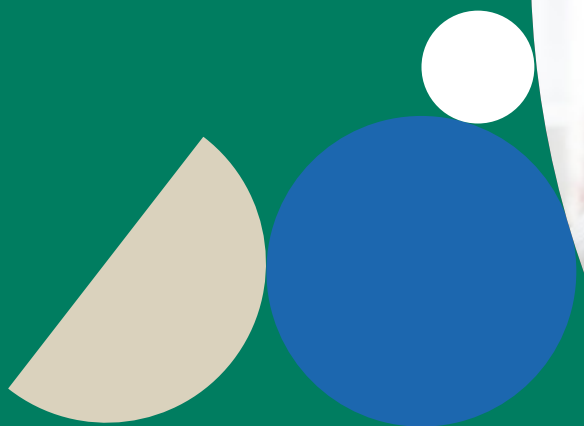
Target the education gap directly.

Workers without further education score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

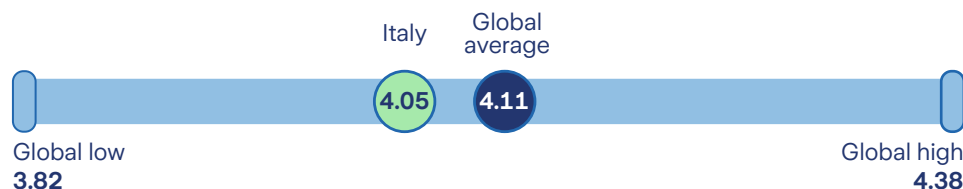
Italy

Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and
social connection are
Italy's key opportunities
to strengthen resilience.

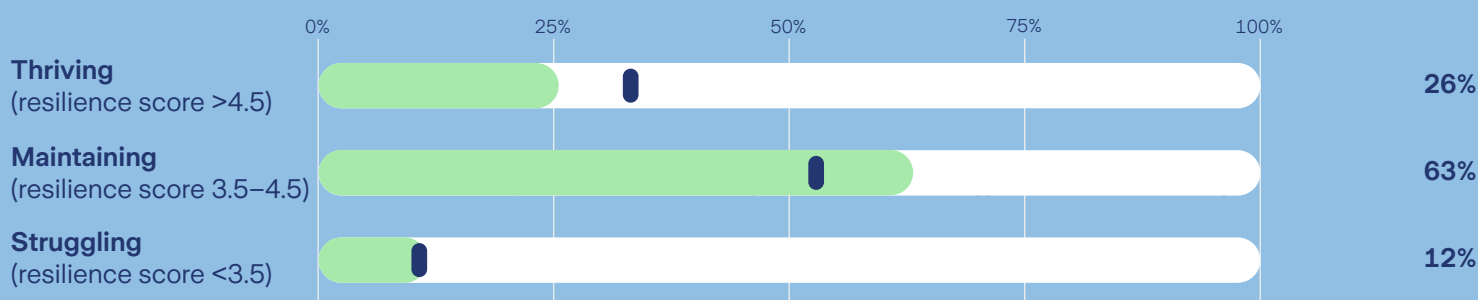


Overall resilience

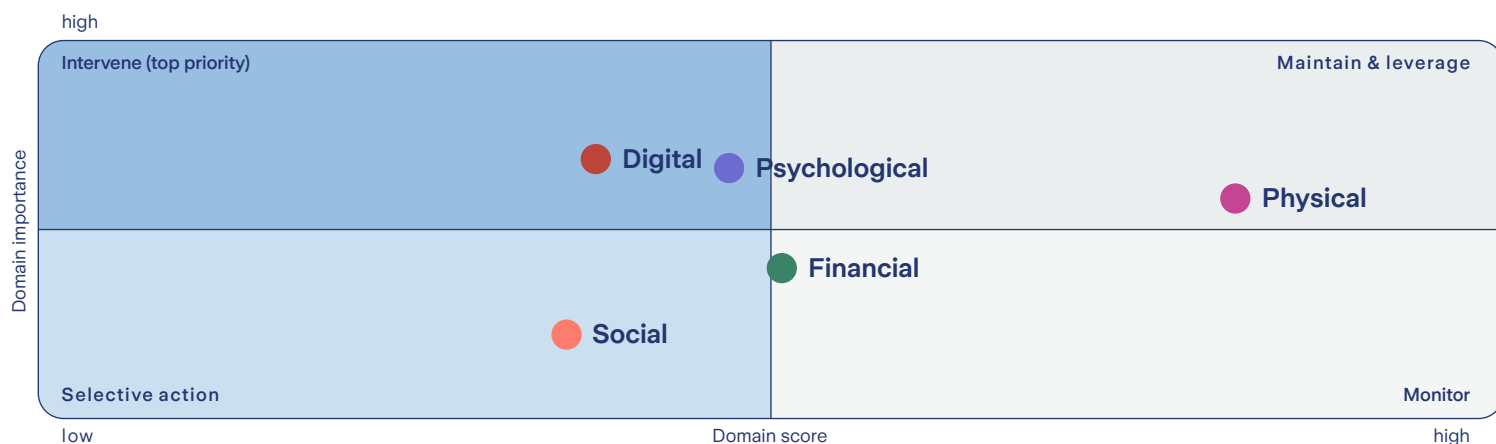


Split by resilience band

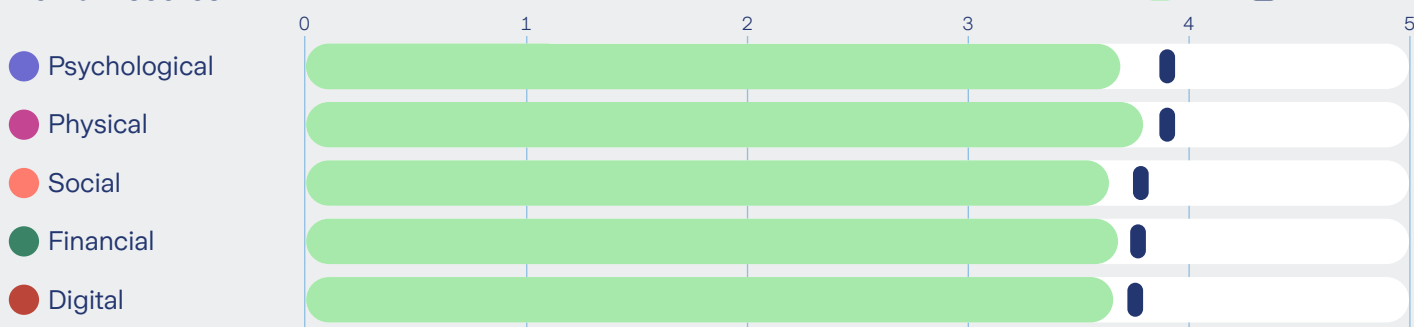
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

81% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 26% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weakest domains.

Psychological is another priority for action.

It is a strong driver of overall resilience and scores among the lowest domains.

How's Italy looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.17, against 3.78 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Ability to re-evaluate approach and care to spend within means score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Community support and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Italy



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen psychological wellbeing.

Invest in skills development, meaning and sustainable workload.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

Malaysia

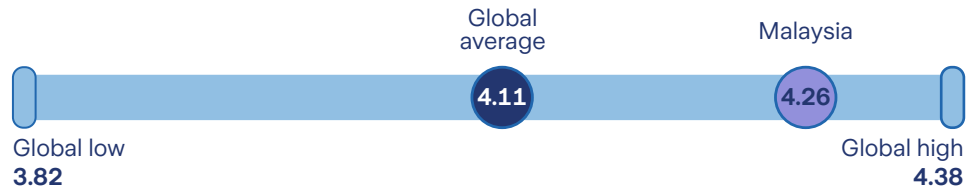
Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness
is Malaysia's clearest
opportunity to
strengthen resilience.
Physical health is a
strong force behind it.



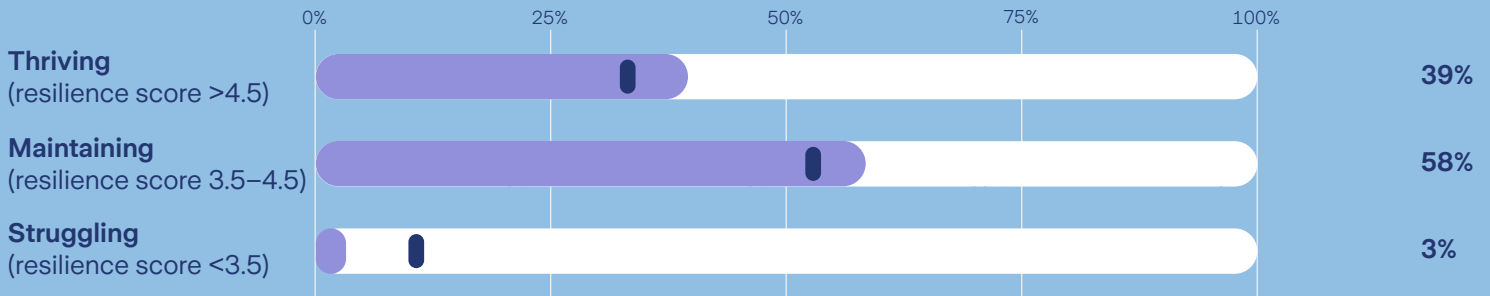
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Overall resilience

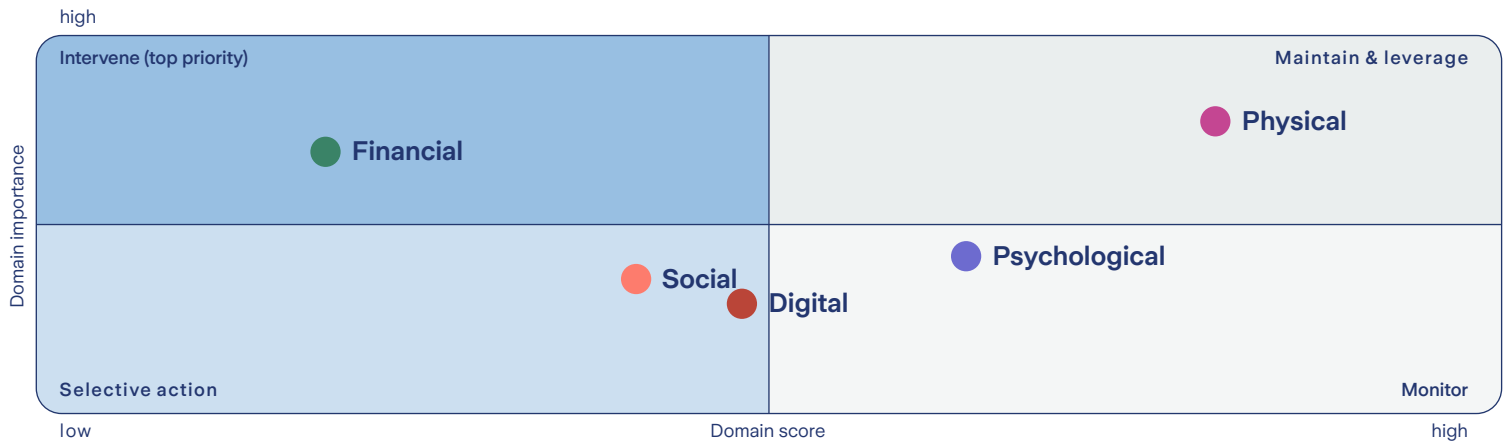


Split by resilience band

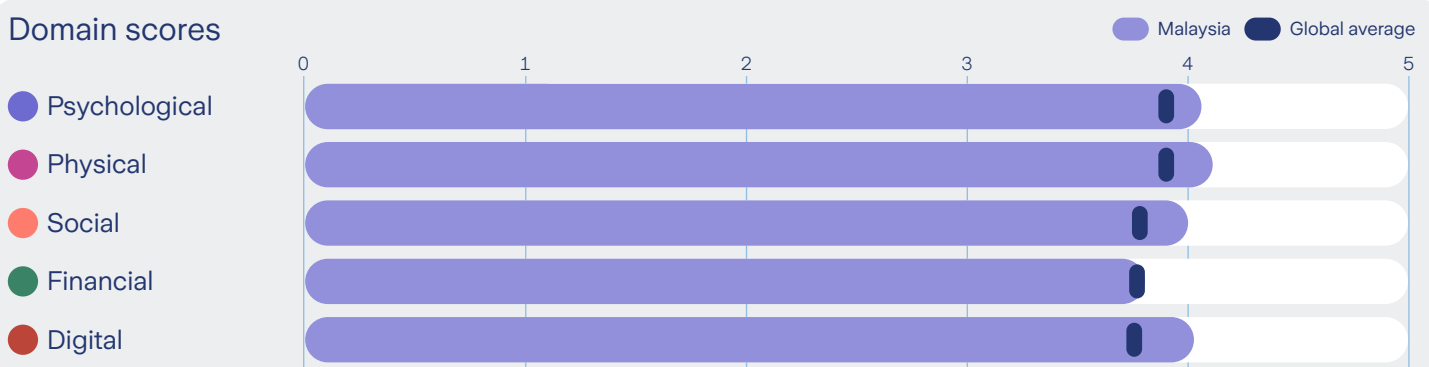
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

82% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 33% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It scores lowest of all domains and is one of the strongest drivers for overall resilience.

Physical is a strong force.

It is the strongest driver of overall resilience and also scores highest of all domains.

How's Malaysia looking?

Age is the sharpest demographic divide

Young adults aged 18 to 34 score 4.30, against 4.07 for those aged 50 and over.

Highest scoring items

Drive to learn new skills and confidence reaching goals score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Malaysia



Build financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Don't let physical health slide.

Keep rest, nutrition and energy support on the agenda.



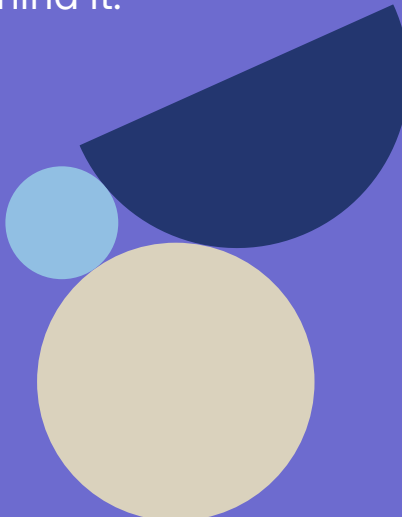
Target the age gap directly.

Resilience starts slipping in mid-life. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

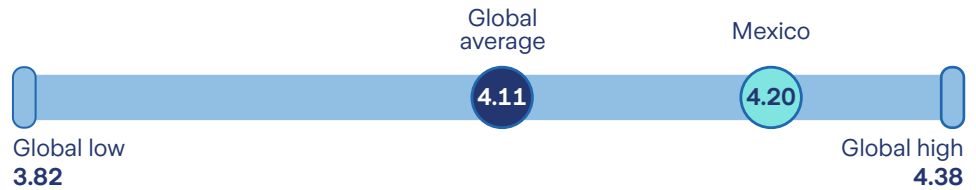
Mexico

Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness is Mexico's biggest opportunity to strengthen resilience. Psychological wellbeing is a strong force behind it.

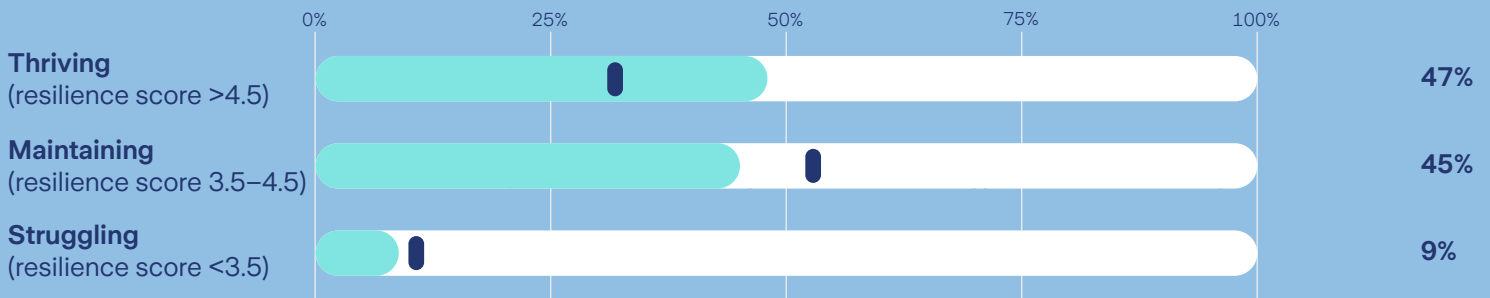


Overall resilience

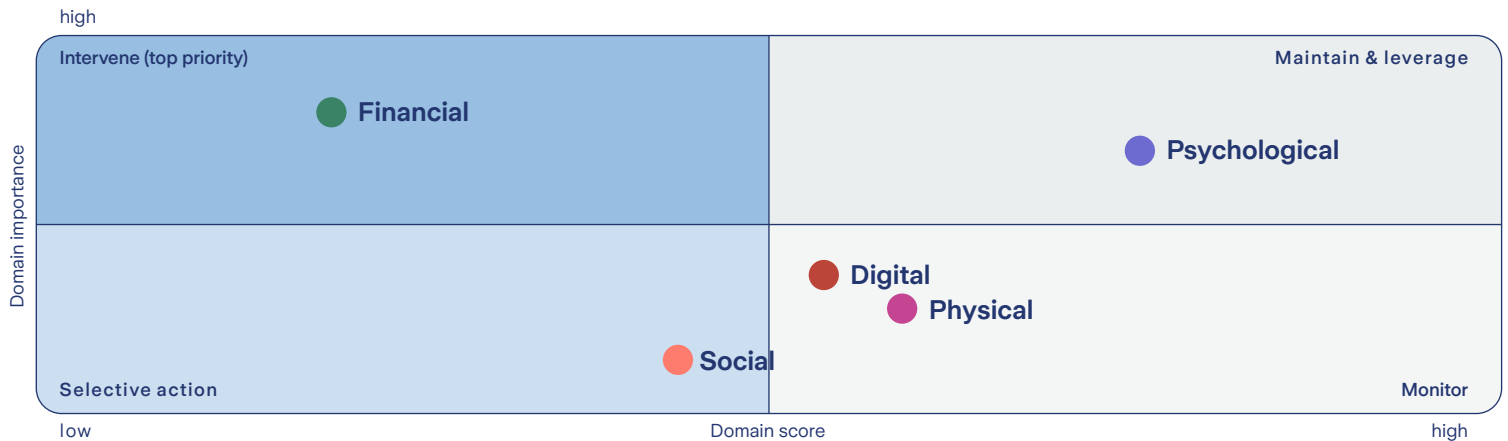


Split by resilience band

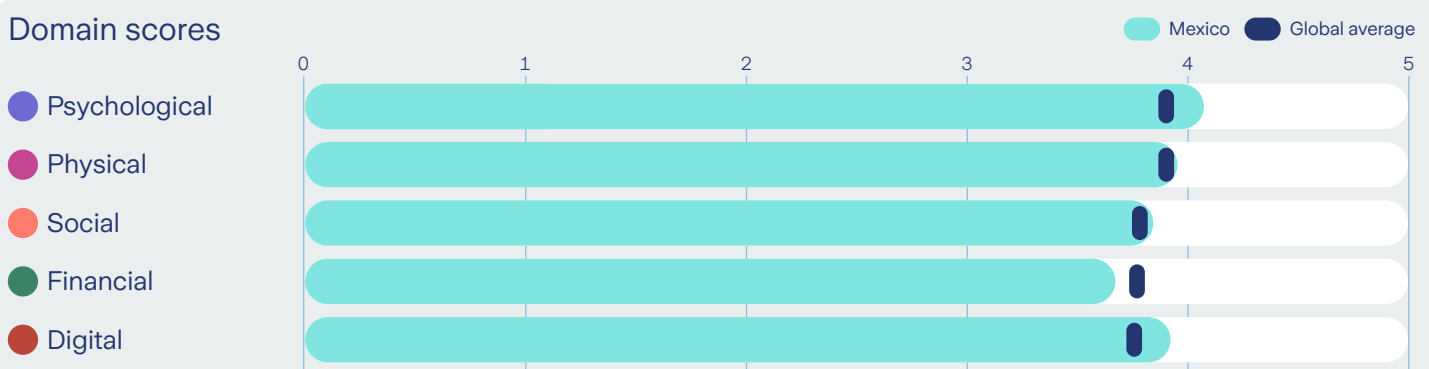
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

89% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 51% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience and scores lowest of all domains.

Social is a soft spot.

It scores among the lowest domains.

How's Mexico looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.39, against 4.01 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Confidence reaching goals and drive to learn new skills score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



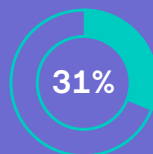
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



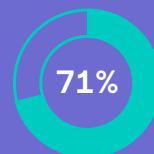
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



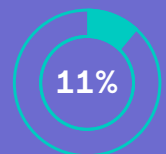
use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Mexico



Build financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Strengthen social connection.

Add peer-support, team trust and community-building programs.



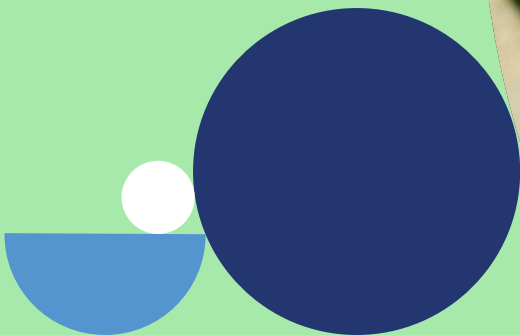
Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

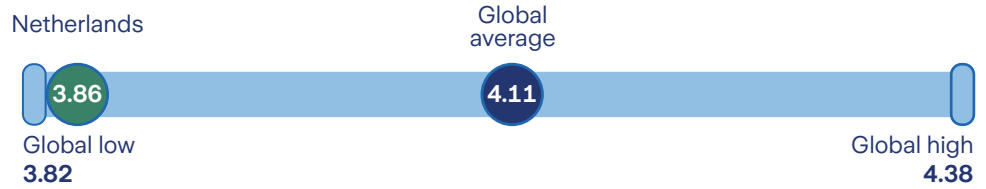
Netherlands

Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness
and digital confidence
are the Netherlands'
key opportunities to
strengthen resilience.

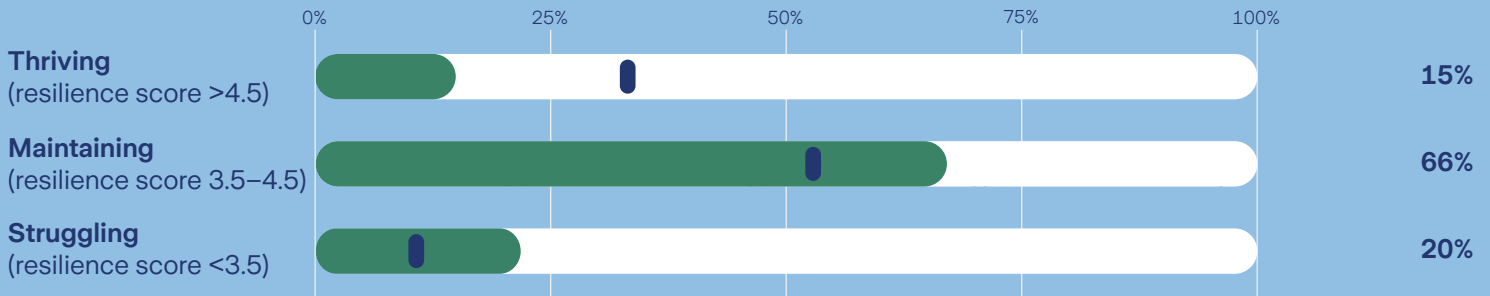


Overall resilience

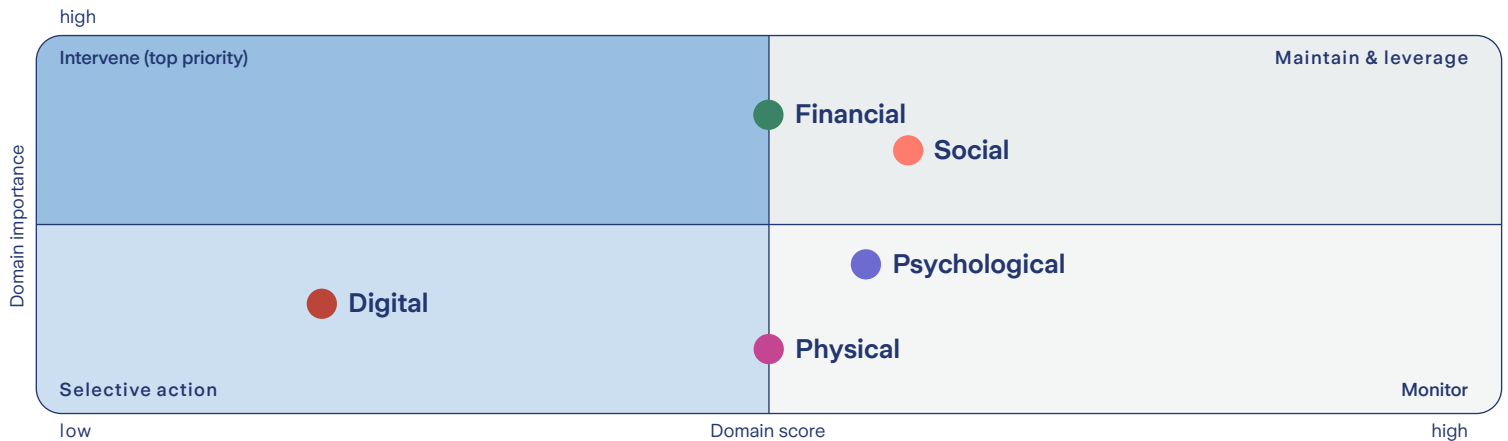


Split by resilience band

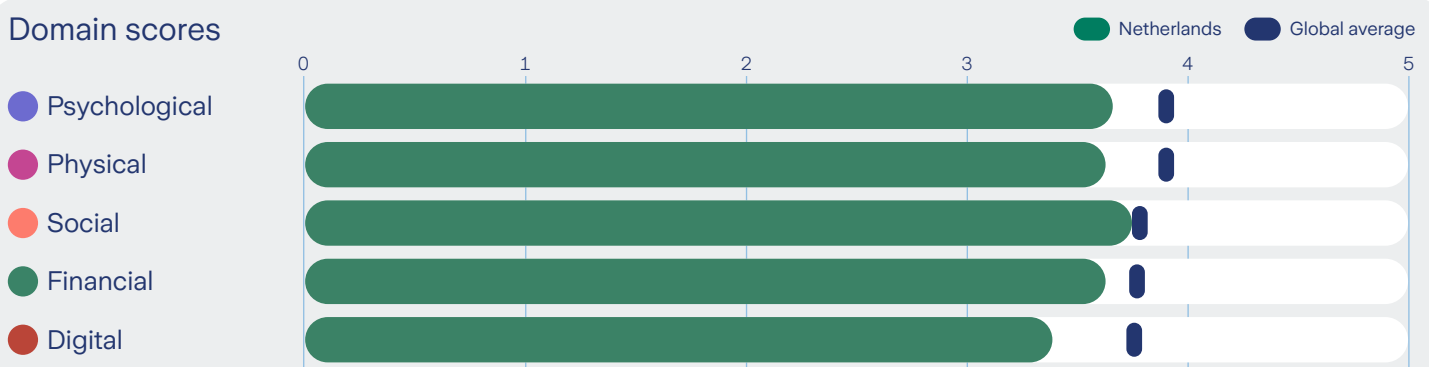
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

86% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 39% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience and scoring among the weaker domains.

Digital is the weakest link.

It scores considerably lower than all other domains.

How's the Netherlands looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.08, against 3.61 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Openness to new things and belief in ability to solve hard problems score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and digital security upkeep score lowest.



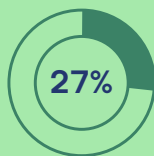
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



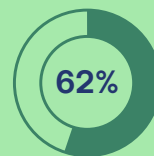
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in the Netherlands



Reinforce financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Strengthen the digital basics.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

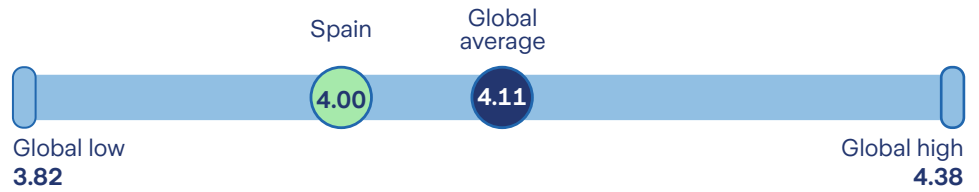
Spain

Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness
and digital confidence
are Spain's key
opportunities to
strengthen resilience.

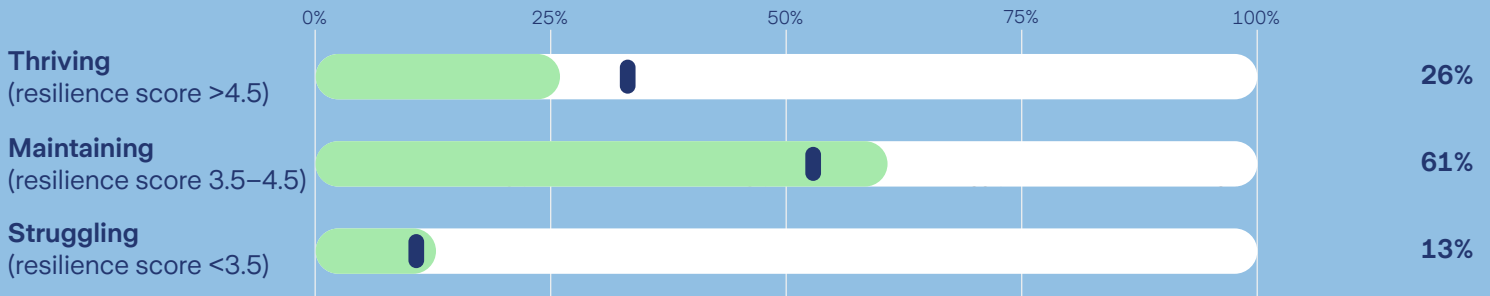


Overall resilience

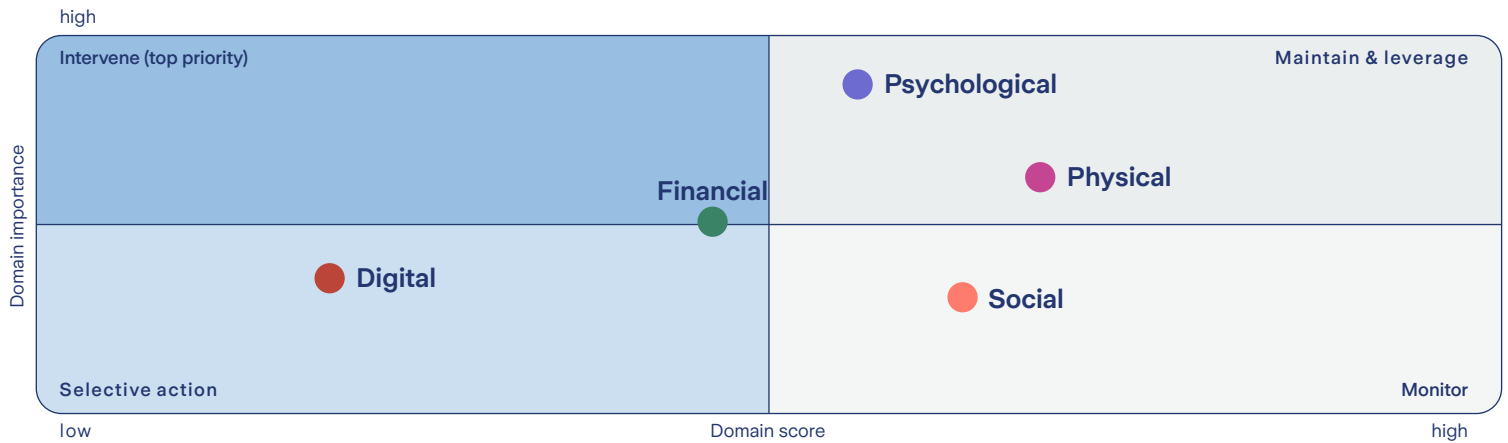


Split by resilience band

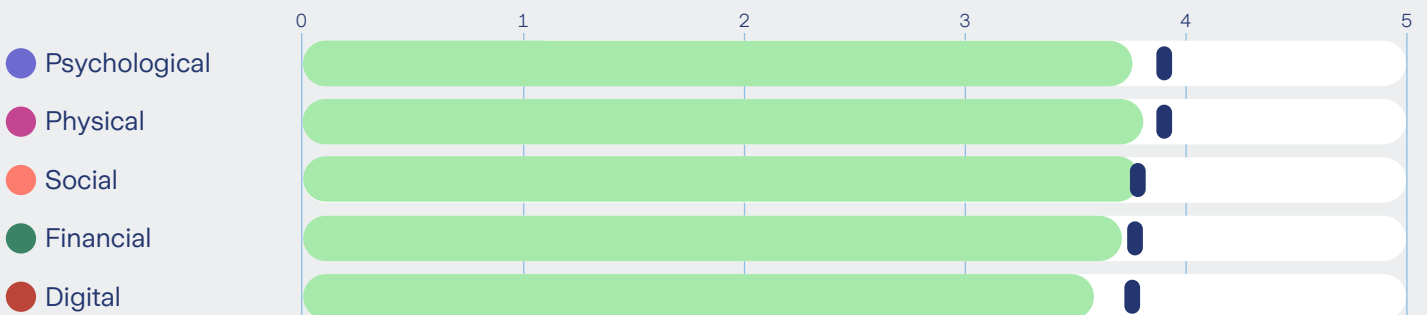
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

90% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 50% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It scores among the weakest domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

Digital is the weakest link.

It scores considerably lower than all other domains.

How's Spain looking?

Education is the sharpest demographic divide

Postgraduates score 4.06, against 3.87 for the least educated.

Highest scoring items

Care to spend within means and ability to re-evaluate approach score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and digital security upkeep score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Spain



Build financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Strengthen the digital basics.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Target the education gap directly.

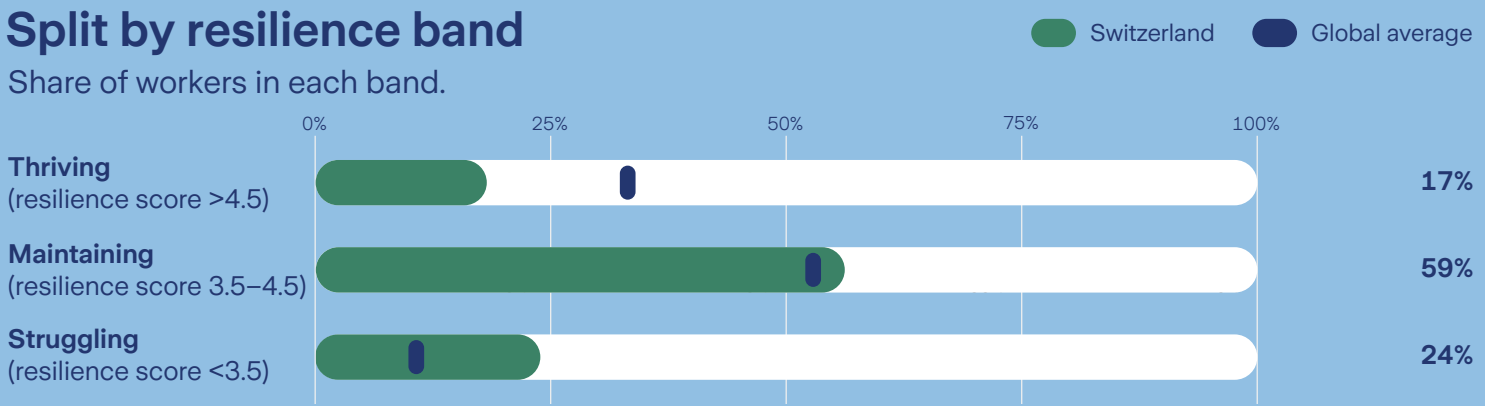
Workers without further education score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

Switzerland

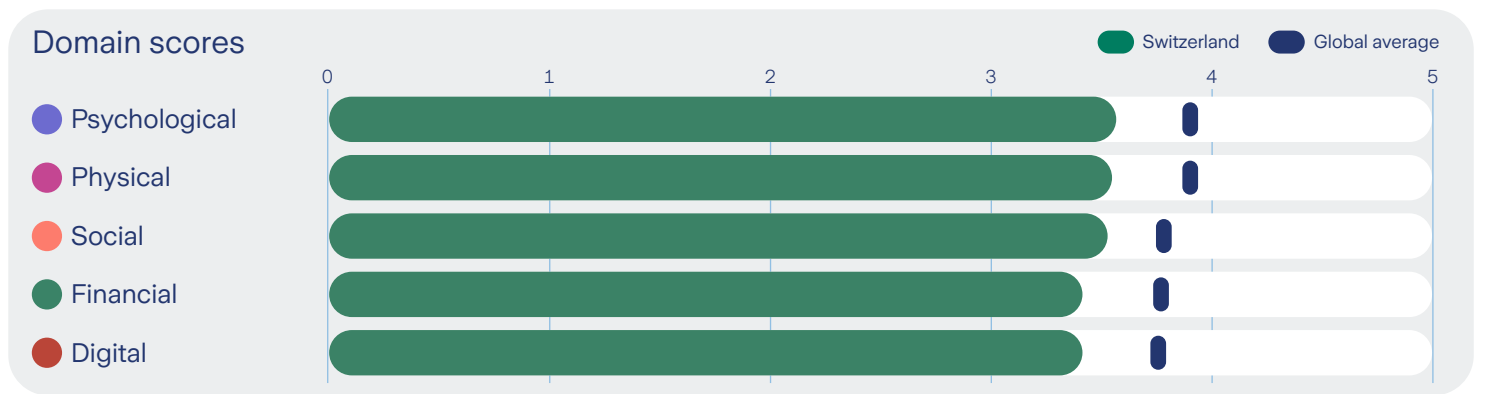
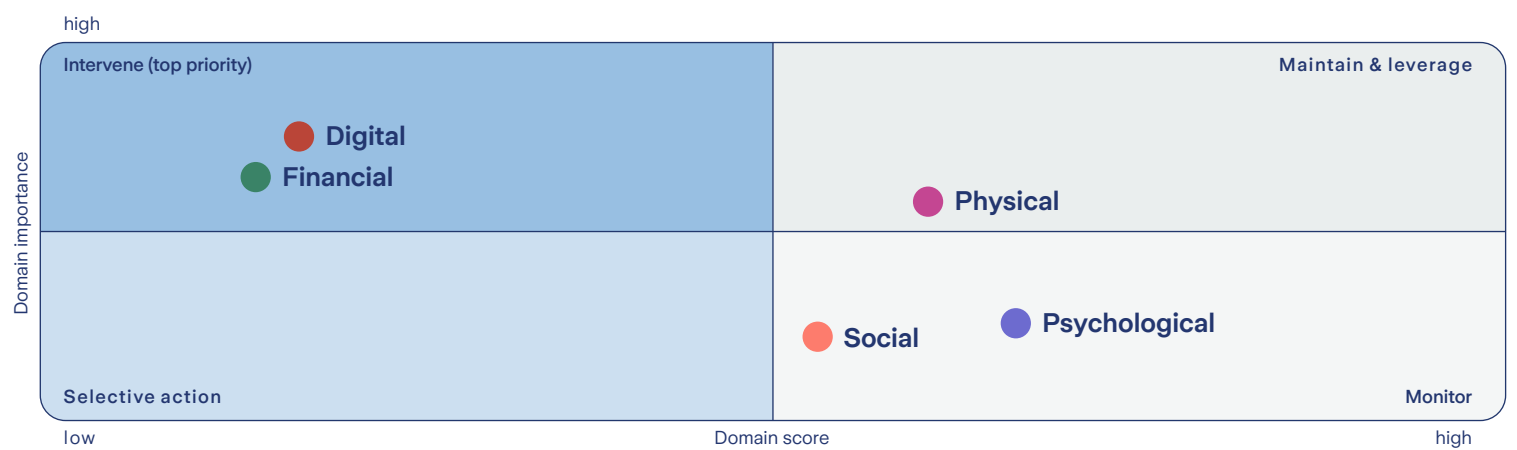
Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are Switzerland's key opportunities to strengthen resilience.





What drives resilience — and where to act



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

74% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 43% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weakest domains.

Financial is the weakest link.

It scores lowest of all domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

How's Switzerland looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.05, against 3.64 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Drive to learn new skills and belief in ability to solve hard problems score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in financial recovery score lowest.



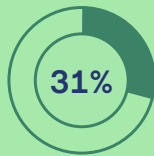
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



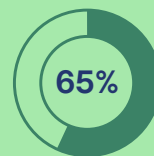
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in Switzerland



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

United Arab Emirates

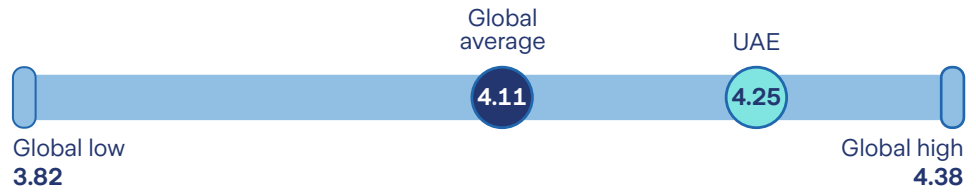
Workforce Resilience Profile

Financial preparedness is the UAE's clearest area to build on, with physical health as the strongest foundation.



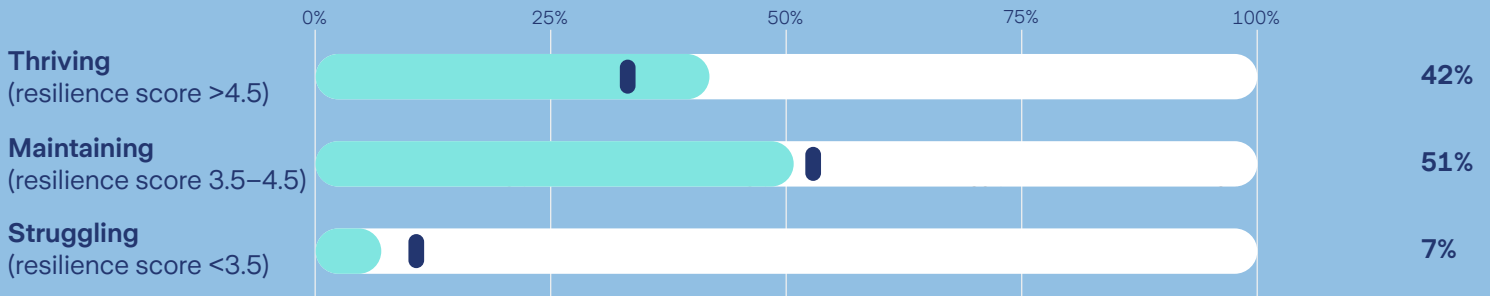
AI generated

Overall resilience

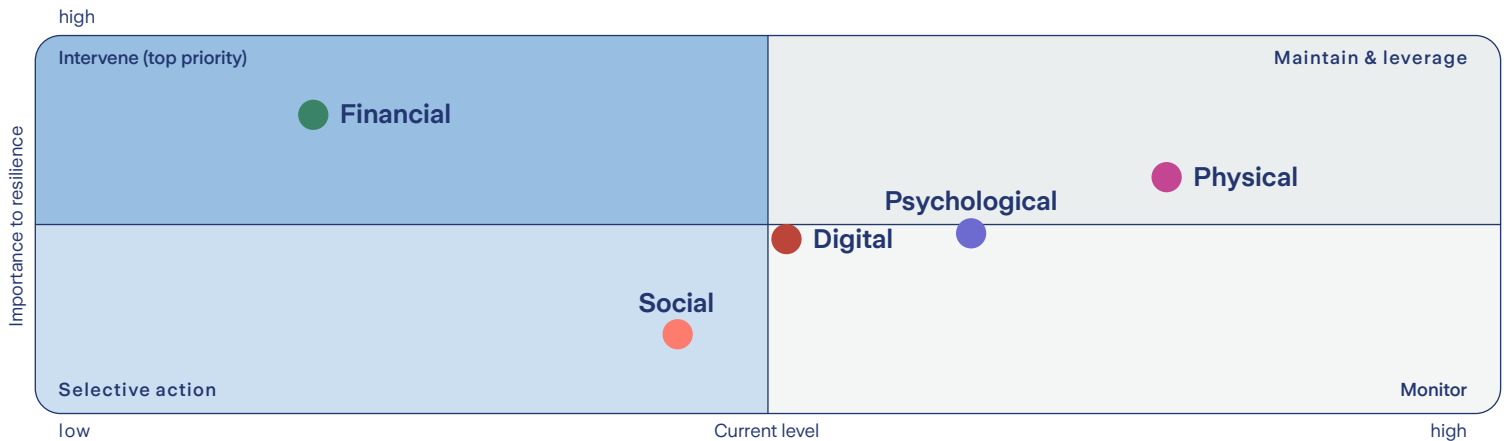


Split by resilience band

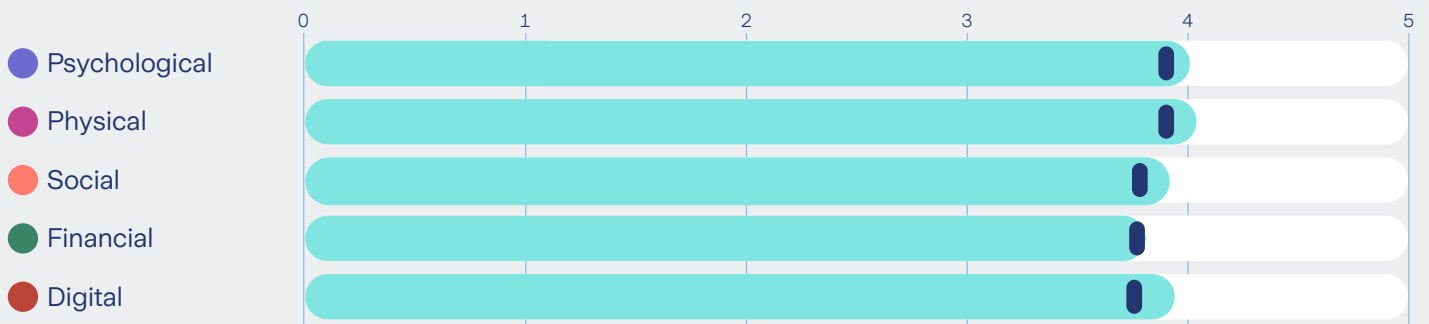
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

86% of UAE workers in the top resilience band (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, against 56% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Financial is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience and scores lowest of all domains.

Physical is a strong force.

It scores highest of all domains and is also a strong driver of overall resilience.

How's the UAE looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.42, against 4.25 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Drive to learn new skills and confidence reaching goals score highest.

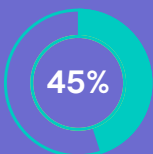
Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and confidence in insurance meeting needs score lowest.



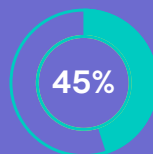
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



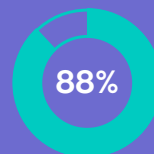
do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



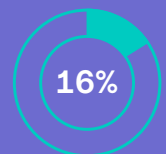
use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Resilience is a workforce capability employers can shape. The recommendations below focus on where UAE employers can make the biggest difference.



Build financial preparedness first.

Prioritize short-term savings support and access to insurance cover to help workers recover financially.



Don't let physical health slide.

Keep rest, nutrition and energy support on the agenda.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

United Kingdom

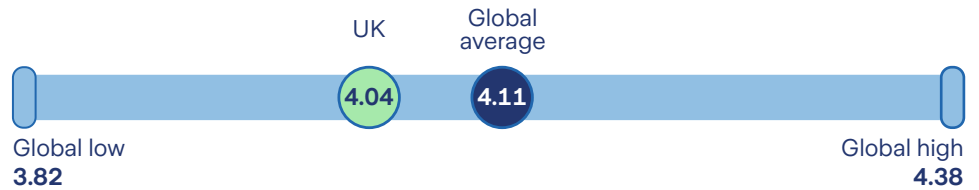
Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are the UK's key opportunities to strengthen resilience.



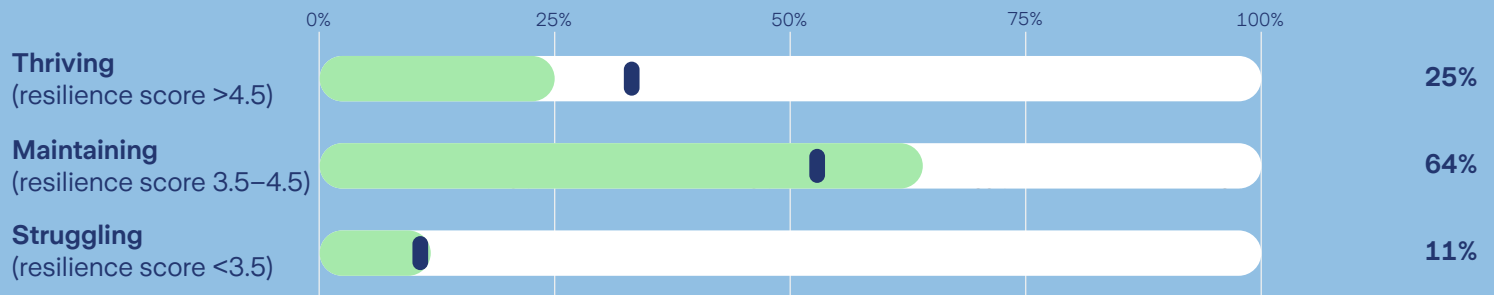
AI generated

Overall resilience

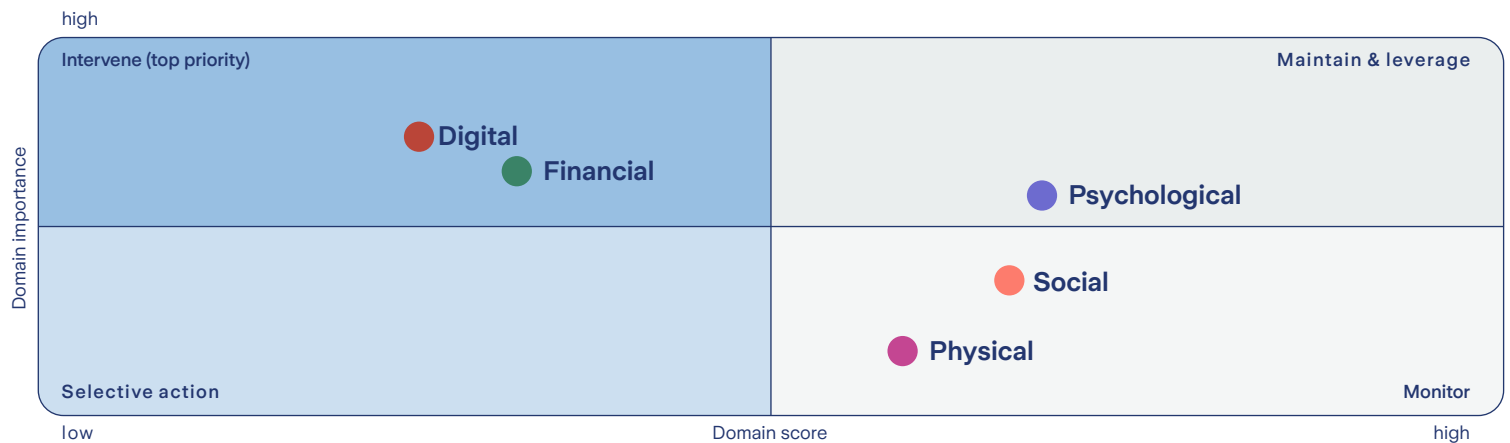


Split by resilience band

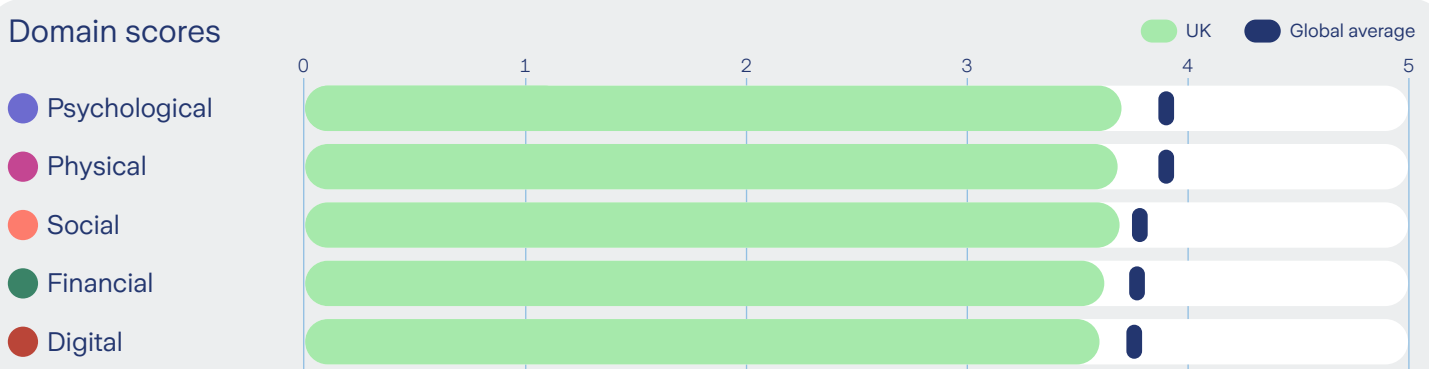
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

88% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 53% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience and scores lowest of all domains.

Financial is another priority for action.

It scores among the lowest domains, while having an important impact on overall resilience.

How's the UK looking?

Income is the sharpest demographic divide

Top earners score 4.19, against 3.92 for the lowest earners.

Highest scoring items

Belief in ability to solve hard problems, seeking creative solutions and openness to new things score highest.

Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and community support score lowest.



Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in the UK



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the income gap directly.

Lower earners score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.

United States

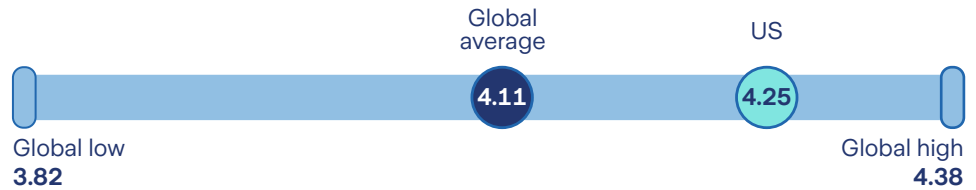
Workforce Resilience Profile

Digital confidence and financial preparedness are the US's key opportunities to strengthen resilience.



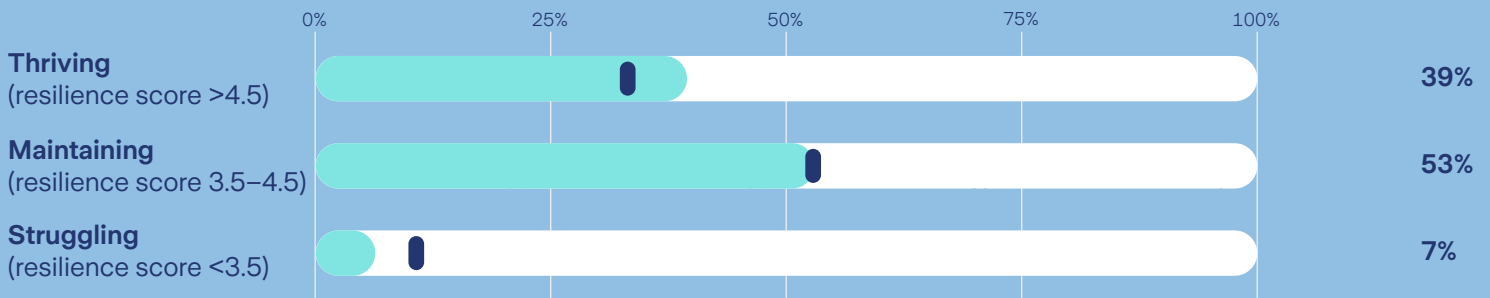
AI generated

Overall resilience

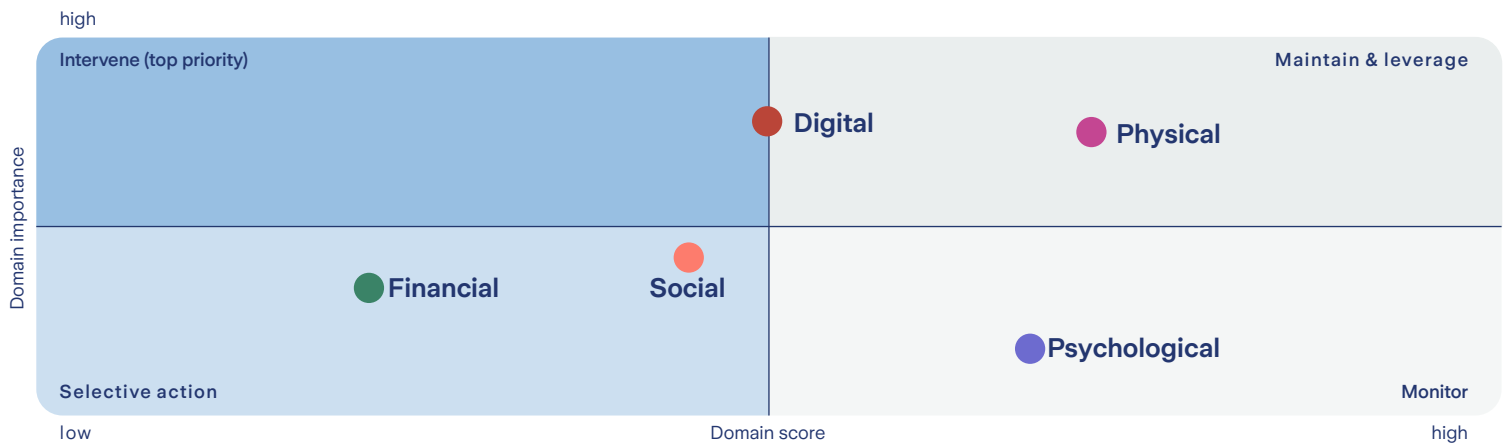


Split by resilience band

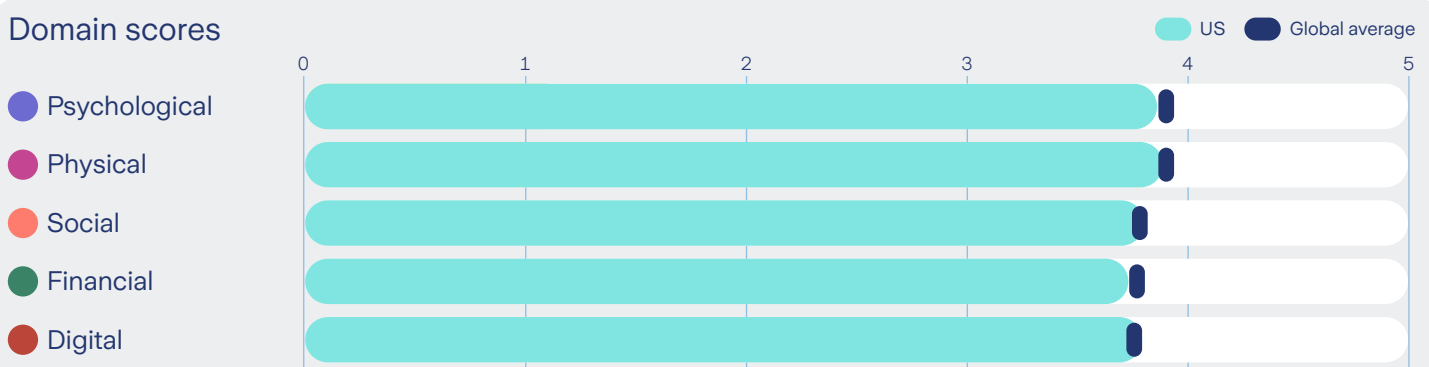
Share of workers in each band.



What drives resilience — and where to act



Domain scores



What this means for businesses and leaders

Resilience pays off at work.

86% of highly resilient employees (score >4.5) report good or excellent performance, compared to just 53% of those with low resilience (score <3.5).

Digital is the clearest opportunity.

It is the strongest driver for overall resilience, yet scores among the weaker domains.

Financial is the weakest link.

It scores considerably lower than all other domains.

How's the US looking?

Education is the sharpest demographic divide

Postgraduates score 4.44, against 4.14 for the least educated.

Highest scoring items

Belief in ability to solve hard problems and creative problem-solving score highest.

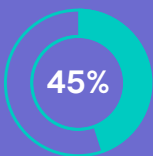
Lowest scoring items

Savings buffer and community support score lowest.



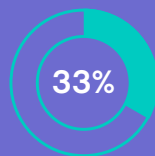
Four emerging catalysts of resilience

Financial resilience



do not have a savings buffer (vs. 49% globally)

Digital fluency



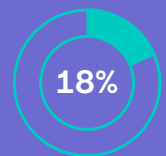
use generative AI daily (vs. 32% globally)

Caregiving



of workers are caregivers (vs. 63% globally)

Sleep



report poor sleep quality (vs. 17% globally)

Forward, into action

Our recommendations for businesses and leaders in the US



Build digital confidence first.

Put digital literacy training and stronger security habits on the agenda.



Strengthen the financial basics.

Short-term savings, financial recovery and insurance cover all need attention.



Target the education gap directly.

Workers without further education score lowest. Target this group, rather than using a one-size-fits-all approach.