



# RITRANSPARENCY REPORT 2020

**Zurich Insurance Group** 





# About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework is a key step in the journey towards building a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment (RI) activities. This RI Transparency Report is one of the key outputs of this Framework. Its primary objective is to enable signatory transparency on RI activities and facilitate dialogue between investors and their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders. A copy of this report will be publicly disclosed for all reporting signatories on the PRI website, ensuring accountability of the PRI Initiative and its signatories.

This report is an export of the individual Signatory organisation's response to the PRI during the 2020 reporting cycle. It includes their responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators the signatory has agreed to make public. The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offers a response option that is multiple-choice, all options that were available to the signatory to select are presented in this report. Presenting the information exactly as reported is a result of signatory feedback which suggested the PRI not summarise the information. As a result, the reports can be extensive. However, to help easily locate information, there is a **Principles index** which highlights where the information can be found and summarises the indicators that signatories complete and disclose.

### Understanding the Principles Index

The Principles Index summarises the response status for the individual indicators and modules and shows how these relate to the six <u>Principles for Responsible Investment</u>. It can be used by stakeholders as an 'at-a-glance' summary of reported information and to identify particular themes or areas of interest.

Indicators can refer to one or more Principles. Some indicators are not specific to any Principle. These are highlighted in the 'General' column. When multiple Principles are covered across numerous indicators, in order to avoid repetition, only the main Principle covered is highlighted.

All indicators within a module are presented below. The status of indicators is shown with the following symbols:

Symbol	Status
✓	The signatory has completed all mandatory parts of this indicator
Ø	The signatory has completed some parts of this indicator
6	This indicator was not relevant for this signatory
-	The signatory did not complete any part of this indicator
Ъ	The signatory has flagged this indicator for internal review

Within the table, indicators marked in blue are mandatory to complete. Indicators marked in grey are voluntary to complete.



# Principles Index



Organisa	sational Overview						Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
OO TG		8	n/a									
00 01	Signatory category and services	<b>✓</b>	Public							✓		
00 02	Headquarters and operational countries	✓	Public							✓		
OO 03	Subsidiaries that are separate PRI signatories	✓	Public							✓		
OO 04	Reporting year and AUM	✓	Public							✓		
OO 05	Breakdown of AUM by asset class	~	Asset mix disclosed in OO 06							<b>✓</b>		
OO 06	How would you like to disclose your asset class mix	✓	Public							✓		
OO 07	Fixed income AUM breakdown	✓	Public							✓		
OO 08	Segregated mandates or pooled funds	✓	Public							✓		
OO 09	Breakdown of AUM by market	✓	Public							✓		
OO 10	Active ownership practices for listed assets	✓	Public							✓		
00 11	ESG incorporation practices for all assets	✓	Public							✓		
00 12	Modules and sections required to complete	✓	Public							✓		
OO LE 01	Breakdown of listed equity investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							✓		
OO LE 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed listed equities	✓	Public							✓		
OO FI 01	Breakdown of fixed income investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							✓		
OO FI 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed fixed income	8	n/a							✓		
OO FI 03	Fixed income breakdown by market and credit quality	✓	Public							✓		
OO SAM 01	Breakdown of externally managed investments by passive and active strategies	✓	Public							<b>✓</b>		
OO PE 01	Breakdown of private equity investments by strategy	8	n/a							✓		
OO PE 02	Typical level of ownership in private equity investments	8	n/a							✓		
00 PR 01	Breakdown of property investments	✓	Public							✓		
OO PR 02	Breakdown of property assets by management	✓	Public							✓		
OO PR 03	Largest property types	✓	Public							✓		
OO INF 01	Breakdown of infrastructure investments	8	n/a							✓		
OO INF 02	Breakdown of infrastructure assets by management	8	n/a							✓		
OO INF 03	Largest infrastructure sectors	8	n/a							✓		
OO HF 01	Breakdown of hedge funds investments by strategies	8	n/a							✓		
OO End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

CCStrate	CCStrategy and Governance							Principle Gener				
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
SG 01	RI policy and coverage	✓	Public							✓		
SG 01 CC	Climate risk	✓	Public							✓		
SG 02	Publicly available RI policy or guidance documents	✓	Public						<b>✓</b>			
SG 03	Conflicts of interest	✓	Public							✓		
SG 04	Identifying incidents occurring within portfolios	✓	Public							✓		
SG 05	RI goals and objectives	✓	Public							✓		
SG 06	Main goals/objectives this year	✓	Public							✓		
SG 07	RI roles and responsibilities	✓	Public							✓		
SG 07 CC	Climate-issues roles and responsibilities	✓	Public							✓		
SG 08	RI in performance management, reward and/or personal development	✓	Public							✓		
SG 09	Collaborative organisations / initiatives	✓	Public				✓	✓				
SG 09.2	Assets managed by PRI signatories	✓	Public	✓								
SG 10	Promoting RI independently	✓	Public				<b>✓</b>					
SG 11	Dialogue with public policy makers or standard setters	✓	Public				✓	✓	✓			
SG 12	Role of investment consultants/fiduciary managers	✓	Public				✓					
SG 13	ESG issues in strategic asset allocation	✓	Public	✓								
SG 13 CC		✓	Public							✓		
SG 14	Long term investment risks and opportunity	✓	Public	~								
SG 14 CC		✓	Public							✓		
SG 15	Allocation of assets to environmental and social themed areas	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
SG 16	ESG issues for internally managed assets not reported in framework	8	n/a							✓		
SG 17	ESG issues for externally managed assets not reported in framework	✓	Public							✓		
SG 18	Innovative features of approach to RI	✓	Public							✓		
SG 19	Communication	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>				<b>✓</b>			
SG End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Indirect -	Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring						Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
SAM 01	ESG incorporation strategies	✓	Public	✓								
SAM 02	Selection processes (LE and FI)	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
SAM 03	Evaluating engagement and voting practices in manager selection (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public		✓							
SAM 04	Appointment processes (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	~								
SAM 05	Monitoring processes (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
SAM 06	Monitoring on active ownership (listed equity/fixed income)	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
SAM 07	Percentage of (proxy) votes	✓	Public		✓							
SAM 08	Percentage of externally managed assets managed by PRI signatories	✓	Public	~								
SAM 09	Examples of ESG issues in selection, appointment and monitoring processes	✓	Public	~					✓			
SAM End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation							Principle				
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6		
LEI 01	Percentage of each incorporation strategy	✓	Public	✓							
LEI 02	Type of ESG information used in investment decision	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 03	Information from engagement and/or voting used in investment decision-making	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	✓							
LEI 05	Processes to ensure screening is based on robust analysis	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 06	Processes to ensure fund criteria are not breached	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 07	Types of sustainability thematic funds/mandates	8	n/a	✓							
LEI 08	Review ESG issues while researching companies/sectors	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 09	Processes to ensure integration is based on robust analysis	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 10	Aspects of analysis ESG information is integrated into	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 11	ESG issues in index construction	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 12	How ESG incorporation has influenced portfolio composition	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI 13	Examples of ESG issues that affected your investment view / performance	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>							
LEI End	Module confirmation page	✓	-								



Direct - L	Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership						Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
LEA 01	Description of approach to engagement	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 02	Reasoning for interaction on ESG issues	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>						
LEA 03	Process for identifying and prioritising engagement activities	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 04	Objectives for engagement activities	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 05	Process for identifying and prioritising collaborative engagement	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 06	Role in engagement process	✓	Public		✓		✓					
LEA 07	Share insights from engagements with internal/external managers	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>	✓							
LEA 08	Tracking number of engagements	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 09	Number of companies engaged with, intensity of engagement and effort	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 10	Engagement methods	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 11	Examples of ESG engagements	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 12	Typical approach to (proxy) voting decisions	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 13	Percentage of voting recommendations reviewed	8	n/a		✓							
LEA 14	Securities lending programme	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 15	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 16	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 17	Percentage of (proxy) votes cast	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 18	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 19	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	✓	Public		✓							
LEA 20	Shareholder resolutions	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>							
LEA 21	Examples of (proxy) voting activities	✓	Public		✓							
LEA End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Direct - I	Direct - Fixed Income							Principle				
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6			
FI 01	Incorporation strategies applied	✓	Public	✓								
FI 02	ESG issues and issuer research	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 03	Processes to ensure analysis is robust	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 05	Examples of ESG factors in screening process	1	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 06	Screening - ensuring criteria are met	✓	Public	✓								
FI 07	Thematic investing - overview	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 08	Thematic investing - themed bond processes	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 09	Thematic investing - assessing impact	✓	Public	✓								
FI 10	Integration overview	✓	Public	✓								
FI 11	Integration - ESG information in investment processes	1	Public	<b>✓</b>								
FI 12	Integration - E,S and G issues reviewed	✓	Public	✓								
FI 13	ESG incorporation in passive funds	✓	Public	✓								
FI 14	Engagement overview and coverage	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>							
FI 15	Engagement method	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>	✓							
FI 16	Engagement policy disclosure	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>	✓							
FI 17	Financial/ESG performance	✓	Public							✓		
FI 18	Examples - ESG incorporation or engagement	1	Public	<b>✓</b>	✓							
FI End	Module confirmation page	✓	-									

Direct -	Direct - Property							Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6				
PR 01	Responsible Property Investment (RPI) policy	✓	Public	✓					✓				
PR 02	Fund placement documents and RI	8	n/a	✓			✓		✓				
PR 03	Formal commitments to RI	8	n/a				<b>✓</b>						
PR 04	Incorporating ESG issues when selecting investments	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>									
PR 05	Types of ESG information considered in investment selection	✓	Public	<b>✓</b>		✓							
PR 06	ESG issues impact in selection process	✓	Public	✓									
PR 07	ESG issues in selection, appointment and monitoring of third-party property managers	✓	Public				~						
PR 08	ESG issues in post-investment activities	✓	Public		✓								
PR 09	Proportion of assets with ESG targets that were set and monitored	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>							
PR 10	Certification schemes, ratings and benchmarks	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>								
PR 11	Proportion of developments and refurbishments where ESG issues were considered	✓	Public		~								
PR 12	Proportion of property occupiers that were engaged with	✓	Public		<b>✓</b>								
PR 13	Proportion of green leases or MOUs referencing ESG issues	✓	Public		✓								
PR 14	Proportion of assets engaged with on community issues	8	n/a		<b>✓</b>								
PR 15	ESG issues affected financial/ESG performance	✓	Public	~	✓								
PR 16	Examples of ESG issues that affected your property investments	✓	Public	~		<b>✓</b>							
PR End	Module confirmation page	✓	-										

Confider	Confidence building measures							Principle					
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6				
CM1 01	Assurance, verification, or review	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 02	Assurance of last year`s PRI data	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 03	Other confidence building measures	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 04	Assurance of this year`s PRI data	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 05	External assurance	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 06	Assurance or internal audit	8	n/a							✓			
CM1 07	Internal verification	✓	Public							✓			
CM1 01 End	Module confirmation page	✓	-										



# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Organisational Overview

## PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



## **Basic information** 00 01 **Mandatory Public Gateway/Peering** General Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide. 00 01.1 O Non-corporate pension or superannuation or retirement or provident fund or plan O Corporate pension or superannuation or retirement or provident fund or plan Insurance company Foundation O Endowment O Development finance institution O Reserve - sovereign or government controlled fund O Family office Other, specify

Zurich is a leading multi-line insurer that serves its customers in global and local markets. With about 55,000 employees, it provides a wide range of property and casualty, and life insurance products and services in more than 215 countries and territories. Zurich's customers include individuals, small businesses, and mid-sized and large companies, as well as multinational corporations.

Additional information. [Optional]

00 0	2	Man	datory	Public	Peering	General
	00 02	.1	Select the location of your organisa	tion's headquarters		
	Switze	rland				
	00 02	.2	Indicate the number of countries in	which you have off	ices (including your headquarters	).
	01					
	○ 2-5					
	O 6-10	)				
	<b>⊚</b> >10					
	00 02	.3	Indicate the approximate number of	staff in your organ	isation in full-time equivalents (F)	TE).
			FTE			
	620					



00 01.3

OO 02.4

Additional information. [Optional]

FTE figure comprises Zurich's Investment Management organization, i.e., all staff with line reporting into the Group Chief Investment Officer.

OO 03 **Mandatory Public Descriptive** General Indicate whether you have subsidiaries within your organisation that are also PRI signatories in 00 03.1 their own right. O Yes No **OO 04 Mandatory Public Gateway/Peering** General 00 04.1 Indicate the year end date for your reporting year. 31/12/2019 00 04.2 Indicate your total AUM at the end of your reporting year.

Include the AUM of subsidiaries, but exclude advisory/execution only assets, and exclude the assets of your PRI signatory subsidiaries that you have chosen not to report on in OO 03.2

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		204	803	077	832
Currency	USD				
Assets in USD		204	803	077	832

☐ Not applicable as we are in the fund-raising process

OO 04.5 Additional information. [Optional]

Starting in 2017, assets under management comprise the investment portfolio calculated on a market basis (previously on a book value basis), and differs from the total Group investments reported in the consolidated financial statements, which is calculated on an accounting basis and doesn't include cash and cash equivalents.

OO 06.1 Select how you would like to disclose your asset class mix.

O as percentage breakdown

as broad ranges

Internally managed (%) Externally managed (%)



Listed equity	<10%	<10%
Fixed income	10-50%	>50%
Private equity	0	<10%
Property	<10%	<10%
Infrastructure	0	0
Commodities	0	0
Hedge funds	0	0
Fund of hedge funds	0	<10%
Forestry	0	0
Farmland	0	0
Inclusive finance	0	0
Cash	<10%	<10%
Money market instruments	0	0
Other (1), specify	<10%	0
Other (2), specify	0	0

Other (1) specified

Mortgages

OO 06.2 Publish asset class mix as per attached image [Optional].

OO 06.3 Indicate whether your organisation has any o

○ Yes

No



OO 06.5

Indicate whether your organisation uses fiduciary managers.

- O Yes, we use a fiduciary manager and our response to OO 5.1 is reflective of their management of our assets.
- No, we do not use fiduciary managers.

00 06.6

Provide contextual information on your AUM asset class split. [Optional]

Private equity and hedge funds: Zurich invests in private equity predominantly through a selection of third-party private equity fund managers. Zurich manages only a relatively small amount of direct private equity investments made either through co-investments (in-scope for environmental, social and governance or 'ESG' integration - see OO 11.4 for further details) or as part of 'legacy' portfolios (out-of-scope for ESG integration). The same strategy applies for hedge funds.

Real estate: in a selected number of instances, real estate portfolios are managed by external asset managers. In such cases, the same processes apply as described in SAM 02.5.

OO 07  Mandatory to Disclose			ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Gateway	General
	00 07	.1	Provide to the nearest 5% the percoreporting year, using the following of		of your Fixed Income AUM at the	end of your

Internally	SS	A			
managed	60				
	Cor	porate (financial)			
	10				
	Cor	porate (non-finar	ncial)		
	30				
		uritised			
	0				
	Tot	al			
	100%				
Externally managed	SSA	A			
	35				
	Cor	porate (financial)			
	15				
	Cor	porate (non-finar	ncial)		
	35				
		uritised			
	15				
	Tot	al			
	100%				
OO 08	Mandatory to Report V	oluntary to	Public	Peering	General

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

**Disclose** 

Asset class breakdown	Segregated mandate(s)	Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	Total of the asset class (each row adds up to 100%)
[a] Listed equity	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>● 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[b] Fixed income - SSA	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>⑨ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>● 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[c] Fixed income – Corporate (financial)	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>● 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[d] Fixed income – Corporate (non-financial)	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>● &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[e] Fixed income – Securitised	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>0%</li><li>&lt;10%</li><li>10-50%</li><li>&gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[f] Private equity	<ul><li>● 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[g] Property	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>● 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%
[j] Fund of hedge funds	<ul><li>● 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>○ &gt;50 %</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ 0%</li><li>○ &lt;10%</li><li>○ 10-50%</li><li>● &gt;50 %</li></ul>	100%

[n] Cash	O 0%	<ul><li>0%</li></ul>	
	○ <10%	○ <10%	100%
	○ 10-50%	○ 10-50%	
	<b>⊚</b> >50 %	○ >50 %	

OO 08.2 Additional information. [Optional]

The information provided above is based on assumptions and expert judgment. Data about the split between segregated mandates and pooled funds is not systematically collected for all asset classes listed above. Zurich invests in private equity and hedge funds predominantly through a selection of third-party fund managers, whereas segregated mandates dominate in almost all other asset classes.

OO 09.1 Indicate the breakdown of your organisation's AUM by market.	
Developed Markets	
93	
Emerging Markets	
6.1	
Frontier Markets	
0.2	
Other Markets	
0.7	
Total 100%	
100%	
Asset class implementation gateway indicators	
	eral
OO 10.1 Select the active ownership activities your organisation implemented in the reporting year.	

	Listed equity – engagement
☑ We enga	age with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We requ	ire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
□ We do n	ot engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors.
	Listed equity – voting
☑ We cast	our (proxy) votes directly or via dedicated voting providers
☑ We requ	ire our external managers to vote on our behalf.
□ We do n	ot cast our (proxy) votes directly and do not require external managers to vote on our behalf
	Fixed income SSA – engagement
☑ We er	ngage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We re	quire our external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors on our behalf.
	o not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on tors. Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (financial) – engagement
☑ We er	ngage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
	o not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (non-financial) – engagement
☑ We er	ngage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
☑ We re	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Fixed income Corporate (securitised) – engagement
□ We er	ngage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.
□ We re	quire our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.
	not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG Please explain why you do not.
	Please explain why you do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors.

OO 11 Mandatory Public Gateway General

Securitized assets are not in scope for our ESG integration policy (see OO 11.4), which forms the basis of



our active ownership strategy.

00 11.1

Select the internally managed asset classes in which you addressed ESG incorporation into your investment decisions and/or your active ownership practices (during the reporting year).

#### Listed equity

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Fixed income - SSA

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Fixed income - corporate (financial)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Fixed income - corporate (non-financial)

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### **Property**

- We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Cash

- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$  We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Other (1)

- O We address ESG incorporation.
- We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Other (1)` [as defined in OO 05]

#### Mortgages

00 11.2

Select the externally managed assets classes in which you and/or your investment consultants address ESG incorporation in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes.



Asset class	ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
Listed equity	
	Listed equity - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - SSA	
	Fixed income - SSA - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - corporate	
financial)	Fixed income - corporate (financial) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	$\square$ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - corporate	
(non-financial)	Fixed income - corporate (non-financial) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	$\square$ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - securitised	
	Fixed income - securitised - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	$\hfill \square$ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	$\hfill \square$ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation
	1



	Drivate equity. ESC incorporation addressed in your external manager
	Private equity - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Property	
	Property - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☐ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fund of hedge funds	
	Fund of hedge funds - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☐ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation
Cash	
	Cash - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☐ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	☑ We do not do ESG incorporation

00 11.3b

If your organisation does not integrate ESG factors into investment decisions on your externally managed assets, explain why not.

See OO 11.4

00 11.4

Provide a brief description of how your organisation includes responsible investment considerations in your investment manager selection, appointment and monitoring processes.

The following asset classes are currently excluded from ESG integration:

Sovereign, supranational and agency (SSA) securities: disciplined asset/liability management (ALM) practices
and, in some cases, insurance regulation, require Zurich to hold substantial amounts of minimum-risk assets
denominated in local currency to back local liabilities. (See SG 13.3 for further details). Zurich does not
manage any multi-currency sovereign bonds, or SSA portfolios, which would allow ESG factors to influence



issuer selection. However, municipal credit is in scope for ESG integration and SSA securities are in scope for our impact investing strategy.

- Asset-backed securities: Zurich has found no evidence that ESG factors are a relevant factor in risk and return for this asset class. However, covered bonds are in scope for our impact investing strategy.
- Hedge funds: Zurich believes that the bulk of hedge fund strategies do not lend themselves to ESG integration
  practices. However, there is a very well-established process in place to evaluate governance at the fund
  manager level.
- Money market funds and cash, as well as mortgages and certain legacy investments (no further investment decision to be made).
- For index or quantitative ('quant') mandates, active ownership practices are the only applicable element of ESG integration. Where ownership of voting rights lies with a fund vehicle over which Zurich has no control, active proxy voting is not applicable.

Zurich strives to fully reflect the four basic requirements for successful ESG integration (see SG 01.5 for a description of how Zurich looks at ESG integration) in its asset manager life cycle process for all in-scope assets.

#### Manager selection

A set of responsible investment questions is included the request for information (RFI) and request for proposal (RFP) questionnaires, and is included in evaluations with an explicit weighting. The manager selection and responsible investment teams work together to determine the appropriate weight on a case-by-case basis and in evaluating the responses.

#### Manager appointment

Zurich expects its asset managers to reflect the four basic requirements of ESG integration in their investment approach. To formally express these expectations, Zurich has started to include appropriate language in investment management agreements (IMA).

#### Manager review

Zurich uses various elements to formally integrate responsible investment practices into the monitoring process of external asset managers.

Find a more detailed description of the approach mentioned above in SAM 02.5. Note that different processes are followed for private equity, described in SAM 02, SAM 04 and SAM 05.

00 12	OO 12 Manda		datory	Public	Gateway	General	
	00 12.1		Below are all applicable modules or sections you may report on. Those which are mandatory to report (asset classes representing 10% or more of your AUM) are already ticked and read-only. Those which are voluntary to report on can be opted into by ticking the box.				
	Core modules						
	☑ (	Organis	sational Overview				
	☑ Strategy and Governance						
			RI implementation directly or via s	service providers			
			Direct - Listed Equity incorporat	iion			



☑ Listed Equity incorporation

Direct - Listed Equity active ownership ☑ (Proxy) voting ☑ Fixed income - SSA ☑ Fixed income - Corporate (financial) ☑ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial) ☑ Property RI implementation via external managers Indirect - Selection, Appointment and Monitoring of External Managers ☑ Listed Equities ☑ Fixed income - SSA ☑ Fixed income - Corporate (financial) ☑ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial) ☑ Private Equity ☐ Property Closing module ☑ Closing module

na

00 12.2

OO LE

01.1

#### 

(quant), active - fundamental and active - other strategies.

Provide a breakdown of your internally managed listed equities by passive, active - quantitative

Percentage of internally managed listed equities

PRII Principles for Responsible Investment

Passive

0.3

Active - quantitative (quant)

00

Active - fundamental and active - other

99.7

Total

OO LE 02 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Gateway

OO LE 02.1 For strategies that account for less than 10% of your internally managed listed equities, indicate if you would still like to report your activities.

#### Report on strategy

Passive strategies

Yes

 $\bigcirc$  No

OO FI 01 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Gateway General

OO FI 01.1

Provide a breakdown of your internally managed fixed income securities by active and passive strategies



General

SSA		Passive
	9	
		Active - quantitative (quant)
	0	
		Active - fundamental and active - other
	91	
		Total
	100%	
Corporate (financial)		Passive
, ,	7	
		Active - quantitative (quant)
	00	Active quantitative (quant)
	93	Active - fundamental and active - other
	33	
		Total
	100%	
Corporate (non- financial)		Passive
aiiolaij	0	
		Active - quantitative (quant)
	0	
		Active - fundamental and active - other
	100	
		Total
	100%	
	l	

OO FI 01.2 Additional information

Note that SSA securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Other references made to SSA securities in this section refer to Zurich's dedicated green bond mandate (see also SG 18.2).

OO FI 03 Mandatory Public Descriptive General

Update: this indicator has changed from "Mandatory to report, voluntary to disclose" to "Mandatory". Your response to this indicator will be published in the Public Transparency Report. This change is to enable improved analysis and peering.

OO FI 03.1

Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your SSA investments, by developed markets and emerging markets.

SSA		
		Developed markets
	95	
		Emerging markets
	5	
		Total
	100%	

OO FI 03.2

Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your corporate and securitised investments by investment grade or high-yield securities.

Type Investment grade (+/- 5%) High-yield (+/- 5%) Total internally man	
Corporate (financial)	
○ 10-50% ○ 10-50% <b>100%</b>	
○ <10%	
0 0%	
Corporate (non-financial)	
○ 10-50% ○ 10-50% <b>100%</b>	
○ <10%	
0%	



OO FI 03.3

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies.

If you are invested in private debt and reporting on ratings is not relevant for you, please indicate

□ OO FI 03.2 is not applicable as our internally managed fixed income assets are invested only in private debt.

OO SAI	M 01		ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Gateway	General
	OO SA 01.1	.M	Provide a breakdown of your extern active quant and, active fundament	· ·		issive,

Listed equity (LE)	
	Passive
	37
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	29
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	34
	100%
Fixed income - SSA	
	Passive
	39
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	61
	100%
Fixed income - Corporate (financial)	Passive
	3
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	97
	100%
Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)	Passive
	2
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	O

	Active - fundamental and active - other  98 100%
Fixed income - Securitised	
Fixed income - Securitised	Passive
	18
	Active - quantitative (quant)
	0
	Active - fundamental and active - other
	82
	100%

OO PR 01	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	General

00 PR 01.1

Indicate the level of ownership you typically hold in your property investments.

- a majority stake (50% and above)
- O a significant minority stake (10 and above, and under 50%)
- a limited minority stake (<10%)
- $\bigcirc$  a mix of ownership stakes
- O N/A, we manage properties, new constructions and/or refurbishments on behalf of our clients, but do not hold equity in property on their behalf

00 PR 01.2 Provide a breakdown of your organisations allocation to Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) or similar

- >50%
- 10 50%
- **●** <10%
- 0%



OO PR 01.3

#### Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich is a core real estate investor with the objective of achieving long-term, stable cash flows. The global real estate strategy focuses on direct, unlevered, full-ownership investments in the most liquid parts of the market. Zurich's real estate total portfolio consists of over 604 assets around the globe, valued at roughly USD 14.7 billion. Most of these assets are located in Europe, with large portfolios in Switzerland, Germany, Austria and Spain. The largest portfolio outside Europe is in the U.S., with roughly 15 percent of the entire real estate exposure.

The portfolio and asset management for Zurich's global real estate portfolio is conducted locally, predominantly through in-house asset management teams. Only a small proportion of real estate assets is managed by external asset managers or allocated to third-party REITs. In contrast to asset management, property management is predominantly outsourced to local experts and clearly separated from asset and portfolio management.

Note that information provided as part of this module (OO PR) refers to our total real estate exposure. This includes our own-use real estate assets, REITs and assets managed by external asset managers.

OO PR 02 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Public Disclose	Gateway General
-----------------------------------------------------------	-----------------

00 PR 02.1

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's property assets based on who manages the assets.

Property assets managed by	Breakdown of your property assets (by number)
Managed directly by your organisation	○ >50%
	O 10-50%
	<b>o</b> <10%
	○ 0%
Managed via third-party property managers appointed by you	● >50%
	○ 10-50%
	O <10%
	○ 0%
Managed by other investors or their property managers	○ >50%
	○ 10-50%
	<b>o</b> <10%
	○ 0%
Managed by tenant(s) with operational control	○ > 50%
	○ 10-50%
	<b>o</b> < 10%
	○ 0%



OO PR 02.2

03.1

We recognize the benefits of having knowledgeable property managers collaborate with us to improve the ESG standard of our properties. We aim to work with the best in the industry, so that we can leverage their expertise and knowledge about sustainability. This means having policies and practices for choosing the right property managers whose sustainabilitygoals are similar to our goals in this respect.

OO PR 03		ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Descriptive	General
00 P	R	Indicate up to three of your largest	property types by A	AUM.	

Types	Main property types (by AUM)
Largest property type	○ Industrial
	○ Retail
	<ul><li>Office</li></ul>
	○ Residential
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify
Second largest property type	○ Industrial
	○ Retail
	○ Office
	<ul><li>Residential</li></ul>
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify
Third largest property type	O Industrial
	Retail
	○ Office
	○ Residential
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	O Mixed use
	Other, specify



OO PR 03.2

Additional information

Our real estate strategy is to invest in core and core plus properties. We invest in core markets, core location and in core buildings. Our portfolio is composed mainly of quality office buildings (52.6%), followed by residential (28.2%) and retail (5.4%) properties.



# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Strategy and Governance

## PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



#### **Investment policy**

SG 01 Mandatory Public Core Assessed General

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 01.1

Indicate if you have an investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach.

Yes

SG 01.2

Indicate the components/types and coverage of your policy.

#### Select all that apply

Policy components/types	Coverage by AUM
☑ Policy setting out your overall approach	Applicable policies cover all AUM
☐ Formalised guidelines on environmental factors	O Applicable policies cover a majority of AUM
☐ Formalised guidelines on social factors	O Applicable policies cover a minority of AUM
$\hfill\Box$ Formalised guidelines on corporate governance factors	
☐ Fiduciary (or equivalent) duties	
☑ Asset class-specific RI guidelines	
☐ Sector specific RI guidelines	
☑ Screening / exclusions policy	
☑ Engagement policy	
☑ (Proxy) voting policy	
☑ Other, specify (1)	
Investment philosophy	
☐ Other, specify(2)	



SG 01.3	Indicate if the investment policy covers any of the	he following
---------	-----------------------------------------------------	--------------

$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments
$ec{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$
☑ Time horizon of your investment
☑ Governance structure of organisational ESG responsibilities
☑ ESG incorporation approaches
☑ Active ownership approaches
□ Reporting
☑ Climate change
☐ Understanding and incorporating client / beneficiary sustainability preferences
☐ Other RI considerations, specify (1)
☐ Other RI considerations, specify (2)

SG 01.4

Describe your organisation's investment principles and overall investment strategy, interpretation of fiduciary (or equivalent) duties, and how they consider ESG factors and real economy impact.

Zurich's responsible investment strategy comprises three elements, which are integrated into the overall investment approach:

- 1. ESG integration
- 2. Impact investing
- 3. Advancing together

See SG 01.5 below for a more detailed description of these key elements.

SG 01.5

Provide a brief description of the key elements, any variations or exceptions to your investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach. [Optional]

Responsible investment means different things to different people. A clear understanding of Zurich's sustainability approach is the starting point for defining our approach to responsible investment. At Zurich, sustainability is about how we conduct our business and is an integral part of the Group's strategy. It is about sustainable value creation, as set out in our code of conduct:

- · Creating value for customers, shareholders, employees and society
- Proactively addressing ESG issues
- Focusing on long-term success over short-term gains

We aim to create sustainable value by focusing on what we do best and making use of our core skills in insurance, risk management and investment. Our sustainability approach focuses on our role in society, investing our Group assets responsibly and working with our corporate customers to help them understand and manage their sustainability risks. Responsible investment is thus about managing the overall portfolio of assets to create sustainable value or, in other words, to do well and do good. 'Well' in this regard means generating superior risk-adjusted returns for the direct benefit of Zurich's policyholders and shareholders, and 'good' refers to generating positive impact for the benefit of society and the communities in which we live and work.

Responsible investment forms a key element of Zurich's investment philosophy and comprises three elements:

1. ESG integration: Proactively integrating ESG factors into the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - supports us in 'doing well' and in achieving our mission to generate superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

Successful ESG integration is based on:

- adequate training to help investment decision-makers understand the relevance of ESG factors
- · access to data, research and analysis pertaining to ESG issues to inform investment decision-making



- formal integration of ESG factors into the security and asset selection process
- active ownership practices
- 2. Impact investing: Through impact investing, Zurich can help to fund efforts to address some of the pressing social and/or environmental issues of our time. Zurich is directly exposed to challenges such as climate change, resource depletion, and more. We have a direct interest in sustainable global economic growth and supporting communities in becoming more resilient to environmental and social challenges. Impact investments can help address these issues through their targeted, positive impact, and also offer a financial return commensurate with risks.
- 3. Advancing together: We believe that responsible investment will only truly have an impact if financial market participants are advancing together, making responsible investment mainstream. Only by acting collectively can ESG risk be priced efficiently, offer the right incentives to those seeking to raise capital in the market, and allow impact investments to provide capital on the scale needed to tackle the pressing social and environmental issues of our time. Supporting collaborative initiatives and working together with other industry participants to advance responsible investment practices thus forms an integral part of our approach.

Navigating the complexity of insurance investment management and practicing responsible investment at the same time can only be achieved by fully integrating these responsible investment practices into the overall investment approach and making them part and parcel of everyday investment decision-making. Strategies and policies alone are not sufficient. Responsible investment must become part of the organization's DNA - its culture. This will take time, leadership and 'learning by doing.' To accelerate and support this process, we are providing incentives to investment professionals to practice responsible investing by reflecting responsible investment in individual objectives, where applicable, across the investment management organization; we have incorporated responsible investment into Zurich's technical competency framework used to determine job profiles and training requirements; we have established a global group of 'responsible investment champions' representing individual teams in local operations; and we have built a small but dedicated responsible investment team that acts as a catalyst and engages with the rest of the organization on an ongoing basis.

O No

SG 01 CC	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	General

SG 01.6 CC Indicate whether your organisation has identified transition and physical climate-related risks and opportunities and factored this into the investment strategies and products, within the organisation's investment time horizon.

Yes

Describe the identified transition and physical climate-related risks and opportunities and how they have been factored into the investment strategies/products.

Zurich's Market Strategy and Macroeconomics team has defined high-level scenarios and is monitoring developments with the help of a scorecard that is updated regularly. The analysis is available online.

○ No

SG 01.7 CC

Indicate whether the organisation has assessed the likelihood and impact of these climate risks?

Yes



Describe the associated timescales linked to these risks and opportunities.

Overall risks scenarios were considered over both a short (3 - 5 year) and long (5 - 10 year) timeframe.

O No

SG 01.8 CC

Indicate whether the organisation publicly supports the TCFD?

Yes

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 01.9 CC Indicate whether there is an organisation-wide strategy in place to identify and manage material climate-related risks and opportunities.

Yes

Describe

Zurich has defined a clear strategy to reflect climate change in its investment approach and we are committed to action in eight areas:

- 1. Establishing scenarios: it is hard to take action without context. Zurich's Market Strategy and Macroeconomics team has defined high-level scenarios and is monitoring developments with the help of a scorecard that is updated regularly. The analysis is available online.
- 2. Strengthening ESG integration: given its complexity and long-term nature, climate change represents a particular challenge for ESG integration. Additional data and tools are required to raise awareness among investment professionals and to support integration in investment strategies.
- 3. Benchmarking: ESG integration practices might fail to effectively capture all climate change-related risks and opportunities. We are testing in selected asset classes the use of bespoke benchmarks that incorporate a climate risk assessment and will evaluate the application of such benchmarks for new and existing portfolios on a case-by-case basis.
- 4. Financing the transition to a low-carbon economy: as part of our ongoing commitment to impact investing and our target to help avoid emission of five million tons of CO2 per year, we will continue to evaluate green investments across different asset classes on an ongoing basis.
- 5. Driving change through advocacy: public and private sectors need to take decisive action. Zurich has defined clear positions on topics such as transparent risk disclosure, carbon pricing, etc.
- 6. Engaging with others: as part of engaging with the companies in which we invest, climate change is reflected on the agenda and considered in voting practices.
- 7. Making selective exclusions: recognizing the particularly harmful impact of coal on climate, Zurich has developed a Group approach on selectively excluding companies from its underwriting and investing activities that get significant revenues from mining thermal coal or using it to generate electricity.
- 8. Net Zero portfolios by 2050: working on transitioning our investment portfolios to net-zero GHG emissions by 2050 consistent with a maximum temperature rise of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels, taking into account the best available scientific knowledge.

Further information on Zurich's adaptation of the FSB TCFD's recommendations can be found here: https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/our-role-in-society/climate-change/tcfd

 $\bigcirc$  No



	SG 1.10 CC							
☑ Public PRI Climate Transparency Report								
	☐ Annual financial filings							
	<ul><li>☐ Regular client reporting</li><li>☐ Member communications</li></ul>							
	☐ Other ☐ We currently do not publish TCFD disclosures							
00.0								
SG 02	Mai	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 6			
	22.22.4	Indicate which of your investment p	oolicy documents (	if any) are publicly available. Prov	ide a URL			
	SG 02.1	and an attachment of the documen	t.					
	☑ Policy se	tting out your overall approach						
		URL/Attachment						
	☑ URL							
		URL						
	https	s://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zu	rich/dotcom/sustai	inability/docs/responsible-investme	ent-at-			
	zurio	ch.pdf?la=en						
		chment (will be made public)						
		ss-specific RI guidelines						
		URL/Attachment						
	☑ URL							
		URL						
		s://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zu	rich/dotcom/susta	inability/docs/responsible-investme	ent-at-			
	zurio	ch.pdf?la=en						
	□ Δtta	chment (will be made public)						
		g / exclusions policy						
	_ 50.0011111	g, showers policy						
		URL/Attachment						
	☑ URL							



URL https://www.zurich.com/sustainability/responsible-investment/esg-integration ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ Engagement policy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL **URL** https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-atzurich.pdf?la=en ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ (Proxy) voting policy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL **URL** https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/zurich-proxy-voting-policy-andguidelines.pdf?la=en ☐ Attachment (will be made public) ☑ Other, specify (1) Other, specify (1) description Investment philosophy **URL/Attachment ☑** URL

URL

 $\underline{\text{https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en}$ 

- ☐ Attachment (will be made public)
- $\square$  We do not publicly disclose our investment policy documents



SG 02.2

Indicate if any of your investment policy components are publicly available. Provide URL and an attachment of the document.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments

URL/Attachment
☑ URL
URL
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en
□ Attachment
☑ Your investment objectives that take ESG factors/real economy influence into account
URL/Attachment
☑ URL
URL
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en
☐ Attachment ☑ Time horizon of your investment
URL/Attachment
☑ URL
URL
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en
□ Attachment
☑ Governance structure of organisational ESG responsibilities
URL/Attachment
☑ URL



URL

https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-atzurich.pdf?la=en

☐ Attachment

☑ ESG incorporation approaches

URL/Attachment

**☑** URL

URL

 $\underline{\text{https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-}\underline{\text{zurich.pdf?la=en}}$ 

☐ Attachment

Active ownership approaches

**URL/Attachment** 

**☑** URL

URL

 $\underline{\text{https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en}$ 

☐ Attachment

☑ Climate change

**URL/Attachment** 

**☑** URL

**URL** 

https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en

☐ Attachment

 $\hfill\square$  We do not publicly disclose any investment policy components

SG 02.3

Additional information [Optional].

Additional policies and guidance documents making reference to responsible investment that are publicly available:

 Responsible investment position statement: https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en



- Code of conduct: https://www.zurich.com/about-us/corporate-governance/code-of-conduct
- Zurich's TCFD reporting: https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/our-role-in-society/climate-change/tcfd
- Zurich's Climate Change Position: https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/our-role-in-society/climate-change

SG 03 Mandatory Public Core Assessed General

Indicate if your organisation has a policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the

Yes

SG 03.2 Describe your policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the investment process.

A number of policies and procedures are in place at Zurich to manage conflicts of interest. While no separate document exists focused exclusively on conflicts of interests in the broader investment process, potential conflicts of interest are effectively managed as follows:

- Investment and insurance underwriting decisions separated through dedicated lines of responsibility and clear accountability of Group and local chief investment officers
- Clear investment policies and guidelines and an overview of the decision-making process through Asset-Liability Management Investment Committees (ALMICs)
- · Policies on gifts and entertainment

investment process.

- Clear guidelines on ethical behavior through a code of conduct
- Clear reference in proxy voting policy and guidelines, so that proxy voting is executed with an investment view only, and without consideration of a potential insurance client status of investee companies.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 04	Vol	untary	Public	Descriptive	General
SG	04.1	Indicate if your organisation has a p investee entities.	process for identifyi	ng and managing incidents that o	occur within
10	Yes No				
SG	04.2	Describe your process on managing	g incidents		

Zurich monitors the ESG performance of its portfolios that are in scope for ESG integration (see OO 11.4 for details), producing internal reports that highlight controversial business practices and rating downgrades as identified by a third-party data provider. For internally managed assets, these reports are distributed to local ALM investment committees (ALMIC). For externally managed assets, ESG performance is discussed at least annually as part of quarterly performance review meetings and asset managers may provide their own reporting on portfolios' ESG performance. While there is a process in place to monitor ESG performance of portfolios, not all incidents that lead to rating downgrades or are flagged due to controversial business practices are systematically assessed; relevant discussions typically focus on illustrative examples and/or the most material incidents.

Objectives and strategies

SG 05	5	Man	datory	Public	Gateway/Core Assessed	General		
	SG 05.	1	Indicate if and how frequently your organisation sets and reviews objectives for its responsible					
	00 00.1		investment activities.					
<ul><li>Quarterly or more frequently</li></ul>								
<ul><li>Biannually</li><li>Annually</li><li>Less frequently than annually</li><li>Ad-hoc basis</li></ul>								
	○ It is not set/reviewed							
	SG 05.	2	Additional information. [Optional]					

See SG 07.2 for additional information on the objective-setting process.

SG 06	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	General				
SG 06.1 List the main responsible investment objectives that your organisation set for the reporting								
	Responsible investment processes							
☑ F	☑ Provide training on ESG incorporation							
	Key performance indicator							
(	Completion rate for basic and advanced responsible investment training.							
	Progress achieved							
а	Portfolio management teams and other individuals relevant to the process are required to complete advanced responsible investment training. Basic responsible investment training is required for investment management staff globally. Zurich monitors, but does not currently disclose the completion rate.							
□ F	☐ Provide training on ESG engagement							
<b>✓</b>	☑ Improved communication of ESG activities within the organisation							
	Key performance indicator							

Progress achieved

Zurich does not track this activity with a quantitative KPI.

A priority for 2019 was to establish the relationships and networks necessary to further drive internal communication of the responsible investment progress and proof points through local communication teams.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  Improved engagement to encourage change with regards to management of ESG issues



Key performance indicator

Zurich does not track this activity with a quantitative KPI.

Progress achieved

A priority for 2019 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, which Zurich did in connection to divesting from companies that generated more than 30 percent of their revenues from mining thermal coal or had more than 30 percent of coal in their power generation mix.

☑ Improved ESG incorporation into investment decision making processes

Key performance indicator

A number of KPIs measure the progress in implementing ESG for both in-house and external portfolio management, as disclosed below:

Progress achieved

Progress made:

Assets in scope for ESG integration

- Managed by staff having received ESG training (% of in-scope): 96%
- Managed by staff with direct access to ESG data (% of in-scope): 100%
- ESG represented in the investment process (% of in-scope): 98%
- ESG represented in issuer engagement (% of in-scope): 97%

☑ Other, specify (1)

Execution of impact investing strategies for green bonds and private equity.

Key performance indicator

Total amount of impact investments (USD millions)

Progress achieved

Impact investments as of December 31, 2019:

- Green, social and sustainability bonds: USD 3.6 billion
- Impact infrastructure debt: USD 747 million
- Impact private equity (commitments): USD 163 million

☑ Other, specify (2)

other description (2)

Improve impact measurement approach across portfolio.



Key performance indicator

'CO2e emissions avoided' and 'people benefited'.

Progress achieved

In March 2019, Zurich published first impact numbers for 'CO2e emissions avoided' / 'people benefited'. The impact was achieved through a majority of its impact portfolio. We further increased the scope of green and social bonds and also developed a methodology to calculate the impact of our impact infrastructure private debt portfolio in 2019.

In June 2019 we published the full methodology of our impact measurement framework: https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/zurich-impact-measurement-framework.pdf?la=en

☑ Other, specify (3)

other description (3)

Progress on climate change strategy / Drive ESG integration for climate risk

Key performance indicator

na

Progress achieved

Various projects were conducted to achieve progress on Zurich's climate change strategy for responsible investment, such as onboarding a new data provider for climate transition risk data.

☐ None of the above

Financial performance of investments

 $\square$  Increase portfolio performance by consideration of ESG factors

☐ Other, specify (1)

□ Other, specify (2)

☐ Other, specify (3)

☑ None of the above

FSG characteristics of investments

☑ Over or underweight companies based on ESG characteristics

Key performance indicator

% of AuM in scope for ESG integration, where a systematic process to integrate ESG factors is in place



Progress achieved
ESG represented in the investment process (% of in-scope): 98%
☐ Improve ESG ratings of portfolio
✓ Setting carbon reduction targets for portfolio
Key performance indicator
Kg of CO2 emitted and kWh used per sqm, respectively, for Swiss real estate portfolio
Progress achieved
1 10g1000 d0111010d
<ul> <li>CO2: 27 kg/sqm (2018), -16% vs. 2010</li> <li>Energy consumption: 113 kWh/sqm (2018), -11% vs. 2010</li> </ul>
☐ Other, specify (1)
□ Other, specify (2)
□ Other, specify (3)
□ None of the above
Other activities
☑ Joining and/or participation in RI initiatives
Key performance indicator
Advancing together is an elementary part of Zurich's responsible investment strategy (see SG 01.4 and SG 01.5).
Progress achieved
In 2019 we actively participated in 18 industry groups.
☐ Encouraging others to join a RI initiative
☐ Documentation of best practice case studies
☐ Using case studies to demonstrate engagement and ESG incorporation to clients
☐ Other, specify (1)
☐ Other, specify (2)
☐ Other, specify (2) ☐ Other, specify (3)



SG 06.2

Additional information.

Currently, reduction targets for CO2 emissions and energy consumption only apply to real estate investments in Switzerland (40 percent of global direct real estate investment value). Most buildings in the real estate investment portfolio are not used by Zurich. The environmental footprint of Zurich's corporate real estate (whether owned or leased) is reported separately in the environmental performance section of Zurich's sustainability highlights report.

Gov	ernand	ce and human resources								
7	Mai	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	General					
SG 0	SG 07.1 Indicate the internal and/or external roles used by your organisation, and indicate for each whether they have oversight and/or implementation responsibilities for responsible investment.									
Roles										
V	Board	members or trustees								
☑ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment										
☐ Implementation of responsible investment										
	□N	o oversight/accountability or implemen	tation respons	sibility for responsible investment	t					
$\checkmark$	Interna	Roles (triggers other options)								
		Select from the below interna	ıl roles							
☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Operating Officer (COO), Investment Committee										
☑ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment										
☐ Implementation of responsible investment										
$\hfill \square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment										
	☑ O	ther Chief-level staff or head of depart	ment, specify							
	Al	All Group CIO direct reports								

☑ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment	
☑ Implementation of responsible investment	
$\hfill\square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment	
☑ Portfolio managers	
☐ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment	
☑ Implementation of responsible investment	
$\hfill\square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment	
☑ Investment analysts	
☐ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment	
☑ Implementation of responsible investment	
$\hfill\square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment	
☑ Dedicated responsible investment staff	
☑ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment	
☑ Implementation of responsible investment	
$\hfill\square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment	
☐ Investor relations	
☐ Other role, specify (1)	
☐ Other role, specify (2)	
☑ External managers or service providers	
☐ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment	
☑ Implementation of responsible investment	
$\hfill \square$ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment	

SG 07.2

For the roles for which you have RI oversight/accountability or implementation responsibilities, indicate how you execute these responsibilities.

- The Head of Responsible Investment, reporting directly to the Group CIO, is responsible for overseeing the
  execution of the responsible investment strategy and supporting the investment management organization in
  implementing responsible investment practices.
- As part of a standard annual individual objective-setting process, responsible investment objectives can be
  assigned to relevant individuals across investment management, including department heads reporting
  directly to the Group CIO, and then cascaded where applicable to the regional and local investment teams,
  including, local CIOs, portfolio managers, analysts and others.

SG 07.3	Indicate the number of dedicated responsible investment staff your organisation has.
	Number
2	
SG 07.4	Additional information. [Optional]

Accountabilities at the level of the Zurich Group:

The 'Governance, Nominations and Sustainability Committee' of the Zurich Board of Directors reviews and approves Zurich's approach to sustainability, including:



- 4. review and approve the Group's sustainability strategy and objectives;
- 5. oversee the Group's approach and conduct with regard to sustainability, assessing progress against agreed actions at least annually;
- 6. monitor legislative and regulatory developments and reporting requirements relating to sustainability;
- 7. review and propose to the Board for approval targets on ESG matters which have a material impact on business strategy, underwriting or business performance.

In addition, the Board of Directors formally oversees the execution of the Group's overall strategy, of which sustainability forms an integral part.

- Zurich's responsible investment approach is an integral element of the Group's sustainability strategy and the
  Executive Committee (ExCo) is accountable for the execution of the sustainability strategy. A cross-functional
  Group-level body the Sustainability Leaders Council ensures that Zurich achieves its sustainability
  objectives. The Council comprises senior executives from across the business and is chaired by the Group
  Head of Public Affairs and Sustainability. The Head of Responsible Investment represents investment
  management in the Council.
- The Group Chief Investment Officer (CIO), a member of the ExCo, is responsible for the execution of the responsible investment strategy.

SG 07	7 CC	Mand Discl	atory to Report Voluntary to ose	Public	Descriptive	General		
	SG 07	.5	Indicate the roles in the organisatio		ht, accountability and/or manage	ment		
	CC		responsibilities for climate-related is	ssues.				
Board members or trustees								
		☑ Ove	rsight/accountability for climate-rela	ted issues				
		□ Ass	essment and management of climat	e-related issues				
☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues								
			Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Investment Committee	Chief Investment C	Officer (CIO), Chief Risk Officer (C	RO),		
		☑ Ove	rsight/accountability for climate-rela	ted issues				
		□ Ass	essment and management of climat	e-related issues				
☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues								
Other Chief-level staff or heads of departments								
☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues								
		□ Ass	essment and management of climat	e-related issues				
		□ No i	No responsibility for climate-related issues					



Portfolio managers							
sight/accountability for climate-related issues							
☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues							
esponsibility for climate-related issues							
Investment analysts							
sight/accountability for climate-related issues							
essment and management of climate-related issues							
esponsibility for climate-related issues							
Dedicated responsible investment staff							
sight/accountability for climate-related issues							
ssment and management of climate-related issues							
esponsibility for climate-related issues							
External managers or service providers							
sight/accountability for climate-related issues							
essment and management of climate-related issues							

Accountabilities at the level of the Zurich Insurance Group

While climate change is not singled out as a separate item in Zurich's Organizational Rules, clear roles and responsibilities, both at the level of the Zurich Board of Directors and Zurich management, ensure effective oversight and action with respect to climate change-related risks.

responsibilities, indicate how these responsibilities are executed.

The 'Governance, Nominations and Sustainability Committee' of the Zurich Board of Directors reviews and approves Zurich's approach to sustainability, including:

- 8. review and approve the Group's sustainability strategy and objectives;
- 9. oversee the Group's approach and conduct with regard to sustainability, assessing progress against agreed actions at least annually:
- 10. monitor legislative and regulatory developments and reporting requirements relating to sustainability;
- 11. review and propose to the Board for approval targets on ESG matters which have a material impact on business strategy, underwriting or business performance.

In addition, the Board of Directors formally oversees the execution of the Group's overall strategy, of which sustainability forms an integral part.



	SG 07.8 CC	Indicate how your organisation er the TCFD recommendations and			providers on				
	☐ Request that external managers and/or service providers incorporate TCFD into mainstream financial filings (annual financial reports, other regulatory reporting or similar)								
	☑ Request incorporation of TCFD into regular client reporting								
	☐ Request t	hat external managers complete PF	RI climate indicator re	porting					
	□ Request r	☐ Request responses to TCFD Fund Manager questions in the PRI Asset Owner Guide							
	☐ Other								
	☐ We do no implementat	t engage with external managers ar ion	nd/or service provider	s on the TCFD recommendation	s and their				
SG 08	Volu	untary	Public	Additional Assessed	General				
	SG 08.1	Indicate if your organisation's per processes have a responsible inv		ent, reward and/or personal deve	lopment				
		Board members/Board of truste	ees						
	SG 08.1	RI in personal development	and/or training plan						
	$\hfill \square$ Responsible investment included in personal development and/or training plan								
	☑ None of the above								
		Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Investment Committee	Chief Investment Off	icer (CIO), Chief Operating Office	er (COO),				
	SG 08.1	RI in objectives, appraisal ar	nd/or reward						
	□ Resp	oonsible investment KPIs and/or go	als included in objecti	ives					
	☑ Resp	oonsible investment included in app	oraisal process						
	□ Varia	$\square$ Variable pay linked to responsible investment performance							
	□ None	e of the above							
	SG 08.1	RI in personal development	and/or training plan						
	☑ Resp	ponsible investment included in pers	sonal development ar	nd/or training plan					
	□ None	e of the above							

All Group CIO direct reports



SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
	ible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
	sible investment included in appraisal process
□ Variable	pay linked to responsible investment performance
☐ None of	the above
SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	ible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
□ None of	the above
	Portfolio managers
00.004	Di in chicativas appreiad and/arresured
SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
	ible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
	ible investment included in appraisal process
	pay linked to responsible investment performance
☐ None of	the above
00.00.41	Di in navana da valan mant and/antusinin nalan
SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
•	sible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
☐ None of	the above
	Investment analysts
	Investment analysts
SG 08.1a	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
✓ Respons	ible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives
•	ible investment included in appraisal process
•	pay linked to responsible investment performance
☐ None of	the above
SG 08.1b	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	sible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
□ None of	the above
	Dedicated responsible investment staff
	✓ Respons  ✓ Respons  ✓ Variable  ☐ None of  SG 08.1b  ✓ Respons  ☐ None of  ✓ Respons  ☐ Variable  ☐ None of  ✓ Respons  ☐ Variable  ☐ None of  ✓ Respons  ☐ Variable  ☐ None of  ✓ Respons  ☐ None of



	SG 08.1	RI in objectives, appraisal and/or reward
☑ Responsible investment KPIs and/or goals included in objectives		
	☑ Resp	onsible investment included in appraisal process
		ple pay linked to responsible investment performance
	☐ None	of the above
	SG 08.1	RI in personal development and/or training plan
	☑ Respo	onsible investment included in personal development and/or training plan
	☐ None	of the above
SG	6 08.3	Provide any additional information on your organisation's performance management, reward and/or personal development processes in relation to responsible investment.

Responsible investment objectives are cascaded from the Group CIO downwards. All objectives related to responsible investment are assessed as part of Zurich's performance management process and affect variable pay through overall performance ratings. All relevant positions are formally assigned a responsible investment competency through Zurich's talent management program, and responsible investment is formally reflected in the individual 'training plan.'

SG 08.4

Describe the level of experience board members/trustees/chief-level staff have with incorporating ESG factors into investment decision-making processes.

The Group CIO meets monthly with the Head of Responsible Investment to discuss responsible investment practices and is involved in additional strategic discussions on priority issues as relates to responsible investment. He has built a significant level of expertise during his tenure at Zurich. As a member of Zurich's Investment Management Executive Team since 2010, he was involved in responsible investment activities in his previous roles as Head of Strategy Implementation and Head of Alternative Investments. In that role he was responsible for Zurich's allocation to impact private equity investments and also indirectly oversaw Zurich's sustainability approach for real estate investments. He receives regular invitations to speak about responsible investment at relevant conferences or other industry events.

	Prom	oting	responsible investment			
SG 0	SG 09 Mandatory		ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 4,5
	SG 09.	.1	Select the collaborative organisation which it participated during the repo			ember or in

## Select all that apply

☑ Principles for Responsible Investment



	Variation and in the distriction of the solution of the second in the second in the second of the se
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
☑ Basic	
☐ Modera	ate
☐ Advan	ced
☐ Asian Corpora	te Governance Association
☐ Australian Cou	uncil of Superannuation Investors
☐ AVCA: Sustair	nability Committee
$\hfill\Box$ France Invest	- La Commission ESG
□ BVCA – Respo	onsible Investment Advisory Board
	Change
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
☑ Basic	
□ Modera	ate
☐ Advan	ced
	Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
of CDP's confe 2019 submissi	annually through the CDP Climate Change questionnaire and occasionally participates in some erence/webinar offerings. In 2019 Zurich achieved a score of A- (leadership level). Read our on here: https://www.zurich.com/sustainability/being-a-responsible-business/our-strategic-nal-commitments
☐ CDP Forests	
☐ CDP Water	
☐ CFA Institute (	Centre for Financial Market Integrity
☐ Climate Action	100+
☐ Code for Resp	onsible Investment in SA (CRISA)
☐ Council of Inst	itutional Investors (CII)
$\square$ Eumedion	
☐ Extractive Indu	ustries Transparency Initiative (EITI)
☐ ESG Research	n Australia
☐ Invest Europe	Responsible Investment Roundtable
☐ Global Investo	rs Governance Network (GIGN)
☑ Global Impact	Investing Network (GIIN)
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
☐ Basic	
☐ Modera	ate
☑ Advan	ced



Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

Zurich is an active member of the Global Impact Investing Network's (GIIN) Investors' Council.
□ Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB)
☑ Green Bond Principles
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
□ Basic
☐ Moderate
☑ Advanced
Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
Zurich is a member of the Green Bond Principles Executive Committee, Co-Chair of the initiative and an active participant in various working groups.
More details about the Green Bond Principles can be found at: www.icmagroup.org/Regulatory-Policy-and-Market-Practice/green-bonds
□ HKVCA: ESG Committee
□ Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)
□ Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility (ICCR)
☐ International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN)
□ Investor Group on Climate Change, Australia/New Zealand (IGCC)
□ International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC)
□ Investor Network on Climate Risk (INCR)/CERES
□ Local Authority Pension Fund Forum
☐ Principles for Financial Action in the 21st Century
☑ Principles for Sustainable Insurance
Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
☑ Basic
☐ Moderate
☐ Advanced
Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative.  [Optional]
Zurich became a signatory to the PSI in 2017.
☑ Regional or National Social Investment Forums (e.g. UKSIF, Eurosif, ASRIA, RIAA), specify



Forum per la Finanza Sostenibile (FFS)

		Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
	☑ Basic	
	☐ Moder	rate
	☐ Advan	ced
		Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
	Zurich actively	supports FFS workshops and initiatives.
	More informat	ion about the work of FFS can be found here: www.finanzasostenibile.it
	Responsible F	Finance Principles in Inclusive Finance
	•	Association for Research and Education (Share)
		s Environmental Program Finance Initiative (UNEP FI)
$\checkmark$	United Nation	s Global Compact
		Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)
	☑ Basic	
	☐ Moder	ate
	☐ Advan	ced
		Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
		mitted to the United Nations Global Compact's principles, enacts these principles within its sphere
	oi iiiiiuerice, a	nd regularly communicates on our progress.
$\checkmark$	Other collabor	rative organisation/initiative, specify
	Investment Le	eaders Group
		Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting year (see definitions)
	☐ Basic	
	☐ Moder	rate
	☑ Advan	ced
		Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative.
	<b>7</b> · · · ·	[Optional]
	∠urich is a tou	inding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a global network of pension funds.

Zurich is a founding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a global network of pension funds, insurers and asset managers, with over USD 12 trillion under management convened by the University of Cambridge's Institute for Sustainability Leadership to research and encourage responsible investing.

More information about the ILG's work can be found at: www.cisl.cam.ac.uk/business-action/sustainable-finance/investment-leaders-group



vi Otner collaborat	ive organisation/initiative, specify
Operating Princi	ples for Impact Management
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting year (see definitions)
☐ Basic	
☐ Moderat	е
	ed .
	Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
Zurich is foundir	ng member of the IFC's Impact Principles and member of the advisory board.
More information	n about the principle's work can be found at: https://www.impactprinciples.org/
Other collaborat	ive organisation/initiative, specify
EMPEA Impact	Investing Council
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting year (see definitions)
□ Basic	
	е
☐ Advance	ed
	Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
Zurich is an acti Council.	ve member of the Emerging Market Private Equity Association's (EMPEA) Impact Investing
	n about the initiative's work can be found at: http://empea.org/about/leadership- ncils/impact-investing-council
3	
Other collaborat	ive organisation/initiative, specify
United Nations N	Net-Zero Asset Owner Alliance
	Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting year (see definitions)
□ Basic	
☐ Moderat	е
	ed
	Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]
	nember of the UN Net-Zero Asset Owner Alliance, Zurich is committing to a zero-emission streets by 2050.



Visit the UN Net-Zero Asset Owner Alliance website: https://www.unepfi.org/net-zero-alliance/

SG 09.2	Mandatory to Report Volum Disclose		datory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
			Indicate approximately what percer management are managed by PRI		ur externally managed assets und	der
			%			
95	5					
SG 10		Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 4

Yes

SG 10.1

SG 10.2

initiatives.

Indicate the actions your organisation has taken to promote responsible investment independently of collaborative initiatives. Provide a description of your role in contributing to the objectives of the selected action and the typical frequency of your participation/contribution.

Indicate if your organisation promotes responsible investment, independently of collaborative

☑ Provided or supported education or training programmes (this includes peer to peer RI support) Your education or training may be for clients, investment managers, actuaries, broker/dealers, investment consultants, legal advisers etc.)

Description

Engaged in peer-to-peer learning on a variety of responsible investment topics.

Frequency of contribution

- O Quarterly or more frequently
- O Biannually
- Annually
- O Less frequently than annually
- Ad hoc
- Other

☑ Provided financial support for academic or industry research on responsible investment

Description

Zurich is a founding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a global network of pension funds, insurers and asset managers, with over USD 12 trillion under management convened by the University of Cambridge's Institute for Sustainability Leadership to research and encourage responsible investing.

More information about the ILG's work can be found at: https://www.cisl.cam.ac.uk/business-action/sustainable-finance/investment-leaders-group



		Frequency of contribution
	○ Quarterl	y or more frequently
	○ Biannua	lly
	<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	O Ad hoc	
	Other	
<b>√</b>	Provided inpu	ut and/or collaborated with academia on RI related work
		Description
	insurers and a	unding member of the Investment Leaders Group (ILG), a global network of pension funds, asset managers, with over USD 12 trillion under management convened by the University of Institute for Sustainability Leadership to research and encourage responsible investing.
		tion about the ILG's work can be found at: https://www.cisl.cam.ac.uk/business- nable-finance/investment-leaders-group
		Frequency of contribution
	<ul><li>Quarterl</li></ul>	y or more frequently
	○ Biannua	lly
	<ul> <li>Annually</li> </ul>	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	O Ad hoc	
	Other	
	Encouraged I dustry	petter transparency and disclosure of responsible investment practices across the investment
		Description
		vand high-quality data are a necessary condition for ESG integration. Accordingly, Zurich transparency and better ESG data, for example, by publically supporting the TCFD tions.
		Frequency of contribution
	O Quarterl	y or more frequently
	○ Biannua	lly
	<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
	O Less fre	quently than annually
	<ul><li>Ad hoc</li></ul>	
	Other	



 $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$  Spoke publicly at events and conferences to promote responsible investment

# Description

In 2019, Zurich investment professionals spoke at 46 conferences or other industry events about responsible investment topics, such as ESG integration, impact investments, or green bonds.

Frequency of contribution	
Quarterly or more frequently	
○ Biannually	
○ Annually	
O Less frequently than annually	
○ Ad hoc	
Other	
Wrote and published in-house research papers on responsible investment	
Description	
Zurich's macroeconomics and market strategy team dedicated a topical insight issue to climate change risk scenarios. The paper can be downloaded here https://www.zurich.com/knowledge/topics/global-risks/managing-impacts-climate-change-risk-management-responses-second-edition	
Frequency of contribution	
O Quarterly or more frequently	
○ Biannually	
○ Annually	
○ Less frequently than annually	
Ad hoc	
Other	
☑ Encouraged the adoption of the PRI	
Description	
Zurich has a standard question related to PRI membership in all RFIs and RFPs (see SAM 02.5) and encourages the mainstreaming of both ESG integration and impact investing in public statements.	
Frequency of contribution	
O Quarterly or more frequently	
○ Biannually	
○ Annually	
O Less frequently than annually	
Ad hoc	
Other	
☑ Responded to RI related consultations by non-governmental organisations (OECD, FSB etc.)	



Description

Frequency of contribution
Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
O Less frequently than annually
O Ad hoc
Other
☑ Wrote and published articles on responsible investment in the media
Description
Zurich has frequently published topical comments on responsible investment and provides both
background context and interviews for relevant media outlets.
English of a set that are
Frequency of contribution
Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
○ Less frequently than annually
○ Ad hoc
○ Other
☐ A member of PRI advisory committees/ working groups, specify
☑ On the Board of, or officially advising, other RI organisations (e.g. local SIFs)
Description
Green Bond Principles (GBP), Global Impact Investing Network (GIIN) and IFC Operating Principles
Frequency of contribution
Quarterly or more frequently
○ Biannually
○ Annually
○ Less frequently than annually
O Ad hoc
Other
☐ Other, specify



 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 10.3

Describe any additional actions and initiatives that your organisation has taken part in during the reporting year to promote responsible investment [Optional]

Actively promoting and advancing responsible investment practices is an integral part of Zurich's overall responsible investment approach, and is critical in achieving responsible investment's ultimate goal: to create social and environmental value along with financial returns.

As part of our activities to promote responsible investment, Zurich speakers have participated in over 46 events and webinars, and Zurich contributed to, and authored a number of articles published through various media outlets globally over the course of 2019.

The ultimate objective of responsible investment - to create social and environmental value alongside financial returns - can only be achieved if the various responsible investment practices become truly embedded in mainstream investment management.

Only by acting collectively, and through a collective understanding of how ESG factors affect risk and opportunity, will market mechanisms lead to efficient pricing of these ESG factors. And only that pricing signal will provide a strong enough incentive to all those seeking to raise capital in the market to deal with ESG issues effectively and strategically.

Acting collectively, impact investments will provide capital on the scale needed to tackle the pressing social and environmental issues of our time. Close collaboration is needed to bring investors, public actors and NGOs together to design the financial market instruments that will allow investors to maximize their positive impact.

Many aspects are still poorly understood: for example, those related to how non-financial factors affect assets' performance and how, in turn, our actions affect non-financial value generation. By working together we will find answers to those important questions.

That is why Zurich works with other industry participants to advance responsible investment practices. In addition to being a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI), Zurich supports a number of collaborative initiatives and works closely with many others in the field to advance responsible investment practices and identify new solutions.

Visit www. https://www.zurich.com/sustainability/responsible-investment/advancing-together to learn more about our engagement.

**SG 11** Voluntary **Public Additional Assessed** PRI 4,5,6 Indicate if your organisation - individually or in collaboration with others - conducted dialogue with SG 11.1 public policy makers or regulators in support of responsible investment in the reporting year. Yes SG 11.2 ☑ Endorsed written submissions to governments, regulators or public policy-makers developed by others ☑ Drafted your own written submissions to governments, regulators or public-policy markers ☑ Participated in face-to-face meetings with government members or officials to discuss policy ☐ Other, specify Where you have made written submissions (individually or collaboratively) to governments and SG 11.3 regulatory authorities, indicate if these are publicly available.

Yes, publicly available



provide URL

https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/our-role-in-society/climate-change/tcfd

provide URL

https://theinvestoragenda.org/focus-areas/policy-advocacy/

 $\bigcirc$  No

O No

SG 11.4

Provide a brief description of the main topics your organisation has engaged with public policy-makers or regulators on.

In 2019, Zurich's responsible investment policy advocacy efforts were focused mainly on topics related to disclosure and transparency, climate change and sustainable financial markets. These efforts included providing input indirectly through various relevant consultations by the Technical Expert Group of the European Commission. Zurich interacted directly with relevant policymakers both in groups and in bilateral settings.

These efforts included advocating for a sustainable financial market in Switzerland, as well as calling for governments to achieve the Paris Agreement's goals, accelerate private sector investment to support the transition to a low-carbon approach, and establish a viable, economic carbon price.

# Outsourcing to fiduciary managers and investment consultants

SG 12 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 4

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 12.1 Indicate whether your organisation uses investment consultants.

☐ Yes, we use investment consultants

☑ No, we do not use investment consultants.

# ESG issues in asset allocation

SG 13 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1

SG 13.1

Indicate whether the organisation carries out scenario analysis and/or modelling, and if it does, provide a description of the scenario analysis (by asset class, sector, strategic asset allocation, etc.).

☐ Yes, in order to assess future ESG factors

☑ Yes, in order to assess future climate-related risks and opportunities



Describe

As an insurance company, Zurich tends to hold and plan for long-term liabilities. Climate-change analysis is undertaken in line with these liability profiles.

□ No, our organisation does not currently carry out scenario analysis and/or modelling

SG 13.2

Indicate if your organisation considers ESG issues in strategic asset allocation and/or allocation of assets between sectors or geographic markets.

We do the following

☐ Allocation between asset classes

☐ Determining fixed income duration

☐ Allocation of assets between geographic markets

□ Sector weightings

☐ Other, specify

☑ We do not consider ESG issues in strategic asset allocation

SG 13.3

Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

At Zurich, Group Investment Management applies a systematic and structured investment process, focusing on the value drivers that matter most. The starting point in determining the investment strategy in insurance investment management is asset-liability management (ALM). This first step establishes a portfolio of investments that closely replicates the insurance liabilities, and consists primarily of duration-matched government bonds. Such a minimum-risk portfolio will ensure that market values of assets and liabilities move in line with fluctuations in capital markets.

Group Investment Management needs to determine the optimal mix of asset classes that offer the highest long-term expected investment return given Zurich's liabilities, regulatory framework and allocated capital. To make this allocation, Group Investment Management distills all investable asset classes into a set of five transparent 'risk factors.' These 'risk factors' comprise interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, equity and commodity risk, as well as inflation risk.

Zurich's precise definition of its Group Strategic Asset Allocation ensures consistency of investment and risk assumptions throughout the Group and streamlines communication between neutral portfolio committees and the SAA committee. The neutral portfolios define the geographical and/or sectorial asset allocation for equity, credit and real estate.

SG 13 CC Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Descriptive General

SG 13.4 CC Describe how your organisation is using scenario analysis to manage climate-related risks and opportunities, including how the analysis has been interpreted, its results, and any future plans.

☑ Initial assessment



## Describe

In 2017, Zurich's Macroeconomic and Market Strategy team developed a climate-change scorecard to monitor the probabilities of transition and physical risks, which is updated annually. The 2019 update indicated that the likelihood of missing the Paris Agreement's target of limiting global warming to 2°C or below was higher than achieving it. Zurich has subsequently done further analysis of mid (3-5-year) and long-term (5-10-year) effects under high transition risk and high physical risk scenarios, which have informed further action points for 2019, resulting in our updated position on climate change. We are helping our customers and communities become more resilient to natural disasters and extreme weather; we make a difference through our responsible investment approach; and we are swiftly reducing our own carbon footprint. As part of this, we were the first insurer to commit to the UN Global Compact's Business Ambition for 1.5°C.

☑ Incorporation into investment analysis

### Describe

In 2019, Zurich onboarded a new data provider, providing additional information on transition risk on a company level. As part of our ESG-integration, this additional information forms part of a more holistic price/risk analysis, but also helps us to understand where the climate-related risk and opportunities lie in the investment portfolio. The transition score analysis feeds into the company's overall climate change total risk profile.

☑ Inform active ownership

#### Describe

Given the scenario analysis described above, Zurich has applied learnings to the 2019 active ownership strategy:

- proxy voting and engagement: focusing on transparency in regard to climate change strategies, targetsetting and TCFD reporting
- advocacy: advocating for the transition to a low-carbon economy and for the introduction of an economically viable carbon price
- committing to the UN Global Compact's Business Ambition for 1.5°C and playing an active role in developing the methodology used to set science-based targets in investment portfolios as a member of the Science Based Targets Initiative.

☐ Other

S	G	4	3	ı
_	~		•	•

Indicate who uses this analysis.

- $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$  Board members, trustees, C-level roles, Investment Committee
- ☑ Portfolio managers
- ☑ Dedicated responsible investment staff
- □ External managers
- ☐ Investment consultants/actuaries
- □ Other



SG 13.6 CC Indicate whether your organisation has evaluated the potential impact of climate-related risks, beyond the investment time horizon, on its investment strategy.

O Yes

No

Please explain the rationale

As an insurance company, Zurich tends to hold and plan for long-term liabilities. Climate-change analysis is undertaken in line with these liability profiles.

SG 13.7 CC

Indicate whether a range of climate scenarios is used.

- ☑ Analysis based on a 2°C or lower scenario
- ☑ Analysis based on an abrupt transition, consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response
- ☐ Analysis based on a 4°C or higher scenario
- $\square$  No, a range is not used

SG 13.8

Indicate the climate scenarios your organisation uses.



Provider	Scenario used	
IEA	☐ Beyond 2 Degrees Scenario (B2DS)	
IEA	☐ Energy Technology Perspectives (ETP) 2 Degrees scenario	
IEA	☐ Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS)	
IEA	□ New Policy Scenario (NPS)	
IEA	☐ Current Policy Scenario (CPS)	
IRENA	□ RE Map	
Greenpeace	☐ Advanced Energy [R]evolution	
Institute for Sustainable Development	☐ Deep Decarbonisation Pathway Project (DDPP)	
Bloomberg	☐ BNEF reference scenario	
IPCC	☑ Representative Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5	
IPCC	□ RPC 6	
IPCC	☑ RPC 4.5	
IPCC	□ RPC 2.6	
Other	☑ Other (1)	Other (1) please specify:  IEA 'Bridge scenario'
Other	☑ Other (2)	Other (2) please specify:  IEA 'Paris Agreement Scenario'
Other	□ Other (3)	



SG 14	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1
	Operation and winds and an end	ter a a caraca da a caraca	and attack to the second second and a straight of the second	alada la la Cola

SG 14.1	Some investment risks and opportunities arise as a result of long term trends. Indicate which of the following are considered.			
☑ Changing	demographics			
☑ Climate cl	nange			
☑ Resource	scarcity			
☑ Technolog	gical developments			
☐ Other, specify(1)				
☐ Other, specify(2)				
☐ None of the above				
SG 14.2	Indicate which of the following activities you have undertaken to respond to climate change risk and			

☐ Established a climate change sensitive or climate change integrated asset allocation strategy

 $\ oxdot$  Targeted low carbon or climate resilient investments

Specify the AUM invested in low carbon and climate resilient portfolios, funds, strategies or asset classes.

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		3	661	840	136
Currency	USD				
Assets in USD		3	661	840	136

Specify the framework or taxonomy used.

Green bonds, green infrastructure private debt, green impact private equity funds

$\hfill \square$ Phase out your investments in your fossil fuel holdings
$\ensuremath{ert}$ Reduced portfolio exposure to emissions intensive or fossil fuel holdings
☑ Used emissions data or analysis to inform investment decision making
☑ Sought climate change integration by companies
☑ Sought climate supportive policy from governments
☑ Other, specify

other description

As part of the Business Ambition for 1.5°C, we have committed to set science-based targets.

☐ None of the above



SG 14.3

Indicate which of the following tools the organisation uses to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.

Zurich believes that ESG issues, including climate change, demographic trends, resource scarcity and technology developments, are best captured through ESG integration at the security and asset selection levels. Through our ESG integration process (see LEL01.2 or EL01.2 for details on Zurich's ESG integration approach), we expect

ESG integration process (see LEI 01.2 or FI 01.2 for details on Zurich's ESG integration approach), we expect internal and external asset managers to better capture the risks and opportunities associated with a broad range of ESG issues, including the ones outlined here.

As relates to SG 14.2 and SG 14.3 above: Zurich targets low-carbon or climate-resilient investments through its impact investing strategies (See SG15.4 for more details on Zurich's impact investing approach), applies carbon footprinting and emission-reduction targets to its Swiss real estate portfolio and in 2019 implemented a stricter thermal coal and oil sands screen.

SG 14 CC Voluntary Public General

SG 14.6 CC

SG 14.5

Provide further details on the key metric(s) used to assess climate-related risks and opportunities



Metric Type	Coverage	Purpose	Metric Unit	Metric Methodology
Climate- related targets	✓ All assets  ☐ Majority of assets  ☐ Minority of assets	In 2019 Zurich committed to Net- Zero portfolios by 2050 and committed to set science-based targets as soon as methodologies are available	TBD	We are working with SBTi and the UN-convened asset owner alliance to develop methodologies
Carbon footprint (scope 1 and 2)	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☑ Minority of assets	The Swiss real estate team follows a carbon reduction strategy with a target of reducing carbon emissions of the portfolio by 20% by 2020 against a 2010 baseline	Co2/sqm	We are applying a measuring methodology developed with an external consultant
Exposure to carbon-related assets	bon- ated		% of Revenue from thermal coal; % of GwH produced from coal	Based on company self- reported data, sourced via a third party provider and post engagement with entities deemed in 'breach' of these KPIs

SG 14.7 CC

Describe in further detail the key targets.

Targettype	Baseline year	Target year	Description	Attachments
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target	2010	2020	The Swiss real estate team follows a carbon reduction strategy with a target of reducing carbon emissions of the portfolio by 20% by 2020	
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				

SG 14.8 CC Indicate whether climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management and explain the risk management processes used for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks.

Processes for climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management

Please describe

Climate change is managed as part of Zurich's risk management approach. Transition and physical climate change risks have been identified as relevant risks, and been assessed through the Group's Total Risk ProfilingTM methodology. Action plans have been derived for various regions of operation, among them investment management.

Zurich has defined a clear strategy to reflect climate change in its investment approach and we are committed to action in eight areas:

- 1. Scenarios
- 2. Strengthening ESG integration
- 3. Benchmarks
- 4. Financing the transition to a low-carbon economy
- 5. Driving change through advocacy
- 6. Engagement
- 7. Selective exclusions
- 8. Net Zero portfolios by 2050
- O Processes for climate-related risks are not integrated into overall risk management

SG 14.9 CC Indicate whether your organisation, and/or external investment manager or service providers acting on your behalf, undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

Yes

Please describe

As part of engaging with the companies in which we invest, material climate change risks are reflected on the agenda and considered in voting practices. TCFD is promoted as a tool to communicate these material risks.

- O No, we do not undertake active ownership activities.
- O No, we do not undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

SG 15	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1

SG 15.1

Indicate if your organisation allocates assets to, or manages, funds based on specific environmental and social themed areas.

Yes

SG 15.2 Indicate the percentage of your total AUM invested in environmental and social themed areas.

%

2.2



SG 15.3

Specify which thematic area(s) you invest in, indicate the percentage of your AUM in the

particular asset class and provide a brief description. Area ☑ Energy efficiency / Clean technology Asset class invested ☐ Listed equity ☑ Fixed income - SSA Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area 2.0 ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial) ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial) ☐ Fixed income - Securitised ☐ Private equity □ Property  $\hfill\Box$  Fund of hedge funds ☐ Cash ☐ Other (1) Brief description and measures of investment Through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations. ☐ Renewable energy ☑ Green buildings Asset class invested ☐ Listed equity ☐ Fixed income - SSA ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial) ☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial) ☐ Fixed income - Securitised

Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area

28.3

☐ Private equity ☑ Property

☐ Fund of hedge funds
□ Cash
☐ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through direct real estate investments and through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional
explanations.
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
2.0
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Fund of hedge funds
□ Cash
☐ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Sustainable agriculture
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
2.0



☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Fund of hedge funds
□ Cash
□ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
☑ Microfinance
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☐ Fixed income - SSA
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☑ Private equity
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
reflectilage of Aowi (+7-5 %) per asset class invested in the area
3.6
□ Property
☐ Fund of hedge funds
□ Cash
□ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Through impact private equity funds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.

☑ SME financing



	/	Asset class invested
	☐ Listed equi	ity
	☐ Fixed inco	me - SSA
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Corporate (financial)
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Corporate (non-financial)
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Securitised
	☑ Private equ	uity
		Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
	3.6	
	□ Property	
	☐ Fund of he	edge funds
	□ Cash	
	☐ Other (1)	
	E	Brief description and measures of investment
	Through impact	private equity funds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
		e / community investing
<b>V</b>	Affordable hous	ing
	1	Asset class invested
	☐ Listed equi	ity
	☐ Fixed inco	me - SSA
	☑ Fixed incorporation ☑ Fixed incorpora	me - Corporate (financial)
		Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
	0.44	Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
		Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area  me - Corporate (non-financial)
	☐ Fixed inco	
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Corporate (non-financial) me - Securitised
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Corporate (non-financial) me - Securitised
	☐ Fixed inco	me - Corporate (non-financial) me - Securitised uity
	☐ Fixed incor ☐ Fixed incor ☐ Private equ ☐ Property	me - Corporate (non-financial) me - Securitised uity
	☐ Fixed incor ☐ Fixed incor ☐ Private equ ☐ Property ☐ Fund of he	me - Corporate (non-financial) me - Securitised uity



Brief description and measures of investment

Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.

☑ Education
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☑ Fixed income - SSA
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
1.9
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
☐ Fund of hedge funds
□ Cash
□ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Brief description and measures of investment  Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  ☐ Global health ☐ Water
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity Fixed income - SSA
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity Fixed income - SSA  Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity Fixed income - SSA  Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area 2.0
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity Fixed income - SSA  Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area  2.0 Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
Through use-of-proceeds social bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.  Global health Water  Asset class invested Listed equity Fixed income - SSA  Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area  2.0 Fixed income - Corporate (financial) Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)

Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area  $\,$ 

3.6



☐ Property
$\square$ Fund of hedge funds
☐ Cash
☐ Other (1)

Brief description and measures of investment

Through impact private equity funds and green bonds. See SG 15.3 for additional explanations.

Please see SG 18.2 for more details on Zurich's impact investment approach. While Zurich's themed investments address most options provided in SG 15, the way in which its exposures to themed investments are monitored makes it difficult to provide breakdowns based on the categories provided here. In answering SG 15, a theme was selected if the area is addressed through our impact investments. But percentages were calculated based on the complete 'themed' allocation for a given asset class. For example, green bonds in SSA, financial and non-financial fixed income fund clean technologies. We estimate that biggest concentration of projects is in the SSA category. The percentage provided reflects green SSA securities relative to total SSA exposure.

☐ Other area, specify

 $\bigcirc$  No

### Asset class implementation not reported in other modules

SG 17 Mandatory Public Descriptive General

SG 17.1

Describe how you address ESG issues for externally managed assets for which a specific PRI asset class module has yet to be developed or for which you are not required to report because your assets are below the minimum threshold.

Asset Class	Describe what processes are in place and the outputs or outcomes achieved
Property	See SAM 04, explaining how the ESG integration is part of the manager selection, appointment and monitoring process for all asset classes in scope, which includes property.

### **Innovation**

SG 18 Voluntary Public Descriptive General

SG 18.1

Indicate whether any specific features of your approach to responsible investment are particularly innovative.

Yes



SG 18.2

Describe any specific features of your approach to responsible investment that you believe are particularly innovative.

Zurich believes that numerous impact investment opportunities exist across various asset classes. We have committed ourselves to evaluating impact investment opportunities and, over time, to building a portfolio of impact investments. In identifying potential impact investments, we will assess whether the investment meets our definition of impact investing (intentionality - measurability - profitability), supports our impact objectives (mitigating environmental risks and increasing community resilience) and/or contributes to development of the impact investing market.

Nonetheless, we believe that impact investing will be sustainable as an investment 'style' only if it can be integrated into our overall approach to investment management. Opportunistic investments can supplement the portfolio occasionally. But in general, we want impact investments to be an integral part of the portfolio, not just one-offs. Consequently, in addition to the criteria already described, we will also assess impact investment opportunities along the following lines:

Risk and return profile: Is the risk/return profile in line with Zurich's risk-factor based approach to ALM and strategic asset allocation?

Scale: Is the universe of assets for a given type of impact investment large enough to define a meaningful allocation, build a diversified portfolio, and re-invest capital over time?

Structure and implementability/adaption: Does Zurich, or an institutional-quality external asset manager, have the capability and expertise to manage the asset and adapt it to local requirements?

ESG risks: As with any other investment, we will assess ESG risks associated with the underlying asset as part of a holistic asset selection process. Note that we do not equate ESG performance with impact.

In 2017 Zurich committed to impact investment targets that not only target exposure but - as first private sector investor - also impact metrics:

- Investing up to USD 5 billion across the entire portfolio, helping to
- avoid 5 million tons of CO2 on an annual basis and
- benefit 5 million people every year

Over the course of 2019, Zurich made good progress in building a portfolio of impact investments totalling USD 4.6 billion:

- Green bonds: By the end of 2019, USD 3.1 billion had been invested in green bonds.
- Social and sustainability bonds bonds: By the end of 2019, USD 539 million had been invested in social and sustainability bonds of various issuers.
- Impact private equity: By end of 2019, Zurich had committed USD 163 million to impact investing opportunities in private equity.
- Impact Infrastructure debt: By the end of 2019, USD 747 million had been invested in impact infrastructure debt.
- Real estate: Zurich continues to make investments aimed at reducing energy use and carbon emissions
  of its real estate portfolio.

In addition, Zurich developed a methodology to aggregate the impact indicators of CO2 avoided and people benefited across asset classes on portfolio level. While our impact investment portfolio grew from USD 3.8 billion in 2018 to USD 4.6 billion in 2019, we helped to avoid 2.8 million tons of CO2-equivalent emissions and, separately, improve the lives of 4.2 million people annually, as of December 2019.

Comr	nunication			
SG 19	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2, 6



SG 19.1

Indicate whether your organisation typically discloses asset class specific information proactively. Select the frequency of the disclosure to clients/beneficiaries and the public, and provide a URL to the public information.

Selection, Appointment and Monitoring

Do you disclose?

- O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.
- O We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
- We disclose to the public

The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same

Yes

URL

 $\bigcirc$  No

Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
$\ensuremath{\square}$ How responsible investment considerations are included in manager selection, appointment and monitoring processes	
$\hfill\square$ Details of the responsible investment activities carried out by managers on your behalf	
$\hfill \Box$ E, S and/or G impacts and outcomes that have resulted from your managers' investments and/or active ownership	
□ Other	
Frequency	
☐ Quarterly or more frequently	
□ Biannually	
☑ Annually	
☐ Less frequently than annually	
□ Ad-hoc/when requested	

Listed equity - Incorporation



https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-

zurich.pdf?la=en

Do you disclose?
We do not proactively disclose it to the public and/or clients/beneficiaries
○ We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
We disclose it publicly
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same
○ No
Disclosure to public and URL
Disclosure to public and URL
Broad approach to ESG incorporation
Detailed explanation of ESG incorporation strategy used
Frequency
□ Quarterly or more frequently
□ Biannually
☑ Annually
☐ Less frequently than annually
☐ Ad-hoc/when requested
URL
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-
zurich.pdf?la=en
Listed equity - Engagement
De very diselect 0
Do you disclose?
<ul> <li>We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.</li> </ul>
○ We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
We disclose to the public
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same



Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
☑ Details on the overall engagement strategy	
$\Box$ Details on the selection of engagement cases and definition of objectives of the selections, priorities and specific goals	
☐ Number of engagements undertaken	
☐ Breakdown of engagements by type/topic	
☐ Breakdown of engagements by region	
$\square$ An assessment of the current status of the progress achieved and outcomes against defined objectives	
☑ Examples of engagement cases	
☐ Details on eventual escalation strategy taken after the initial dialogue has been unsuccessful (i.e. filing resolutions, issuing a statement, voting against management, divestment etc.)	
$\square$ Details on whether the provided information has been externally assured	
$\square$ Outcomes that have been achieved from the engagement	
☐ Other information	
□ Quarterly or more frequently □ Biannually □ Annually □ Less frequently than annually □ Ad-hoc/when requested  URL  https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en	
Listed equity – (Proxy) Voting  Do you disclose?	
We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
O We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.	
We disclose to the public	
2 discisso to the public	
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
○ No	



Disclosure to public and URL
Disclosure to public and URL
O Disclose all voting decisions
Disclose some voting decisions
Only disclose abstentions and votes against management
Frequency
□ Quarterly or more frequently
☐ Biannually
✓ Annually
<ul><li>☐ Less frequently than annually</li><li>☐ Ad hoc/when requested</li></ul>
Au noo/when requested
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/zurich-proxy-voting-policy-and-guidelines.pdf?la=en
Fixed income
Do you disclose?
○ We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.
○ We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
We disclose to the public

The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same

Yes



Disclosure to public and URL	
Disclosure to public and URL	
Broad approach to RI incorporation	
Detailed explanation of RI incorporation strategy used	
Frequency	
□ Quarterly	
□ Biannually	
☑ Annually	
☐ Less frequently than annually	
☐ Ad hoc/when requested	
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en	
Property	
Do you disclose?	
O We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.	
O We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.	
We disclose to the public	
The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same	
Yes	



Disclosure to public and URL							
Disclosure to public and URL							
<ul> <li>☑ ESG information on how you select property investments</li> <li>☑ ESG information on how you monitor and manage property investments</li> <li>☑ Information on your property investments' ESG performance</li> <li>☐ Other</li> </ul>							
Frequency  □ Quarterly or more frequently							
☐ Biannually  ☐ Annually							
☐ Less frequently than annually ☐ Ad-hoc/when requested							
URL							
https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en							
URL  https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/being-a-responsible-business/measuring-our-progress							

SG 19.2 Additional information [Optional]

Most of the information above is also disclosed annually and publically in this PRI Transparency Report, which we publish annually on our website, in addition to the PRI database.

https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/sustainable-real-estate-management-zurich-imre-ag.pdf?la=en



# **Zurich Insurance Group**

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring

# PRI disclaimer

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# Listed Equity and Fixed Income Strategies

SAM 01 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 1

**SAM 01.1** 

Indicate which of the following ESG incorporation strategies you require your external manager(s) to implement on your behalf for all your listed equity and/or fixed income assets:

Active investment strategies

Active investment strategies	Listed Equity	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)	
Screening	<b>V</b>			Image: section of the content of the	
Thematic		<b>V</b>	<b>I</b>		
Integration	$\checkmark$	<b></b>	Ø		
None of the above					

Passive investment strategies

Passive investment strategies	Listed Equity	FI - SSA	FI -Corporate (financial)	FI -Corporate (non- financial)
Screening	<b>V</b>			<b>I</b>
Thematic				
Integration				
None of the above		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	

SAM 01.2 Additional information. [Optional

In this module, FI SSA refers to two different approaches: municipal credit, which is in scope for ESG integration and/or sovereign, supranational and agency credit, which is only in scope for impact investments (thematic investment), for example, in the form of our green bond mandate (see OO 11.4 for a detailed description of assets in scope for ESG integration).

Given that the vast majority of Zurich's assets are managed actively (see OO SAM 01.1 for details), we have so far considered passively-managed funds to be out-of-scope for our responsible investment approach, with the exception of equity mandates and funds, where Zurich has control of voting rights; in these cases, proxy voting policies are reviewed and voting records monitored (see OO 11.4 for a description of assets in scope for ESG integration) and one quantitative equity mandate that has a climate tilt. In addition, the exclusion screens Zurich



uses also apply to passively managed equity and credit portfolios, which technically allow for the exclusion of single stocks/bonds.

AM 02	Mar	ndatory			Public	Core Assessed	PRI
SAM	02.1	Indicate what RI-re documentation for				n typically covers in the	majority of select
			LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity
_		s investment strategy ctives relate to it	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			Ø
SG incorpo	oration	requirements	V	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		V
ESG reporting requirements		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V		Ø	
Other			<b>V</b>	V	V	$\square$	V
lo RI inform		covered in the tation					
					table SAM 02.1 abo		
	ent sta					raining as well as ESG lestions assessed as pa	
SAM	02.2	Explain how your of investment strateg				ent manager's ability to	align between yo
		Strategy					



	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Assess the time horizon of the investment manager's offering vs. your/beneficiaries' requirements	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			Ø	
Assess the quality of investment policy and its reference to ESG	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø	Ø	<b>V</b>	
Assess the investment approach and how ESG objectives are implemented in the investment process	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			Ø	
Review the manager's firm-level vs. product-level approach to RI	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø		<b>V</b>	
Assess the ESG definitions to be used	V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
Other						
None of the above						

## ESG people/oversight

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)		Private equity	
Assess ESG expertise of investment teams	V	<b>V</b>			[		
Review the oversight and responsibilities of ESG implementation	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>			[	V	
Review how is ESG implementation enforced /ensured	V	<b>V</b>	Ø				
Review the manager's RI-promotion efforts and engagement with the industry					[		
Other					[		
None of the above					[		

## Process/portfolio construction/investment valuation

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
Review the process for ensuring the quality of the ESG data used						
Review and agree the use of ESG data in the investment decision making process	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	V	$\checkmark$	
Review and agree the impact of ESG analysis on investment decisions	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	$\square$	
Review and agree ESG objectives (e.g. risk reduction, return seeking, real-world impact)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				
Review and agree manager's ESG risk framework	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	Ø	Ø	<b>V</b>	
Review and agree ESG risk limits at athe portfolio level (portfolio construction) and other ESG objectives						
Review how ESG materiality is evaluated by the manager	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	Ø	Ø		
Review process for defining and communicating on ESG incidents						
Review and agree ESG reporting frequency and detail	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø	Ø	✓	
Other, specify						
None of the above						



SAM 02.3	Indicate the selection process and its ESG/RI components								
☑ Review ESG/RI responses to RfP, RfI, DDQ etc.									
$\qed$ Review responses to PRI's Limited Partners` Responsible Investment Due Diligence Questionnaire (LP DDQ)									
☐ Review publicly available information on ESG/RI									
☐ Review assurance process on ESG/RI data and processes									
☐ Review P	☐ Review PRI Transparency Reports								
☐ Request a	and discuss PRI Assessment Reports								
	with the potential shortlisted managers covering ESG/RI themes								
☑ Site visits	to potential managers offices								
☐ Other, spe	ecify								

**SAM 02.4** 

When selecting external managers does your organisation set any of the following:

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)	Private equity	
ESG performance development targets	V	$\checkmark$			<b>V</b>	
ESG score	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
ESG weight	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
Real world economy targets		<b>V</b>				
Other RI considerations						
None of the above						

**SAM 02.5** 

Describe how the ESG information reviewed and discussed affects the selection decision making process.[OPTIONAL]

Zurich strives to fully reflect the four basic requirements for successful ESG integration (see SG 01.5 for a description of how Zurich looks at ESG integration) in its asset-manager life-cycle process for all in-scope assets (see OO 11.4 for a description of assets in scope for ESG integration). All reporting regarding SSA refers to Zurich's approach to municipal and sub-sovereign mandates, which are in scope for ESG integration, as well as an existing dedicated SSA green-bond mandate managed by an external asset manager.

### Manager selection

A set of responsible investment questions is included in the request for information (RFI) and request for proposal (RFP) questionnaires, and is included in evaluations with an explicit weighting:

- Please describe your overall philosophy regarding, and approach to, responsible investment, including how you think environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors impact risk-adjusted performance. Address how long-term views are generally incorporated into the investment process.
- Are you a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI)? If not, please explain your decision
- Please describe how you integrate environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors into your investment process, particularly with respect to security/asset selection and risk management. Using a specific example of an ESG-related risk or opportunity, describe how the process in place has influenced

the decision-making. Your answer should also address: 1) Who is primarily responsible for the analysis of ESG



factors? 2) What resources (research, analytical tools, etc.) are available to portfolio managers and analysts to assess ESG factors? 3) If you have a dedicated ESG team, a description of how portfolio managers and equity/credit analysts integrate the input of the ESG team in their work; elaborate on the communication flow (meetings, research reports, etc.).

- If available, please provide a copy of your position statement. If a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment, please provide a brief description of how principles two to six are addressed by your organization.
- As part of your risk management or related processes, do you systematically assess the impact of ESG factors on the financial performance and do you capture exposure to any specific ESG-related risk factors as part of your portfolio-level risk analytics? If yes, do you prepare regular reports on ESG risk factor exposures?
- Please describe your proxy voting process and provide your proxy voting policy as attachment. If you do not actively vote all proxies and/or do not incorporate environmental and social issues in your policy, please explain why.
- Do you discuss specific ESG issues as part of systematic direct engagement with investee company management? If yes, please describe the process and provide three examples. If no, please explain why not.
- Please describe any relevant ESG-related training that portfolio managers and equity/credit analysts receive. If you have a dedicated ESG team, please outline the organization of the team and detail the experience and education of the team members. Use the attached Excel sheet.
- If applicable, please indicate your willingness to share the following materials with clients: selected sections from the PRI questionnaire as prepared for annual PRI reporting, as well as the PRI's analysis of relative performance; portfolio-level report(s) on ESG factor exposure.

The manager selection and responsible investment teams work together to determine the appropriate weight on a case-by-case basis and in evaluating the responses.

Manager appointment

See detailed descriptions in SAM 04.

Manager review

See detailed descriptions in SAM 05.

Note that the process for private equity (PE) fund manager selection is different from the process just described for other asset classes and is performed by a dedicated PE team. Responsible investment practices are formally defined in the private equity investment process manual at the following process stages:

- Investment due diligence
- Investment vetting and approval
- Execution and funding
- · Risk management and reporting.

A set of pre-defined questions is used as part of the due diligence process to guide the assessment of responsible investment practices at the fund manager:

- How does the General Partner (GP) address ESG issues when analyzing investment opportunities?
- · How are ESG issues included in the investment decision process?
- Is there a dedicated team focused on ESG issues?
- Does the GP provide ongoing ESG training for the relevant staff?
- · Is environmental and social impact measured?
- · Monitoring: How are ESG issues monitored at the portfolio company level? Is there a framework in place?
- Has the GP developed an internal ESG policy?
- · Are data on ESG issues systematically collected by the GP?
- Provide specific examples on how ESG issues were addressed.
- Reporting to Limited Partners (LP): Is there a formal ESG reporting process in place? How often are LPs updated? What data is disclosed?
- Is the GP a signatory of the Principles of Responsible Investing (PRI)?

Following the standard private equity investment process, responsible investment practices are then evaluated by our internal private equity team and reviewed by the investment committee as a dedicated item.

SAM	03	Man	datory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2
	SAM 0	3.1	Indicate how your organisation typic majority of the manager selection p		manager's active ownership prac	tices in the
			Engagement			



	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)
Review the manager's engagement policy	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	~	<b>V</b>
Review the manager's engagement process (with examples and outcomes)	V	<b>V</b>		
Ensure whether engagement outcomes feed back into the investment decision-making process	V	<b>V</b>		
Other engagement issues in your selection process specify				

(Proxy)	
IProvv	i votin/
(I IOAY	, voilli

	LE
Review the manager's voting policy	$\checkmark$
Review the manager's ability to align voting activities with clients' specific voting policies	$\checkmark$
Review the manager's process for informing clients about voting decisions	
Ensure whether voting outcomes feed back into the investment decision-making process	
Review the number of votes cast as a percentage of ballots/AGMs or holdings and available rationale	$\overline{V}$
Other active ownership voting issues in your selection process; specify	

3AW 03.2	Besonbe now you assess if the manager's engagement approach is encoure.
☑ Impact on	investment decisions
☐ Financial	impact on target company or asset class
☐ Impact on	ESG profile of company or the portfolio
$\square$ Evidence	of changes in corporate practices(i.e. ESG policies and implementation activities)
☐ Other, spe	ecify
$\square$ None of the	ne above



	SAM 03.3	Describe how you assess if the m	nanager's voting	approach is effective/appropri	iate
	☐ Impact of	on investment decisions			
	☐ Impact of	on ESG profile of company or the port	tfolio		
	□ Evidend	ce of changes in corporate practices(i.	e. ESG policies a	and implementation activities)	
	Other, s	specify			
		asure the percentage of assets under ess' of a voting policy by analysing sta			
	☐ None of	f the above			
	Appoint	nont			
	Appointn	nent			
SAM	04 M	andatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
	SAM 04.1	Indicate if in the majority of cases does any of the following as part			
		andard benchmarks or ESG benchma	rks		
	☑ Defines	ESG objectives and/ or ESG related	exclusions/restric	etions	
	☐ Sets inc	centives and controls linked to the ESC	G objectives		
		es reporting on ESG objectives			
	☑ Require	es the investment manager to adhere t	to ESG guideline	s, regulations, principles or sta	andards
	☐ Other, s	specify (1)			
	☐ Other, s	specify (2)			
		f the above			
	SAM 04.2	Provide an example per asset cla reporting requirements that would			
		3 1			
		Asset class			
	☑ Listed	d equity (LE)			
		Benchmark			
	✓ :	Standard benchmark			
		ESG benchmark, specify			
		ESG Objectives			
		ESG related strategy, specify			
	$\checkmark$	ESG related investment restrictions, s	specify		
	;	See LEI 04.2			
	$\checkmark$	ESG integration, specify			
	;	See SAM 04.4			



	☑ Engagei	ment, specify
	See SAM	Л 04.4
	✓ Voting, s	specify
	See SAM	Л 04.4
	☐ Promotin	ng responsible investment
	☐ ESG spe	ecific improvements
	☐ Other, s	pecify
	☐ ESG gui	delines/regulation, principles/standards, specify
		Incentives and controls
	☑ We do n	ot set incentives and controls
		Reporting requirements
	O Monthly	
	O Quarterl	y
	○ Bi-annua	ally
	<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
	O Ad-hoc/	when requested
✓ F	ixed income	- SSA (SSA)
		Benchmark
		Benchmark  benchmark, specify
	Benchm benchma	d benchmark, specify arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and
	Benchm benchma investme	d benchmark, specify arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of
	Benchm benchma investme	d benchmark, specify arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
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	Benchmbenchmainvestme  ESG ber  ESG rela  ESG rela  ESG inter  For mun	d benchmark, specify  arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.  acht objectives  ated strategy, specify  ated investment restrictions, specify agration, specify icipal mandates, our ESG integration requirements apply, see SAM 04.4  ment, specify icipal mandates, our ESG integration requirements apply, see SAM 04.4
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	Incentives and controls
☑ We do n	ot set incentives and controls
	Reporting requirements
○ Ad-hoc/\	when requested
<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
○ Bi-annua	ally
<ul><li>Quarterl</li></ul>	y
O Monthly	
 Fixed income	- Corporate (financial)
	Benchmark
	d benchmark, specify
benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
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	ESG Objectives
☑ Other, s	
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We instr	pecify uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and
We instrinvest in	pecify uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate.
We instrinvest in	pecify uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate. ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify
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We instrinvest in  ESG related See FI 0  ESG interpretations See SAM  Engager See SAM  Voting, s	pecify  uct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate.  ated strategy, specify  ated investment restrictions, specify  4  egration, specify  M 04.4  ment, specify  M 04.4  specify  gresponsible investment  ecific improvements
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We instrinvest in  ESG related See FI 0  ESG interest See SAM  Engager See SAM  Voting, see SAM  Promotir  ESG spee	cuct all our fixed income portfolio managers to take into account impact considerations and green, social or sustainability bonds where appropriate.  ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify 4 egration, specify M 04.4 ment, specify M 04.4 specify ng responsible investment ecific improvements pecify



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	Reporting requirements
O Ad-hoc/	when requested
<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
○ Bi-annua	ally
O Quarterl	у
O Monthly	
Fixed income	- Corporate (non-financial)
	Benchmark
	d benchmark, specify
benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
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	ESG Objectives
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☐ ESG related ESG related ESG into See SAN	pecify ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify 4 egration, specify
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☐ ESG rela  ☑ ESG rela  See FI Co ☑ ESG into See SAN ☑ Engage	pecify ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify  4 egration, specify  M 04.4 ment, specify M 04.4
☐ ESG rela  See FI C  ESG into See SAI  Engager  See SAI  Voting, s	pecify ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify  4 egration, specify  M 04.4 ment, specify M 04.4
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□ ESG rela See FI C □ ESG inte See SAI □ Engage See SAI □ Voting, s □ Promotin □ ESG spe □ Other, s We instr	pecify ated strategy, specify ated investment restrictions, specify 4 egration, specify M 04.4 ment, specify M 04.4 specify ng responsible investment ecific improvements

incentives and controls

 $\ensuremath{\,\boxtimes\,}$  We do not set incentives and controls



		Reporting requirements
	○ Ad-hoc/v	when requested
	<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
	O Bi-annua	ally
	O Quarterly	у
	O Monthly	
<b>V</b>	Private equity	
		Benchmark
		d benchmark, specify
	benchma	arks are determined in the context of a specific portfolio and Zurich uses a variety of arks and benchmark families depending on geographic scope, investment strategy, and ent objectives.
	☐ ESG ber	nchmark, specify
		ESG Objectives
	□ ESG rela	ated strategy, specify
	□ ESG rela	ated investment restrictions, specify
	☑ ESG inter	egration, specify
	See SAN	Л 04.4
	☑ Engager	ment, specify
	See SAN	Л 04.4
	☐ Voting, s	specify
	☐ Promotir	ng responsible investment
	☐ ESG spe	ecific improvements
	☑ Other, sp	pecify
		ne selection decision for dedicated impact PE funds depends on reporting requirements. Impact be reported at least annually.
	☐ ESG gui	delines/regulation, principles/standards, specify
		Incentives and controls
	☑ We do n	ot set incentives and controls
		Reporting requirements
	O Ad-hoc/v	when requested
	<ul><li>Annually</li></ul>	
	O Bi-annua	ally
	O Quarterly	y
	○ Monthly	



SAM 04.3	Indicate which of these actions your organisation might take if any of the requirements are not met
☑ Discuss re	equirements not met and set project plan to rectify
☑ Place inve	estment manager on a "watch list"
☑ Track and	I investigate reason for non-compliance
☐ Re-negoti	ate fees
☑ Failing all	actions, terminate contract with the manager
☐ Other, spe	ecify

SAM 04.4

Provide additional information relevant to your organisation's appointment processes of external managers. [OPTIONAL]

We believe that proactively integrating ESG factors into the investment process helps our asset managers to generate superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns. Rather than using ESG benchmarks that prescribe a specific application of ESG factors, we prefer to work with our asset managers to use their own ESG integration techniques in an attempt to outperform market benchmarks.

 $\square$  No actions are taken if any of the ESG requirements are not met

See SAM 02.5 for detailed process on how ESG is integrated into manager selection, appointment and monitoring. Note that the process for private equity (PE) fund manager selection is different from the process described in SAM 02.5 for other asset classes and is performed by a dedicated PE team. Zurich expects its asset managers to reflect the four basic requirements of ESG integration in their investment approach.

In 2015, Zurich began to include specific requirements with respect to ESG in side letters to its partnership agreements. The following wording serves as an internal template and is adapted on a case-by-case basis to take into account the individual nature of each investment. The language used does not represent a recommendation to any third party to use this or similar wording in IMAs:

### For equities/fixed income in scope:

"In pursuing the investment objectives set forth in the Investment Guidelines, the investment manager will have a process for assessing and monitoring current or potential investments in relation to relevant long-term factors such as environmental, social and corporate governance issues (the 'ESG Factors'). The investment manager will ensure that its staff receives adequate training, access to relevant data and information, and applies due care and diligence to applying this process, including considering the extent to which the ESG Factors generate investment risks or opportunities. The investment manager seeks to act in the best long-term interests of the client by taking ESG factors (identified as relevant) into account when making investment decisions. All else equal, the investment manager will prefer securities which, in the investment manager's assessment, show superior environmental, social, and governance practices.

Upon the reasonable request of the client, the investment manager will attend meetings, presentations and, if necessary, discussions with third parties relating to the Accounts, and will provide any information reasonably requested by the client in connection therewith. In addition, the investment manager shall at least annually make available to the client a written position statement describing the investment manager's approach to include the ESG Factors in their investment decisions and, upon reasonable request, the investment manager shall discuss any achievements in implementing those practices.

The investment manager will discuss, upon reasonable request, exposures to material environmental, social, and governance risk factors, and a watch list of accounts investments exposed, as identified by the investment manager, to particularly controversial ESG issues, with an explanation of how the investment manager has sought to identify, monitor and manage such exposures, including any action taken to directly engage with the management of investee companies.

The investment manager will discuss, to the extent the investment manager engages directly with the management of investee companies as part of its regular investment process, ESG factors identified as relevant.

Equity mandates also include provisions that require the asset manager to exercise voting rights on Zurich's behalf.

#### For private equity:

1. Responsible Investing Statement of Policy: The General Partner acknowledges that it has read the 'Responsible Investing Statement of Policy' of Zurich Insurance Group ('Zurich'), which is attached to this letter as Annex I. Zurich acknowledges that the General Partner's acknowledgement does not impose any obligations on behalf of the General Partner.



Annex I - Statement of Policy The Investor's ultimate parent entity, Zurich Insurance Group Ltd ('Zurich'), strives to manage its assets as a responsible investor and believes that responsible investing requires recognizing certain principles associated with environmental, social, and governance ('ESG') issues. Zurich believes that these principles are embodied in the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investing ('UNPRI'), to which Zurich is a signatory. Zurich believes that these initiatives will ultimately benefit our investors through the creation or manufacture of services or products in ways that minimize environmental impact, the promotion of reasonable treatment for all stakeholders, and ensuring appropriate governance. Zurich also believes that embracing ESG matters enhances the reputation of private equity, which will benefit the industry and our investors. Consequently, it is Zurich's policy to apply the UNPRI to its own investment practices, and Zurich will encourage those with whom it invests to adopt them as well. As a limited partner in private equity funds, Zurich or its affiliates must delegate the responsibility for selection and management of individual investments to the general partners of the funds. Zurich recognizes that the UNPRI are voluntary and do not preclude investment nor require divestment; however, it is Zurich's policy to engage its managers on these issues during due diligence and through subsequent monitoring. Zurich will periodically report on its efforts to gauge the effectiveness of its own efforts and those of its managers with the UNPRI.

- 2. ESG Dialogue: The General Partner hereby agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts to discuss environmental, social, and governance ('ESG') issues, risks and opportunities identified by the General Partner as material or otherwise deemed relevant by the General Partner at the level of the Partnership's portfolio companies on a periodic basis upon the request of the Investor.
- 3. ESG in the Investment Process: The General Partner shall use commercially reasonable efforts to assess relevant risks and opportunities prior to making investments for the Partnership and shall ensure that its investment process, systems and staff support the identification of ESG factors that may be material to any investment or otherwise deemed relevant by the General Partner.

	Monit	oring				
SAM	05	Mar	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
	SAM 0	5.1	When monitoring managers, indicat information your organisation typica			nent

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non-financial)	Private equity	
ESG objectives linked to investment strategy (with examples)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	Ø	<b>V</b>	
Evidence on how the ESG incorporation strategy(ies) affected the investment decisions and financial / ESG performance of the portfolio/fund	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			<b>I</b>	
Compliance with investment restrictions and any controversial investment decisions	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V		<b>V</b>	
ESG portfolio characteristics	V	V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
How ESG materiality has been evaluated by the manager in the monitored period	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	☑		
Information on any ESG incidents						
Metrics on the real economy influence of the investments		<b>V</b>	V	Ø	<b>V</b>	
PRI Transparency Reports						
PRI Assessment Reports						
RI-promotion and engagement with the industry to enhance RI implementation						
Changes to the oversight and responsibilities of ESG implementation						
Other general RI considerations in investment management agreements; specify	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	Ø	<b>V</b>	
None of the above						

If you select any `Other` option(s), specify

See SAM 05.3 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers.



**SAM 05.2** 

When monitoring external managers, does your organisation set any of the following to measure compliance/progress

	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corporate (non- financial)	Private equity	
ESG score	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$		
ESG weight	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
ESG performance minimum threshold	V	<b>V</b>				
Real world economy targets		V	<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>	
Other RI considerations	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
None of the above						

If you select any `Other` option(s), specify

See SAM 05.3 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers.

SAM 05.3

Provide additional information relevant to your organisation`s monitoring processes of external managers. [OPTIONAL]

### Manager review

Zurich uses the following elements to formally integrate responsible investment practices into the monitoring process:

- Use of a detailed questionnaire to capture responsible investment practices applied specifically to Zurich portfolios
- Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at a portfolio level as part of formal performance review meetings
- Discussion of ESG performance as part of Asset-Liability Management Investment Committee (ALMIC) meetings
- Discussion of responsible investment practices at formal senior-level relationship meetings
- Integration of responsible investment practices into Zurich's proprietary asset manager evaluation system

Note that impact ('real world economy') targets are only monitored for Zurich's dedicated allocations to impact investments as highlighted in SG 18. Reporting regarding SSA refers to Zurich's existing dedicated SSA green bond mandate managed by an external asset manager, as well as municipal credit mandates. (See OO11.4 for a description of the scope for ESG integration.)

SAM 06.1 When monitoring managers, indicate which of the following active ownership information your organisation typically reviews and evaluates from the investment manager in meetings/calls

Engagement



	LE	FI - SSA	FI - Corporate (financial)	FI - Corpora (non-financ	
eport on engagements undertaken (summary with etrics, themes, issues, sectors or similar)	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	
eport on engagement ESG impacts (outcomes, ogress made against objectives and examples)					
formation on any escalation strategy taken after itial unsuccessful dialogue					
ignment with any eventual engagement programme one internally					
formation on the engagement activities' impact on vestment decisions					
ther RI considerations relating to engagement in vestment management agreements; specify					
one of the above					
(Proxy) voting					LE
(Proxy) voting  Report on voting undertaken (with outcomes and	l exar	nples)			LE 🗹
	l exar	nples)			
Report on voting undertaken (with outcomes and	l exar	nples)			<b>V</b>
Report on voting undertaken (with outcomes and Report on voting decisions taken			management agree	ments; specify	
Report on voting undertaken (with outcomes and Report on voting decisions taken  Adherence with the agreed upon voting policy			management agree	ments; specify	

✓ Votes cast (to the nearest 5%)



%

65

Specify the basis on which this percentage is calculated.

- Of the total number of ballot items on which they could have issued instructions
- Of the total number of company meetings at which they could have voted
- Of the total value of your listed equity holdings on which they could have voted
- $\square$  We do not collect this information.

**SAM 07.2** 

For the listed equities for which you have given your external managers a mandate to engage on your behalf, indicate the approximate percentage (+/- 5%) of companies that were engaged with during the reporting year.

Proportion (to the nearest 5%)

100

**SAM 07.3** 

Additional information [OPTIONAL]

Note that we measure 'votes cast' based on end-of-year AuM. Accordingly, the 35 percent not voted includes assets not voted due to legal restrictions, cost/benefit considerations, stages of proxy voting roll-out of an asset manager or portfolio turn-over.

Note that the 100 percent reported for engagement is based on AuM managed by external asset managers who apply an active engagement approach.

### **Outputs and outcomes**

**SAM 08** 

Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose

**Public** 

**Descriptive** 

PRI 1

**SAM 08.1** 

Describe how you ensure that best RI practice is applied to managing your assets

☑ Encourage improved RI practices with existing investment managers

Measures

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work together very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.

- ☐ Move assets over to investment managers with better RI practices
- ☑ Other, specify

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work together very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.



Measures

See SAM 05 for details on how Zurich monitors and reviews ESG integration practices of its asset managers. As part of this process, we work very closely with our asset managers to improve responsible investment practices.

☐ None of the above

SAM 09 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,6

**SAM 09.1** 

Provide examples of how ESG issues have been addressed in the manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring process for your organisation during the reporting year.

☑ Add Example 1

Topic or issue	Manager Selection of US High Yield bond manager
Conducted by	☑ Internal staff
Asset class	<ul> <li>□ All asset classes</li> <li>□ Listed Equity</li> <li>□ Fixed income – SSA</li> <li>□ Fixed income – corporate (financial)</li> <li>☑ Fixed income – corporate (non financial)</li> <li>□ Private equity</li> </ul>
Scope and process	Zurich conducted a manager search during 2019 for a US High Yield bond manager
Outcomes	Zurich includes ESG criteria on various levels of a search process: the most stringent ones are applied during the RFP and due diligence stage, where we demand specific information and examples of ESG integration. During this specific search process we have not only engaged and discussed with the candidates how they have integrated ESG but have also given them feedback after the due diligence is done on how their approach and level compares in our view with that of the other managers. To laggards we provide information on where and how they fell behind and how they could improve. We have also stressed as part of this process that ESG is becoming an increasingly important factor when evaluating different candidates and having good capabilities could confer a competitive edge.

☑ Add Example 2



Topic or issue	Investment Management Agreements	
Conducted by	☑ Internal staff	
Asset class	☑ All asset classes	
	☐ Listed Equity	
	☐ Fixed income – SSA	
	☐ Fixed income – corporate (financial)	
	☐ Fixed income – corporate (non financial)	
	☐ Private equity	
Scope and process	Zurich is updating IMAs with existing asset manager to include ESG language.	
Outcomes	In 2019, further IMAs were updated. IMAs including ESG language are now covering 94% of in-scope assets. (See OO 11.4 for a description of the scope for ESG integration.)	
☐ Add Example 3		
☐ Add Exa	☐ Add Example 4	
☐ Add Exa	☐ Add Example 5	
☐ Add Example 6		
☐ Add Exar	☐ Add Example 7	

 $\hfill\square$  We are not able to provide examples

# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation** 

# PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



### ESG incorporation in actively managed listed equities

# Implementation processes **LEI 01 Mandatory Public** PRI 1 **Gateway** Indicate which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies you apply to your actively managed listed equities; and the breakdown of your actively managed listed equities by **LEI 01.1** strategy or combination of strategies. ESG incorporation strategy (select all that apply) ☑ Screening alone (i.e., not combined with any other strategies) Percentage of active listed equity to which the strategy is applied — you may estimate +/-% 5% 7 ☐ Thematic alone (i.e., not combined with any other strategies) ☐ Integration alone (i.e., not combined with any other strategies) ☑ Screening and integration strategies Percentage of active listed equity to which the strategy is applied — you may estimate +/-% 5% 93 ☐ Thematic and integration strategies ☐ Screening and thematic strategies ☐ All three strategies combined ☐ We do not apply incorporation strategies Total actively managed listed equities 100% Describe your organisation's approach to ESG incorporation and the reasons for choosing the **LEI 01.2** particular strategy/strategies.

#### Primary reasons are:

- Integration strategies: expected to yield superior risk-adjusted returns over the long-term
- Screening: consistent Group-wide process to manage specific controversial issues

Zurich believes that ESG factors do have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.



As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distills all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this assumption, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.

Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

#### 1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curricula.

#### 2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated inhouse teams, or broker research.

### 3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

### 4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. In some instances in-house asset management teams also manage specific funds that form part of insurance products offered directly to clients. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. But while some best practices may not be applicable under all circumstances, minimum standards related to the four basic requirements of ESG integration (described in this text) apply across teams:

### 1. Training minimum standard

- Responsible investment competency assigned to asset management team.
- Training modules covering assigned competency levels completed successfully.

### Best practice

- Additional relevant training through seminars, webinars, etc.
- Review of selected academic research; responsible investment publications; etc.

### 2. Access to information Minimum standard

Access to MSCI ESG manager platform for all portfolio managers and investment analysts.

#### Best practice

- Use of ESG data from other data providers, such as Bloomberg, etc.
- Use of ESG research and analysis provided by brokers.



- Encouraging brokers to reflect ESG issues in research and analysis.
- 3. Investment process minimum standard
  - Review of ESG research before making security selection decisions.
  - Other things being equal, preference for issuers with superior ESG performance.
  - Integration of ESG risk exposure and exposure to controversial business practices in reporting to the local ALM investment committee (ALMIC).
  - Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at investment team meetings.

### Best practice

- Integration of ESG factors into bottom-up equity or credit investment research.[1]
- Integration of ESG factors into industry sector analysis.
- ESG analytics at a portfolio level.

### 4. Active ownership minimum standard

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy.
- Review of ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and central Responsible Investment team

[further points on best practice see LEI 01.3]

[1] Only a few Zurich teams conduct bottom-up research in-house.

LEI 01.3

If assets are managed using a combination of ESG incorporation strategies, briefly describe how these combinations are used. [Optional]

## [addition to LEI 01.2]

## Best practice

- Pro-active and targeted outreach to brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee companies
  with material ESG issues, as well as industry or regulatory bodies, in support of identified responsible
  investment matters.
- Initiating or joining engagements on identified priority topics with external asset managers or peers.
- Actively taking on and championing an engagement topic through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other adequate channels.

Screening applies to all direct equity investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of equity mandates in scope of ESG integration, and to LEI 04 for details on the screening process.

LEI 02 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

LEI 02.1

Indicate what ESG information you use in your ESG incorporation strategies and who provides this information.

## Type of ESG information

☑ Raw ESG company data



Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
$\square$ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ Company-related analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
$\square$ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ Sector-related analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
☐ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☐ Country-related analysis or ratings	
☑ Screened stock list	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
☑ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
$\square$ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☑ ESG issue-specific analysis or ratings	
Indicate who provides this information	
☑ ESG research provider	
☐ Sell-side	
$\hfill\Box$ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team	
$\hfill\Box$ In-house – analyst or portfolio manager	
☐ Other, specify	

Indicate whether you incentivise brokers to provide ESG research.

Yes



LEI 02.3

Describe how you incentivise brokers.

Since 2014, Zurich has conducted three campaigns involving dozens of brokers, asking them to integrate ESG into their analysis and research products. The teams have kept up a dialogue with brokers on ESG integration.

 $\bigcirc$  No

LEI 02.4

Additional information. [Optional]

na

LEI 03 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

LEI 03.1

Indicate whether your organisation has a process through which information derived from ESG engagement and/or (proxy) voting activities is made available for use in investment decision-making.

- - We have a systematic process to ensure the information is made available.
  - O We occasionally make this information available.
  - O We do not make this information available.
- ☑ (Proxy) voting
  - We have a systematic process to ensure the information is made available.
  - O We occasionally make this information available.
  - O We do not make this information available.

LEI 03.2 Additional information. [Optional]

As part of Zurich's engagement approach, our own teams now reflect ESG issues in their interaction with investee companies. In such cases, engagement is driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective of generating insights as part of the investment process. Through the equity center of excellence, the equity portfolio managers and/or analysts organise quarterly reverse road shows to meet with companies directly. In these meetings both financial and ESG topics are discussed.

In 2019, Zurich drove a second coordinated top-down engagement campaign in connection with its thermal coal policy update. Insights gathered through this process are shared with portfolio managers. Zurich's in-house portfolio managers all have access to the proxy voting platform of their relevant universe.

# (A) Implementation: Screening LEI 04 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1

LEI 04.1

Indicate and describe the type of screening you apply to your internally managed active listed equities.

Type of screening

☑ Negative/exclusionary screening

S	creened by
	☑ Sector
	☐ Country/geographic region
	$\overline{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$

### Description

The screen that we apply currently comprises producers of UN-sanctioned weapons (banned cluster munitions and anti-personal landmines), companies that generate more than 30 percent of their revenue from mining thermal coal or oil shale; generate at least 30 percent of their revenue directly from the extraction of oil from oil sands; or generate more than 30 percent of their electricity from coal or oil shale (our updated climate position announced in June 2019) as well as any companies Zurich may choose to disengage with, based on the process described in LEI 04.2.

☐ Positive/best-in-class screening☐ Norms-based screening

**LEI 04.2** 

Describe how you notify clients and/or beneficiaries when changes are made to your screening criteria.

Zurich's insurance businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate potential ESG issues and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving large projects and corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers and brokers to better manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A referral desk is in place to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on appropriate mitigation actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and analyzed and management receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability risks in business transactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact in underwriting may result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases (primarily related to banned cluster munitions, and anti-personnel land mines and thermal coal), the approach may result in a decision to stop doing business with a company, including any forms of direct investment. In Zurich's view, it is very important to apply any 'exclusion' or 'negative screening' consistently across the Group, including in underwriting and investment

If a decision is made to exclude, exclusion screens are prepared by Zurich's sustainability team, based on Zurich's code of conduct and the Group's commitment to the UN Global Compact, and are the result of a structured process to manage sustainability risks in business transactions. Currently the screen consists mainly of weapons banned by the UN (cluster munitions and anti-personnel landmines) and companies that are active in the thermal coal and oil sands sector (updated policy as announced in June 2019).

Zurich generally will no longer underwrite or invest in companies that:

- generate more than 30 percent of their revenue from mining thermal coal, or produce more than 20 million tons of thermal coal per year;
- generate more than 30 percent of their electricity from coal;
- are in the process of developing any new coal mining or coal power infrastructure;
- generate at least 30 percent of their revenue directly from the extraction of oil from oil sands;
- are purpose-built (or "dedicated") transportation infrastructure operators for oil sands products, including pipelines and railway transportation;
- generate more than 30 percent of their revenue from mining oil shale, or
- generate more than 30 percent of their electricity from oil shale.



A list of these companies is provided quarterly by various third-party research providers. If a company is identified that is a Zurich customer, Zurich will conduct a sustainability assessment and start an engagement process with the customer. If, after a period of two years since the new climate position came in place, the engagement has not delivered any positive results, Zurich will stop entering into any new business with the company in question and will also divest from direct investments. The list of companies is circulated quarterly to all internal and external asset managers.

LEI 05	Mandato	ory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1		
	LEI 05.1	Indicate which processes your analysis.	organisation uses	to ensure ESG screening is base	d on robust		
•		ensive ESG research is undertak	en or sourced to de	etermine companies' activities an	d products.		
			ou or your research	provider to review ESG research	n on them		
				excluded/included is subject to in	ternal audit		
		ty ESG ratings are updated regul	arly to ensure that	portfolio holdings comply with fun	d policies.		
		latforms blocking / restricting flag	ged securities on t	he black list.			
				nt of the individuals who conduct	company		
	☑ A periodice	c review of internal research is ca	arried out.				
	☑ Review a	nd evaluation of external researc	h providers.				
	☐ Other; sp	ecify					
	☐ None of t	he above					
LEI 05.2 Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject comprehensive ESG research as part your ESG screening strategy.					ct to		
	○ <10%						
	○ 10-50%						
	○ 51-90%						
	>90%						
	LEI 05.3	Indicate how frequently third pa	arty ESG ratings ar	e updated for screening purposes	S.		
	<ul><li>Quarterly</li></ul>	or more frequently					
	O Bi-Annua	lly					
	O Annually						
	<ul> <li>☑ Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products.</li> <li>☑ Companies are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies.</li> <li>☑ External research and data used to identify companies to be excluded/included is subject to internal audit by ESG/RI staff, the internal audit function or similar.</li> <li>☑ Third-party ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure that portfolio holdings comply with fund policies.</li> <li>☑ Trading platforms blocking / restricting flagged securities on the black list.</li> <li>☑ A committee, body or similar with representatives independent of the individuals who conduct company research reviews some or all screening decisions.</li> <li>☑ A periodic review of internal research is carried out.</li> <li>☑ Review and evaluation of external research providers.</li> <li>☐ Other; specify</li> <li>☐ None of the above</li> <li>LEI 05.2</li> <li>Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject to comprehensive ESG research as part your ESG screening strategy.</li> <li>○ &lt;10%</li> <li>○ 10-50%</li> <li>○ 51-90%</li> <li>○ &gt;90%</li> <li>LEI 05.3</li> <li>Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings are updated for screening purposes.</li> <li>④ Quarterly or more frequently</li> <li>○ Bi-Annually</li> </ul>						
	LEI 05.4 Indicate how frequently you review internal research that builds your ESG screens.						
	<ul><li>Quarterly</li></ul>	or more frequently					
	O Bi-Annua	lly					
	O Annually						
	○ Less fred	uently than annually					



LEI 05.5

Additional information. [Optional]

Please refer to the process described in LEI 04.2 for details.

**LEI 06** Additional Assessed Voluntary **Public** PRI 1 LEI 06.1 Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure fund criteria are not breached. ☑ Systematic checks are performed to ensure that stocks meet the fund's screening criteria ☑ Automated IT systems prevent investment managers from investing in excluded stocks or those that do not meet positive screening criteria ☑ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken regularly by internal audit function ☐ Periodic auditing/checking of the organisations RI funds by external party ☐ Other; specify ☐ None of the above If breaches of fund screening criteria are identified, describe the process followed to correct LEI 06.2 those breaches.

In cases where guidelines are breached, the local, regional and/or central investment teams will discuss the breach with the asset manager, determine adequate remediation on a case-by-case basis (including the reversal of transactions or granting of waivers), and inform the investment committee of the breach and action taken.

LEI 06.3 Additional information. [Optional]

External and internal asset managers receive a quarterly 'restricted' list containing information on companies nearing or breaching counterparty credit risk limits on a Group level, as well as restricted names from the process explained in LEI 04.2. Occasional checks made of the restricted names against Group holdings are performed in line with a process used to manage other types of guideline breaches.

(C) Implementation: Integration of ESG factors

LEI 08 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1

LEI 08.1 Indicate the proportion of actively managed listed equity portfolios where E, S and G factors are systematically researched as part of your investment analysis.



ESG issues	Proportion impacted by analysis		
Environmental			
	Environmental		
	O <10%		
	○ 10-50%		
	● 51-90%		
	O >90%		
Social			
	Social		
	O <10%		
	● 10-50%		
	○ 51-90%		
	O >90%		
Corporate			
Governance	Corporate Governance		
	O <10%		
	○ 10-50%		
	● 51-90%		
	O >90%		

LEI 08.2 Additional information. [Optional

Zurich does not generally conduct in-house equity research and interprets this question as relating to the overall analysis process, including the review of external research, leading up to security selection decisions. Please refer to LEI 01.3 for details about the minimum standards for ESG integration in the security selection process. Currently, all of Zurich's major in-house teams systematically apply the ESG integration process as described in LEI 01.2 and LEI 01.3, which includes a review of potential ESG issues.

LEI 09	Mandatani	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
LEIUS	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI

LEI 09.1	Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure ESG integration is based on robust analysis.					
	ensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products					
	☑ Companies are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies					
☑ Third-par	☑ Third-party ESG ratings are updated regularly					
☐ A periodic	c review of the internal research is carried out					
	d, regular ESG specific meetings between responsible investment staff and the fund manager or vestments team					
☐ ESG risk	profile of a portfolio against benchmark					
☑ Analysis of the second	of the impact of ESG factors on investment risk and return performance					
☐ Other; sp	ecify					
☐ None of t	ne above					
LEI 09.2	Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject to comprehensive ESG research as part your integration strategy.					
○ <10%						
○ 10-50%						
○ 51-90%						
<b>●</b> >90%						
LEI 09.3	Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings that inform your ESG integration strategy are updated.					
<ul><li>Quarterly</li></ul>	or more frequently					
O Bi-Annua	lly					
○ Annually						
O Less freq	uently than annually					
LEI 09.5	Describe how ESG information is held and used by your portfolio managers.					
☑ ESG info	rmation is held within centralised databases or tools, and it is accessible by all relevant staff					
	☐ ESG information or analysis is a standard section or aspect of all company research notes or industry/sector analysis generated by investment staff					
	ic records are kept that capture how ESG information and research were incorporated into decisions					
☐ Other; sp	ecify					



 $\hfill\square$  None of the above LEI 09.6

Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich sources third-party ESG data and research, which are available to all portfolio managers and other relevant staff within Group Investment Management directly on the provider's platform. Portfolio managers and analysts are encouraged to complement this information with ESG research provided by brokers and other sources. Zurich does not generally conduct in-house equity research. In addition, ESG ratings and other key ESG information are integrated into Group Investment Management's global investment data warehouse (GIDW).

LEI 10	Mandatory Disclose	to Report Voluntary to	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1		
	New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.						
	LEI 10.1 Indicate which aspects of investment analysis you integrate material ESG information into.						
	☑ Economic ar	nalysis					
		Proportion of actively man	aged listed equity e	exposed to investment analysis			
	<b>●</b> <10%						
	O 10-50%	)					
	O 51-90%						
	○ >90%						
	☑ Industry ana	lysis					
		Proportion of actively man	aned listed equity of	exposed to investment analysis			
		1 Toportion of actively main	aged listed equity (	sxposed to investment analysis			
	O <10%						
	O 10-50%						
	● 51-90%						
	O >90%						
	☑ Quality of many controls	anagement					
		Proportion of actively man	aged listed equity 6	exposed to investment analysis			
		Troportion of dotivory man	agoa notoa oquity (	expected to invocation analysis			
	O <10%						
	O 10-50%						
	○ 51-90%						
	>90%						



☑ Analysis of company strategy

Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis	
○ <10%	
O 10-50%	
○ 51-90%	
• >90%	
☑ Portfolio weighting	
Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis	
○ <10%	
○ 10-50%	
51-90%	
○ >90%	
☑ Security sensitivity and/or scenario analysis	
Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis	
O <10%	
O 10-50%	
○ 51-90%	
• >90%	
☑ Fair value/fundamental analysis	
Proportion of actively managed listed equity exposed to investment analysis	
○ <10%	
○ 10-50%	
○ 51-90%	
● >90%	
☐ Other; specify	
LEI 10.2 Indicate which methods are part of your process to integrate ESG information into fair value/fundamental analysis.	
☑ Adjustments to forecasted company financials (sales, operating costs, earnings, cash flows)	
☑ Adjustments to valuation-model variables (discount rates, terminal value, perpetuity growth rates)	
☑ Valuation multiples	
☑ Other adjustments; specify	
The portfolio manager will make a subjective adjustment	
LEI 10.3 Describe how you integrate ESG information into portfolio weighting.	

Approaches applied by selected teams include:

- Assessment of weighted ESG ratings relative to benchmark
- Use of ESG rating to screen investment universe
- Taking larger active positions if ESG factors reduce risk



**LEI 10.4** 

Describe the methods you have used to adjust the income forecast/valuation tool.

The portfolio manager will make a subjective adjustment.

**LEI 10.5** 

Describe how you apply sensitivity and /or scenario analysis to security valuations.

Approaches applied by selected teams include testing different levels of variables (i.e., higher extraordinary and legal expenses) in their models to compare a company against its sector peers or stress test the model for best/worst case scenarios

**LEI 10.6** 

Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 01.3 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

In answering LEI 10, options were selected if applied systematically at least by one team.

	ESG	incor	poration in passively managed	nstea equiti	es	
LEI 11		Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose		Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
LEI 11.1 Indicate if you manage passive construction methodology.		ed equity fund	s that incorporate ESG factor	s in the index		

○ Yes

No

LEI 11.4

Additional information. [Optional]

na

Out	puts	and	out	tcon	nes
- Cu	pare	<b>GIII</b> G	- Cu	.001	

LEI 12 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1

LEI 12.1

Indicate how your ESG incorporation strategies have influenced the composition of your portfolio(s) or investment universe.



Describe any reduction in your starting investment universe or other effects.

See screening process described at LEI 04, which applies to all active equity mandates. The restrictive impact on the investment universe is relatively small.

Specify the percentage reduction (+/- 5%)

%

2

☑ Integration of ESG factors

Select which of these effects followed your ESG integration.

☑ Reduce or prioritise the investment universe

☐ Overweight/underweight at sector level
☑ Overweight/underweight at stock level
☑ Buy/sell decisions
☑ Engagement / Voting
☑ Other; specify
Position sizing
☐ None of the above

LEI 12.2

Additional information.[Optional]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

In answering LEI 12.1, options were selected if applied systematically at least by one team.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 01.3 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

LEI 13 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1

LEI 13.1

Provide examples of ESG factors that affected your investment view and/or performance during the reporting year.

☑ ESG factor 1



ESG factor and explanation					
The portfolio manager was looking into more details of the business operation model of a packaging company It uses plastic to a significant degree in its packaging solutions. Although it is working toward recyclable and circular economy solutions, we felt its exposure in this area and to carbonated drinks in general could hamper its long-term growth prospects.					
ESG incorporation strategy applied					
2.2 1.2					
Integration					
□ Screening					
☑ Integration					
Impact on investment decision or performance					
The portfolio manager decided to reduce the holding of the company. There may be better long-term investment opportunities elsewhere.					

☑ ESG factor 2

ESG factor and explanation

The team decided to not re-invest in a fast food company following disclosures of major issues with the persistent under-payment of staff. In addition, the company lagged behind peers in efforts to move to healthier menu choices and lacked policies on sustainable sourcing. Despite the company's low ESG scores, the team felt the risks were not fully priced in, resulting in an overvaluation of the stock.

ESG incorporation strategy applied

Integration

☐ Screening

☑ Integration

Impact on investment decision or performance

The portfolio manager decided to divest the holdings in the company's stock.

☐ ESG factor 3

☐ ESG factor 4

☐ ESG factor 5



LEI 13.2

Additional information.[Optional]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly, depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

The examples provided in LEI 13.1 apply to specific portfolios managed by different teams and reflect different investment approaches.

See LEI 01.2 & LEI 03.2 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

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# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership** 

## PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



Ove	erview				
LEA 01	Manda	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
New s	selection o	ptions have been added	I to this indicator. Pleas	e review your prefilled resp	onses carefully.
LEA		Indicate whether your org voting).	anisation has an active o	wnership policy (includes eng	agement and/or
	'es				
	LEA 01.2	Attach or provide a L	JRL to your active owners	ship policy.	
	O Attachr	ment provided:			
	• URL pr	ovided:			
		URL			
	https://v	www.zurich.com/-/media/ <sub> </sub> odf?la=en	project/zurich/dotcom/sus	stainability/docs/responsible-in	vestment-at-
	<u>zuncn.</u>	<u>oui na=en</u>			
	LEA 01.3	Indicate what your ad	ctive engagement policy of	covers:	
		On and an area do	ta Aatina Oossaaahin		
			to Active Ownership		
		flicts of interest			
	_	nment with national stewa		3	
		ets/funds covered by activ	e ownership policy		
	-	ectations and objectives			
	☑ Enga	agement approach			
		Engagement			
	$\checkmark$	ESG issues			
	$\checkmark$	Prioritisation of engagem	nent		
		Methods of engagement			
	$\checkmark$	Transparency of engage	ment activities		





 $\hfill\square$  Due diligence and monitoring process

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  Insider information

	Voting			
	☑ ESG issues			
☑ Prioritisation and scope of voting activities				
	✓ Methods of voting			
	☑ Transparency of voting activities			
	☑ Regional voting practice approaches			
	☐ Filing or co-filing resolutions			
	☐ Company dialogue pre/post-vote			
	☑ Decision-making processes			
	☑ Securities lending processes			
	☐ Other; (specify)			
	Other			
	None of the above			
○ No				
LEA 01.4	Do you outsource any of your active ownership activities to service providers?			
<ul><li>Yes</li></ul>				
LEA (	Where active ownership activities are conducted by service providers, indicate whether your active ownership policy covers any of the following:			
☑ Ou	☑ Outline of service provider`s role in implementing your organisation's active ownership policy			
☐ Description of considerations included in service provider selection and agreements				
☑ Identification of key ESG frameworks which service providers must follow				
☑ Outline of information sharing requirements of service providers				
□ De	☐ Description of service provider monitoring processes			
☑ Ot	☑ Other; (specify)			
Re	Reporting			
□No	☐ None of the above			

**LEA 01.6** Additional information [optional information optional informa

The following minimum requirements and best practice approaches have been agreed with regard to proxy voting and engagement:

Active ownership minimum standard

- Execute votes for public equity holdings in line with Zurich's proxy voting policy
- Reviewing ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues besides other material issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities on priority topics.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and Zurich's Group Responsible Investment team.

Best practice

 $\bigcirc$  No

Best practice



- Pro-actively establishing and maintaining dialogue with brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee
  companies with material ESG issues, or regulatory bodies to support responsible investment matters Zurich
  has identified.
- Initiating or joining engagements with external asset managers or peers on identified priority topics.
- Actively taking on and championing topics for engagement through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other suitable channels.

# LEA 02 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1,2,3

**LEA 02.1** Indicate the method of engagement, giving reasons for the interaction.

Type of engagement	Reason for interaction		
Individual / Internal staff engagements	☑ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues		
	☑ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure		
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management		
	☐ We do not engage via internal staff		
Collaborative engagements	☑ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues		
	☑ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure		
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management		
	☐ We do not engage via collaborative engagements		
Service provider engagements	☐ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues		
	☐ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure		
	☐ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management		
	☑ We do not engage via service providers		

LEA 02.4 Additional information. [Optional]

See SG 09 for the list of industry networks / organisation we are engaged with.

LEA 03 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.



**LEA 03.1** 

Indicate whether your organisation has a formal process for identifying and prioritising engagements.

Yes

**LEA 03.2** 

Indicate the criteria used to identify and prioritise engagements for each type of engagement.



Type of engagement	Criteria used to identify/prioritise engagements		
Individual / Internal staff	Officeria used to identify/prioritise engagements		
engagements	Individual / Internal staff engagements		
	☑ Geography/market of the companies		
	☑ Materiality of the ESG factors		
	☑ Exposure (size of holdings)		
	☑ Responses to ESG impacts that have already occurred		
	☐ Responses to divestment pressure		
	☐ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries		
	☐ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)		
	☐ Follow-up from a voting decision		
	☐ Client request		
	☑ Breaches of international norms		
	☐ Other; (specify)		
	☐ We do not outline engagement criteria for our individual engagements		
Collaborative engagements			
	Collaborative engagements		
	☑ Potential to enhance knowledge of ESG issues through other investors		
	☑ Ability to have greater impact on ESG issues		
	☑ Ability to add value to the collaboration		
	☐ Geography/market of the companies targeted by the collaboration		
	☑ Materiality of the ESG factors addressed by the collaboration		
	$\square$ Exposure (size of holdings) to companies targeted by the collaboration		
	$\hfill\square$ Responses to ESG impacts addressed by the collaboration that have already occurred		
	☐ Responses to divestment pressure		
	☐ Follow-up from a voting decision		
	☐ Alleviate the resource burden of engagement		
	☐ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries		
	☐ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)		
	☐ Other; (specify)		
	☐ We do not outline engagement criteria for our collaborative engagement providers		

 $\bigcirc$  No

**LEA 03.3** Additional information. [Optional

We apply both a top-down and a bottom-up approach to identify and prioritize engagement topics, allowing investment decision-makers to play an important role in developing our programs. Top-down decisions are based on strategic considerations and driven by Group functions, whereas bottom-up decisions are based on a portfolio level and are driven by investment decision-makers, such as portfolio managers.

Top-down:



 Topics of greatest priority are aligned with Zurich Insurance Group's business strategy, sustainability strategy, responsible investment strategy and existing external commitments (such as the UN Global Compact, The Investor Agenda, and others), or local stewardship codes, to which Zurich voluntarily adheres.

### Bottom-up:

- Financially material long-term ESG trends.
- Financially most-material ESG factors in terms of geography/industry sector/company in the portfolio manager's universe.

LEA 04 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

LEA 04.1 Indicate whether you define specific objectives for your organisation's engagement activities.

Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>All engagement activities</li> <li>Majority of engagement activities</li> <li>Minority of engagement activities</li> <li>We do not define specific objectives for engagement activities carried out by internal staff</li> </ul>	
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>All engagement activities</li> <li>Majority of engagement activities</li> <li>Minority of engagement activities</li> <li>We do not define specific objectives for engagement activities carried out through collaboration</li> </ul>	

**LEA 04.2** Additional information. [Optional]

Top-down engagement activities in 2019 focused on providing feedback on impact reporting reports of public and private impact managers, supporting the transition to a low/carbon economy and asking managers to set science-based targets, as well as establishing of an economically viable carbon price. A priority for 2019 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign in connection with our re-formulated climate change position. When lowering our thresholds from 50 to 30 percent revenues from mining thermal coal or more than 30 percent of coal in their power generation mix, an essential part of the policy was to engage first with existing customers and investee companies in order to encourage their transition efforts. Only where these engagement efforts fail will holdings be divested.

All in-house teams conducted bottom-up engagement activities, which are monitored through an annual internal questionnaire including a follow-up discussion.

LEA 05 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2

Indicate whether you monitor and/or review engagement outcomes.

PRII Principles for Responsible Investment

**LEA 05.1** 

Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, in all cases</li> <li>Yes, in a majority of cases</li> <li>Yes, in a minority of cases</li> <li>We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes when the engagement is carried out by our internal staff.</li> </ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, in all cases</li> <li>Yes, in a majority of cases</li> <li>Yes, in a minority of cases</li> <li>We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes when the engagement is carried out through collaboration.</li> </ul>

**LEA 05.2** 

Indicate whether you do any of the following to monitor and/or review the progress of engagement activities.

Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>☑ Define timelines/milestones for your objectives</li> <li>☑ Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs</li> <li>☐ Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met</li> <li>☑ Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on a continuous basis</li> <li>☑ Other; specify</li> <li>Annual in-house questionnaire</li> </ul>	
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>□ Define timelines/milestones for your objectives</li> <li>☑ Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs</li> <li>□ Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met</li> <li>☑ Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on a continuous basis</li> <li>□ Other; specify</li> </ul>	

LEA 05.3

Additional information [Optional

na

LEA 06 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 2,4

**LEA 06.1** 

Indicate whether your organisation has an escalation strategy when engagements are unsuccessful.

Yes



LEA 06.2	Indicate the escalation strategies used at your organisation following unsuccessful engagements.		
☐ Collabora	ating with other investors		
☐ Issuing a	public statement		
☐ Filing/sub	omitting a shareholder resolution		
□ Voting ag	gainst the re-election of the relevant directors		
□ Voting ag	$\square$ Voting against the board of directors or the annual financial report		
☐ Submitting nominations for election to the board			
☐ Seeking legal remedy / litigation			
☐ Reducing	☐ Reducing exposure (size of holdings)		
☑ Divestme	☑ Divestment		

**LEA 06.3** 

 $\bigcirc$  No

☐ Other; specify

Additional information. [Optional]

As part of signing the UN Business Ambition 1.5C, we updated our position on some of the most carbon-intense fossil fuels. In line with Zurich's prior thermal coal policy, Zurich engaged with every single company we have exposure to in order to identify where they stand in their transitioning process, and whether we can play a part in speeding it up. The target is to move them below the 30 percent coal/oil sands/oil shale threshold or get them to commit to set science-based targets within a reasonable timeframe and show credible progress towards these targets. Where we receive confirmation that this goal will not be achieved, we will divest the equity holding of the specific company.

Please see here our coal position: https://www.zurich.com/media/news-releases/2019/2019-0625-01

LEA 07 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,2

LEA 07.1

Indicate whether insights gained from your organisation`s engagements are shared with investment decision-makers.

Type of engagement	Insights shared
Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul><li>Yes, systematically</li><li>Yes, occasionally</li><li>No</li></ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul><li>Yes, systematically</li><li>Yes, occasionally</li><li>No</li></ul>



**LEA 07.2** 

Indicate the practices used to ensure that information and insights gained through engagements are shared with investment decision-makers.

☑ Involving investment decision-makers when developing an engagement programme
☑ Holding investment team meetings and/or presentations
☑ Using IT platforms/systems that enable data sharing
☐ Internal process that requires portfolio managers to re-balance holdings based on interaction and outcome levels
□ Other; specify

LEA 07.3

☐ None

Indicate whether insights gained from your organisation's engagements are shared with your clients/beneficiaries.

Type of engagement	Insights shared
Individual/Internal staff engagements	<ul><li>Yes, systematically</li><li>Yes, occasionally</li><li>No</li></ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul><li>Yes, systematically</li><li>Yes, occasionally</li><li>No</li></ul>

**LEA 07.4** 

Additional information. [Optional]

Based on our active ownership approach, one of the four pillars of the ESG integration, we have organized a network of responsible investment champions. The responsible investment champions share relevant research, news or other information related to responsible investment practices with their teams and form part of a global network of over 40 responsible investment champions who exchange views and their experiences in regular conference calls. We actively discuss progress on our engagement topics with peers or via collaborative networks.

LEA 08 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 2

**LEA 08.1** 

Indicate whether you track the number of your engagement activities.

Type of engagement	Tracking engagements	
	○ Yes, we track the number of our engagements in full	
Individual/Internal staff engagements	Yes, we partially track the number of our engagements	
	○ We do not track	
	O Yes, we track the number of collaborative engagements in full	
Collaborative engagements	Yes, we partially track the number of our collaborative engagements	
	○ We do not track	
I		



## **Outputs and outcomes**

**LEA 09** 

Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose

**Public** 

**Core Assessed** 

PRI 2

**LEA 09.1** 

Indicate the proportion of companies in your listed equities portfolio with which your organisation engaged during the reporting year.

	We did not complete any engagements in the reporting year.	Number of companies engaged (avoid double counting, see explanatory notes)	Proportion of companies engaged with, out of total listed equities portfolio
Individual / Internal staff engagements		500	40
Collaborative engagements	☑		

**LEA 09.2** 

Indicate the breakdown of engagements conducted within the reporting year by the number of interactions (including interactions made on your behalf).

No. of interactions with a company	% of engagements
	○ >76%
One interaction	○ 51-75%
	<b>11-50%</b>
	○ 1-10%
	○ None
	○ >76%
2 to 3 interactions	
	O 11-50%
	O 1-10%
	○ None
	○ >76%
More than 3 interactions	○ 51-75%
	O 11-50%
	<b>1-10%</b>
	○ None
Total	
	100%



**LEA 09.5** 

Additional information, [Optional]

In 2019 we did not collaboratively engage in public equity-related forums, however, we remained very active in the Green Bond Principles and exchanged our views actively with various issuers.

LEA 10	'	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2			
	L E A 40	Indicate which of the following your	angagement involv	rod				
LEA 10.1 Indicate		Indicate which of the following your	engagement involv	vea.				
$\overline{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		ers and emails to companies						
● In a r		In a minority of cases						
	0	In a majority of cases						
	0	O In all cases						
	✓ Mee	tings and/or calls with board/senior manage	ement					
	•	In a minority of cases						
	0	In a majority of cases						
	0	In all cases						
	☑ Mee	tings and/or calls with the CSR, IR or other	management					
	0	In a minority of cases						
	•	In a majority of cases						
	0	In all cases						
	☑ Visit	s to operations						
	•	In a minority of cases						
	0	In a majority of cases						
	0	In all cases						
	□ Visit	s to supplier(s) in supplier(s) from the comp	any's supply chain	I				
	☑ Part	icipation in roadshows						
	0	In a minority of cases						
	•	In a majority of cases						
	0	In all cases						
	□ Othe	er						

**LEA 10.2** Additional information. [Optional]

Based on our engagement policy, whenever a company initiates dialogue through investor calls, roadshows, or meetings, investment professionals at Zurich are required to a) review ESG performance and controversial business practices and bring up material ESG topics in the discussion and b) cite the importance of sustainability, and hence company transparency, in their sustainability strategy and material ESG factors. One of our emerging market teams proactively sends ESG questionnaires to companies not yet publicly reporting on ESG issues. In 2019, Zurich's inhouse portfolio manager and equity analysts introduced quarterly reverse roadshows where they invite companies to collaborative engagement meetings, in which both financial and ESG topics are discussed Moreover, we launched a second formal engagement campaign aimed at thermal coal companies to receive further information on their transition plans.

LEA 11	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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**LEA 11.1** 

Provide examples of the engagements that your organisation or your service provider carried out during the reporting year.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  Add Example 1



ESG Topic	Climate Change  □ Executive Remuneration  ☑ Climate Change  □ Human rights  □ Company leadership issues  □ Pollution  □ General ESG  □ Diversity  □ Shareholder rights  □ Health and Safety  □ Sustainability reporting  □ Water risks  □ Labour practices and supply chain management
	□ Anti-bribery and corruption □ Deforestation □ Aggressive tax planning □ Cyber security □ Other governance □ Plastics □ Other
Conducted by	☑ Individual / Internal □ Collaborative
Objectives	ESG issues are currently a widely discussed topic during meetings with automotive companies,
Cojounvoo	with many questions related to what the companies are doing to improve their ESG profiles, the potential impact of pending litigation and procedures over ESG breaches in the past, and potential plans on issuing green bonds in the future. Meanwhile, companies' management teams are increasingly interested in how investors consider ESG issues/factors/ratings in our analysis and decision-making processes.
Scope and Process	potential impact of pending litigation and procedures over ESG breaches in the past, and potential plans on issuing green bonds in the future. Meanwhile, companies' management teams are increasingly interested in how investors consider ESG issues/factors/ratings in our analysis



□ Voting
□ Other

☑ Add Example 2



ESG Topic	Climate Change
	☐ Executive Remuneration
	☑ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	□ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	□ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☑ Individual / Internal
Conducted by	<ul><li>☑ Individual / Internal</li><li>□ Collaborative</li></ul>
by	□ Collaborative
Objectives	Collaborative  It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.
by	☐ Collaborative  It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk
Objectives Scope and	Collaborative  It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.  Company changed practice  Company committed to change
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.  Company changed practice  Company committed to change  Disclosure / report published
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.  Company changed practice  Company committed to change  Disclosure / report published  Divestment
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.  Company changed practice  Company committed to change  Disclosure / report published  Divestment  Failed/no outcome
Objectives  Scope and Process	It is important that companies in the industry price risk appropriately, given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters, e.g., floods and fire. It is important that companies price risk appropriately given the rising trend in claims linked to natural disasters e.g., floods and fire.  We discussed the increase in catastrophe risk arising from climate-related trends with a global insurance company. The company's relatively high level of disclosure on these issues and its above- average ESG rating give us comfort that these risks are adequately recognized and priced by both the executives and the investor community.  Company changed practice  Company committed to change  Disclosure / report published  Divestment  Failed/no outcome  Increased understanding / information



□ Other

☑ Add Example 3



ESG Topic	Climate Change
	☐ Executive Remuneration
	☑ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	□ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	☐ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☑ Individual / Internal
by	□ Collaborative
Objectives	Encouraging a faster transition to a low-carbon economy
Scope and Process	Encouraging a faster transition to a low-carbon economy; letting coal companies know about our position to engage them in dialogue; In 2019, we launched our second formal campaign to engage with coal companies, initiating a dialogue around transition plans.
Outcomes	□ Company changed practice
	□ Company committed to change
	☑ Disclosure / report published
	□ Divestment
	☐ Failed/no outcome
	☐ Increased understanding / information
	☐ Invested in company
	□ Ongoing
	□ Voting
	□ Other

☐ Add Example 4



$\square$ Add	Example	5
$\square$ Add	Example	6
$\square$ Add	Example	7
$\square$ Add	Example	8
$\square$ Add	Example	9
□ Add	Example	10

## (Proxy) voting and shareholder resolutions

LEA 12 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 2

**LEA 12.1** 

Indicate how you typically make your (proxy) voting decisions.

## Approach

- O We use our own research or voting team and make voting decisions without the use of service providers.
- We hire service providers who make voting recommendations and/or provide research that we use to guide our voting decisions.

## Based on

- O The service-provider voting policy we sign off on
- Our own voting policy
- Our clients' requests or policies
- Other (explain)
- O We hire service providers who make voting decisions on our behalf, except in some pre-defined scenarios where we review and make voting decisions.
- O We hire service providers who make voting decisions on our behalf.

**LEA 12.2** 

Provide an overview of how you ensure that your agreed-upon voting policy is adhered to, giving details of your approach when exceptions to the policy are made.

Zurich's voting guidelines are adapted from Glass Lewis' continental European policy, and amended with a number of proprietary voting principles.

Voting ballots are pre-filled by our service provider, based on Zurich's proprietary policy. In addition, each portfolio manager will set up email alerts in connection to his/her universe, in order to be alerted of upcoming voting deadlines, as well as any topics deemed material by the portfolio manager. Portfolio managers have the right and opportunity to deviate from the pre-filled recommendation, provided they explain their rationale and make sure they discuss their decision with in-house portfolio managers in other countries covering the same stock. A detailed process description can be found in Zurich's proxy voting policy and guidelines.

LEA 12.3

Additional information.[Optional]

See full proxy voting policy and procedures under:

https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/zurich-proxy-voting-policy-and-guidelines.pdf? la=en



LEA 14	Voluntar	у	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2
LEA 1	14.1 Do	es your organisation have a sec	urities lending prog	ıramme?	
⊚ Ye	s				
_					
L	_EA 14.3	Indicate how the issue of votin	g is addressed in y	our securities lending programme	
(	○ We recall	all securities for voting on all ba	llot items		
(	○ We maint	ain some holdings, so that we ca	an vote at any time		
	○ We syster criteria)	matically recall some securities s	so that we can vote	on their ballot items (e.g., in line	with specific
(	○ We recall	some securities so that we can	vote on their ballot	items on an ad-hoc basis	
(	○ We empo	wer our securities-lending agent	to decide when to	recall securities for voting purpose	es
(	• We do no	t recall our securities for voting p	ourposes		
(	Other (spe	ecify)			
○ No	)				
LEA 15	Mandato	ry	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
LEA 1				he reporting year in which where you	
O 10		vice providers acting on your be	ilali falseu conceri	is with companies arread of voting	
O 100					
O 74					
O 49					
O 24	_0,0				
	.,.	our service provider(s) raise cor	ncerns with compar	nies ahead of voting	
		(-) тапо разман (-) тапо со			
LEA 16	Mandato	ry	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
	los		ana vava anal/an tha		u b a b a lé
LEA 1	1 <b>6.1</b> cor		panies for abstaini	service provider(s) acting on you ng or voting against management f all eligible votes.	
○ 10	0%				
○ 99	-75%				
○ 74	-50%				
○ 49	-25%				
	-1%				
○ We	e do not com	municate the rationale to compa	anies		
	t applicable		oroviders did not at	ostain or vote against managemer	nt

	LEA 16.2	Indicate the reasons why your organist abstaining or voting against manage			ne rationale for
	□ Vote(s) co	oncern selected markets			
	□ Vote(s) concern selected sectors				
☐ Vote(s) concern certain ESG issues					
	$\square$ Vote(s) concern companies exposed to controversy on specific ESG issues				
	□ Vote(s) co	oncern significant shareholdings			
	☐ Client rec	quest			
	Other				
		Explain			
	When cor	ntacted by company			
	LEA 16.3	In cases where your organisation of management recommendations, in			g or voting against
	○ Yes				
	<ul><li>No</li></ul>				
LEA	17 Mai	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
LEA	17 Mai	For listed equities in which you or you instructions, indicate the percentage	our service pro	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y	our service pro	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentageack or collect this information	/our service pro le of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentage	/our service pro le of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentageack or collect this information	/our service pro le of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	/our service pro le of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	/our service pro le of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or y instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	our service project of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss t during the reporting year.	
LEA	<b>LEA 17.1</b> • We do tra 84	For listed equities in which you or you instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)	our service project of votes cast	ovider have the mandate to iss t during the reporting year.	
LEA	LEA 17.1  • We do tra	For listed equities in which you or you instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)  %  Specify the basis on which this	your service project of votes cast	calculated	
LEA	LEA 17.1	For listed equities in which you or young instructions, indicate the percentage ack or collect this information  Votes cast (to the nearest 1%)  %  Specify the basis on which this ne total number of ballot items on which	our service project of votes cast	calculated  ave issued instructions  could have voted	



LEA 17.2	Explain your reason(s) for not voting on certain holdings		
☑ Shares we	ere blocked		
☐ Notice, ba	☐ Notice, ballots or materials not received on time		
☐ Missed de	adline		
☑ Geograph	ical restrictions (non-home market)		
☐ Conflicts of	of interest		
☐ Holdings of	deemed too small		
	ative impediments (e.g., power of attorney requirements, ineligibility due to participation in share		
☐ Client req	uest		
☑ Other (exp	plain)		
	attendance required; progress of roll-out or proxy voting access to in-house managers; post-proxy son portfolio turn-over		

**LEA 17.3** Additional information. [Optional]

Proxy voting for in-house managed equity was fully rolled out for three countries in 2019. One additional country came on board during 2019. Roll-out to another country is pending.

Note that we measure 'votes cast' based on mid-year AuM. Accordingly, the share of votes not voted include assets not voted due to legal restrictions, cost/benefit considerations, stages of proxy voting roll-out of an asset manager or portfolio turn-over.

LEA 18	Voluntary	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2

LEA 18.1

Indicate whether you track the voting instructions that you or your service provider on your behalf have issued.

Yes, we track this information

LEA 18.2

Of the voting instructions that you and/or third parties on your behalf have issued, indicate the proportion of ballot items that were:



Voting instructions	Breakdown as percentage of votes cast
For (supporting) management recommendations	% 89
Against (opposing) management recommendations	10.5
Abstentions	0.5

100%

O No, we do not track this information

LEA 18.3

In cases where your organisation voted against management recommendations, indicate the percentage of companies which you have engaged.

0

LEA 19 Mai		Mar	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
	LEA 1	9.1	Indicate whether your organisation	has a formal escala	ation strategy following unsuccess	sful voting.

○ Yes

No

LEA 20	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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**LEA 20.1** 

Indicate whether your organisation, directly or through a service provider, filed or co-filed any ESG shareholder resolutions during the reporting year.

O Yes

No

**LEA 20.7** Additional information. [Optional optional opt

All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the portfolio managers using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.

LEA 21	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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LEA 21.1

Provide examples of the (proxy) voting activities that your organisation and/or service provider carried out during the reporting year.

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  Add Example 1



ESG Topic	Climate Change, Pollution, Sustainability reporting
	☐ Executive Remuneration
	☑ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	☑ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☑ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	☐ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☐ Political spending / lobbying
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☐ Other ☐ Individual/Internal
Conducted by	
	☑ Individual/Internal
by	<ul> <li>☑ Individual/Internal</li> <li>☑ Service provider</li> <li>In 2019, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change-related strategies, especially of</li> </ul>
Objectives  Scope and	☑ Individual/Internal ☑ Service provider In 2019, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change-related strategies, especially of emission-intensive companies, is vital for investment decision-making. All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. In 2019 we supported a variety of reasonable shareholder proposals asking for increased transparency on climate change risks and strategies. For example one such a shareholder proposal requested that a company issues a report describing how it could adapt its business model to align with an economy that is reducing its dependence on carbonemitting products. Zurich voted in favour of the proposal, as the company operates in a GHG-exposed sector; we believe it is key to set GHG reduction targets to make a positive difference
Objectives  Scope and Process	<ul> <li>☑ Individual/Internal</li> <li>☑ Service provider</li> <li>In 2019, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change-related strategies, especially of emission-intensive companies, is vital for investment decision-making.</li> <li>All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. In 2019 we supported a variety of reasonable shareholder proposals asking for increased transparency on climate change risks and strategies. For example one such a shareholder proposal requested that a company issues a report describing how it could adapt its business model to align with an economy that is reducing its dependence on carbonemitting products. Zurich voted in favour of the proposal, as the company operates in a GHG-exposed sector; we believe it is key to set GHG reduction targets to make a positive difference in this area.</li> </ul>
Objectives  Scope and Process	<ul> <li>☑ Individual/Internal</li> <li>☑ Service provider</li> <li>In 2019, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change-related strategies, especially of emission-intensive companies, is vital for investment decision-making.</li> <li>All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. In 2019 we supported a variety of reasonable shareholder proposals asking for increased transparency on climate change risks and strategies. For example one such a shareholder proposal requested that a company issues a report describing how it could adapt its business model to align with an economy that is reducing its dependence on carbon-emitting products. Zurich voted in favour of the proposal, as the company operates in a GHG-exposed sector; we believe it is key to set GHG reduction targets to make a positive difference in this area.</li> </ul>
Objectives  Scope and Process	☑ Individual/Internal ☐ Service provider  In 2019, we saw an increase in number of shareholder proposals asking for further greenhouse gas emissions/ climate risk reporting and targets. Given the risks posed by climate change to investment portfolios, transparency on the climate change-related strategies, especially of emission-intensive companies, is vital for investment decision-making.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2. In 2019 we supported a variety of reasonable shareholder proposals asking for increased transparency on climate change risks and strategies. For example one such a shareholder proposal requested that a company issues a report describing how it could adapt its business model to align with an economy that is reducing its dependence on carbonemitting products. Zurich voted in favour of the proposal, as the company operates in a GHG-exposed sector; we believe it is key to set GHG reduction targets to make a positive difference in this area.  □ Company changed practice □ Company committed to change



☐ Failed/no outcome
☐ Increased understanding / information
☐ Invested in company
□ Ongoing
☑ Voting
□ Other

☑ Add Example 2

ESG Topic	Political spending / lobbying
	☐ Executive Remuneration
	☐ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	□ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	☐ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	☐ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☑ Political spending / lobbying
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☐ Other  ☑ Individual/Internal
Conducted by	
by	✓ Individual/Internal  ☐ Service provider
	☑ Individual/Internal
by	✓ Individual/Internal  ☐ Service provider  Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company, and should therefore be publicly disclosed.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.
Objectives  Scope and	✓ Individual/Internal  ✓ Service provider  Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company, and should therefore be publicly disclosed.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process
Objectives  Scope and	☐ Individual/Internal ☐ Service provider  Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company, and should therefore be publicly disclosed.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.  Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure-related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted
Objectives  Scope and Process	☑ Individual/Internal ☐ Service provider  Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company, and should therefore be publicly disclosed.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.  Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure-related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted accordingly.
Objectives  Scope and Process	☑ Individual/Internal ☐ Service provider  Aligned with Glass Lewis, Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's political contributions, developed and overseen by the board, is an important component of corporate accountability. In our view, a rigorous oversight process can minimize a company's exposure to legal, reputational, and financial risk by ensuring that donations are made in accordance with federal and state law, and that these donations are consistent with both a company's stated values and the long-term interests of the company, and should therefore be publicly disclosed.  All environmentally and socially themed shareholder resolutions are automatically referred to Zurich's Responsible Investment team for manual vote. The RI team can amend votes on ESG-related shareholder resolutions in collaboration with the PMs using the same overwriting process as described in LEA 12.2.  Due to a high volume of lobbying disclosure-related shareholder proposals, the RI team defined minimum requirements on lobbying / political spending activities disclosure and voted accordingly.



☐ Failed/no outcome
☐ Increased understanding / information
☐ Invested in company
□ Ongoing
☑ Voting
□ Other

☑ Add Example 3

ESG Topic	Climate Change, Pollution, Political spending / lobbying
	□ Executive Remuneration
	☑ Climate Change
	☐ Human rights
	☐ Company leadership issues
	☑ Pollution
	☐ General ESG
	□ Diversity
	☐ Shareholder rights
	☐ Health and Safety
	☐ Sustainability reporting
	☐ Water risks
	☐ Labour practices and supply chain management
	☐ Anti-bribery and corruption
	□ Deforestation
	☐ Aggressive tax planning
	☐ Cyber security
	☑ Political spending / lobbying
	☐ Other governance
	□ Plastics
	□ Other
Conducted	☑ Individual/Internal
by	□ Service provider
01	
Objectives	Zurich believes that a thoughtful disclosure and oversight policy regarding a company's industry association memberships serves a useful purpose. In our view, an annual assessment of the alignment of a company's own policy positions with those of the industry associations with which it engages is crucial to ensure a common focus. Beneficial, too, are when it publishes updates each year of its memberships on its website and in its sustainability report.
Scope and Process	While we believe, in general, that it is in the best interest of a company and its investors when management decides what memberships the company should have, we found merit in a specific case where a company took into consideration a review of ongoing memberships. We believe the company could be more clear in publicly disclosing why it is member of certain organizations, and reviews these organizations position on climate.
Outcomes	☐ Company changed practice
	☐ Company committed to change
	☐ Disclosure / report published
	□ Divestment
	□ Failed/no outcome



	☐ Invested in company	
	□ Ongoing	
	☑ Voting	
	□ Other	
□ Add E	xample 4	
□ Add E	☐ Add Example 5	
□ Add E	xample 6	
□ Add E	xample 7	
□ Add E	□ Add Example 8	
□ Add E	xample 9	
□ Add E	xample 10	



### Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Fixed Income** 

### PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



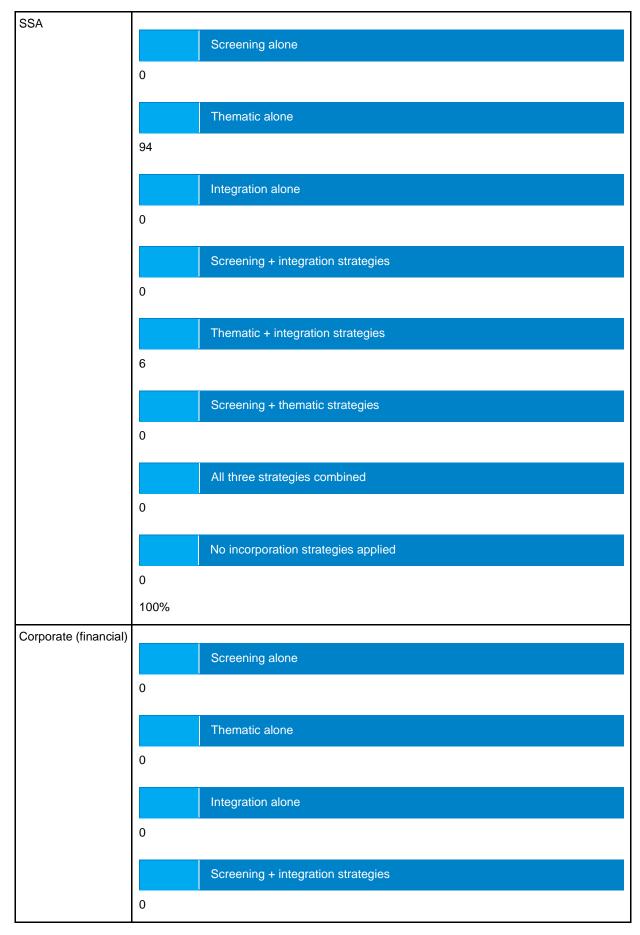
#### ESG incorporation in actively managed fixed income

#### Implementation processes

FI 01	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	PRI 1

FI 01.1

Indicate (1) Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies you apply to your actively managed fixed income investments; and (2) The proportion (+/- 5%) of your total actively managed fixed income investments each strategy applies to.



Thematic + integration strategies
0
Screening + thematic strategies
9
All three strategies combined
91
No incorporation strategies applied
0
100%

Corporate (non-		
financial)		Screening alone
	0	
		Thematic alone
	0	
		Integration alone
	0	
		Screening + integration strategies
	0	
		Thematic + integration strategies
	0	
		Screening + thematic strategies
	18	
		All three strategies combined
	82	
		No incorporation strategies applied
	0	
	100%	

Describe your reasons for choosing a particular ESG incorporation strategy and how combinations of strategies are used.

Please refer to the additional information provided in FI 01.3 for a detailed description of Zurich's ESG integration approach and the rationale for the chosen approach. Primary reasons are:

- Integration strategies: expected to yield superior risk-adjusted returns over the long-term: Note that ESG
  integration only applies to the municipal securities part of the SSA allocation (see OO 11.4 for a description
  of ESG integration scope).
- Screening: consistent Group-wide process to manage specific controversial issues (see LEI 04.2).
- Thematic: refers to Zurich's impact investing strategy (see SG 18.2 for details). We have a global approach
  for managing use-of-proceeds impact instruments such as green, social and sustainability bonds across all
  credit types. In 2018, we had investments in supranational, sovereign, municipal, agency, financial and
  non-financial corporate credit green, social or sustainability bonds.

Screening applies only to corporate bond investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of fixed income mandates in scope of ESG integration.



FI 01.3

Additional information [Optional].

ESG factors do have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distills all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.

Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all of its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

#### 1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curriculums.

#### 2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated in-house teams, or broker research.

#### 3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

#### 4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

Screening applies to all direct fixed income investments. Refer to OO 11.4 for a description of the type of fixed income mandates in scope of ESG integration, and to FI 04 for details on the screening process

FI 02	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1

FI 02.1

Indicate which ESG factors you systematically research as part of your analysis on issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Environmental data				
	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	
Social data				
	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	
Governance data				

FI 02.2

Indicate what format your ESG information comes in and where you typically source it

Indicate who provides this information
☑ ESG research provider
☐ Sell-side
$\hfill \square$ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
$\hfill \square$ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ ESG factor specific analysis
Indicate who provides this information
☑ ESG research provider
☐ Sell-side
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
$\square$ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ Issuer-level ESG analysis
Indicate who provides this information
☑ ESG research provider
☐ Sell-side
☐ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
$\square$ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
☐ Other, specify
☑ Sector-level ESG analysis

Indicate who provides this information



	☑ ESG research provider
	□ Sell-side
	$\square$ In-house – specialised ESG analyst or team
	☐ In-house – FI analyst, PM or risk team
	☐ Other, specify
Co	ountry-level ESG analysis

FI 02.3

Provide a brief description of the ESG information used, highlighting any differences in sources of information across your ESG incorporation strategies.

Zurich provides in-house asset management teams access to ESG data and research provided by MSCI. Zurich also encourages portfolio managers and analysts to monitor a variety of ESG information sources and use any available ESG research provided by brokers. (See FI 10.1 for further details on the ESG integration process.)

FI 02.4

Additional information. [Optional]

Note that SSA securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Other references made to SSA securities in this section refer to Zurich's impact investing approach (see also SG 18.2).

FI 03		Manda	atory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1	
	FI 0	3.1	ocess is robust:				
		Comprehe or service	ensive ESG research is undertaken ces	internally to deterr	mine companies' activities; and pr	oducts	
	☑ Issuers are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies						
	☑ Issuer information and/or ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure ESG research is accurate						
	$\hfill \square$ Internal audits and regular reviews of ESG research are undertaken in a systematic way.						
			lity/sustainability framework is creanities for each sector/country.	ted and regularly սլ	odated that includes all the key E	SG risks	
		Other, spe	ecify				
	□ None of the above						



☑ ESG information is held within a centralised database and is accessible to all investment staff		
☑ ESG information is displayed on front office research platforms		
☑ ESG information is a standard item on all individual issuer summaries, research notes, 'tear sheets', or similar documents		
$\ensuremath{\square}$ Investment staff are required to discuss ESG information on issuers as a standard item during investment committee meetings		
$\ensuremath{\square}$ Records capture how ESG information and research was incorporated into investment decisions		
☐ Other, specify		
□ None of the above		
□ None of the above		
FI 03.3 Additional information. [Optional]		
a		

## (A) Implementation: Screening FI 04 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 1

FI 04.1 Indicate the type of screening you conduct.

#### Select all that apply

	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Negative/exclusionary screening			
Positive/best-in-class screening			
Norms-based screening			

FI 04.2 Describe your approach to screening for internally managed active fixed income

Zurich's insurance businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate potential ESG issues and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving large projects and corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers and brokers to better manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A referral desk is in place to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on appropriate mitigation actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and analyzed and management receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability risks in business transactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact in underwriting may result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases (primarily related to banned cluster munitions, and antipersonnel land mines and thermal coal), the approach may result in a decision to stop doing business with a company, including any forms of direct investment. In Zurich's view it is very important to apply any 'exclusion' or 'negative screening' consistently across the Group, including underwriting and investment activities.

[further information see FI 04.3]



FI 04.3

Additional information. [Optional]

#### [follow on from FI 04.2]

If a decision is made to exclude, exclusion screens are prepared by Zurich's sustainability team based on Zurich's code of conduct and the Group's commitment to the UN Global Compact, and are the result of a structured process to manage sustainability risks in business transactions. Currently, the screen consists mainly of weapons banned by the UN (cluster munitions and anti-personnel landmines) and companies that generate more than 30 percent of their revenue from mining thermal coal or oil shale; generate at least 30 percent of their revenue directly from the extraction of oil from oil sands; or generate more than 30 percent of their electricity from coal or oil shale (our updated climate position was announced in June 2019). A list of these companies is provided quarterly by various third-party research providers. Should a company identified be an existing Zurich customer or investee company, Zurich will conduct a sustainability assessment and start an engagement process with the customer. During the engagement process, Zurich will not enter into any new business or new direct investments. If, after a period of two years, the engagement has not delivered any positive results, Zurich will refrain entering into any new business with the company in question and will also divest from direct investments. The list of companies is circulated quarterly to all internal and external asset managers.

FI 05 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

FI 05.1 Provide examples of how ESG factors are included in your screening criteria.

☑ Example 1

Type of fixed income

□ Corporate (financial)

☑ Corporate (non-financial)

ESG factors
□ Environmental
☑ Social
□ Governance

Screening
☑ Negative/ exclusionary

Description of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria

Zurich applies a banned-weapons (cluster munitions and anti-personal landmines) screen to its investment universe. See FI 04 and FI 05 for details.



Type of fixed income
☐ Corporate (financial)
☑ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG factors
☑ Environmental
□ Social
☐ Governance
Screening
Description of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria
Zurich applies a screen for companies that generate more than 30 percent of their revenue from mining thermal coalor oil shale; generate at least 30 percent of their revenue directly from the extraction of oil from oil sands; or generate more than 30 percent of their electricity from coal or oil shale. Zurich will not invest in new debt of these companies and will run off existing holdings.

☑ Example 3

Тур	pe of fixed income
☐ Corporate (finan	cial)
☑ Corporate (non-f	inancial)
ES	G factors
☐ Environmental	
☐ Social	
☑ Governance	
Scr	eening
☑ Negative/ exclus	ionary
Des	scription of how ESG factors are used as the screening criteria
potential ESG issue large projects and cand brokers to bette referral desk is in pappropriate mitigati analyzed and manarisks in business train underwriting may may result in a dec	businesses have processes in place to systematically identify, assess and mitigate es and the related reputational risks inherent in certain business transactions involving corporate customers. Zurich's approach focuses on working with its corporate customers er manage sustainability risks and promote best practices in managing ESG risks. A lace to assess sensitive or complex sustainability risks and provide direction on ion actions. The outcome of the risk assessment and risk mitigation efforts is tracked and agement receives information on the results and effectiveness of managing sustainability ansactions. Zurich's approach to integrate sustainability risks and the UN Global Compact or result in decisions to abstain from certain transactions. In some cases, the approach ision to stop doing business with a company, including halting any forms of direct 04 and EL 05 for details.

 $\square$  Example 4

 $\square$  Example 5

FI 06 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1

FI 06.1

Indicate which systems your organisation has to ensure that fund screening criteria are not breached in fixed income investments.

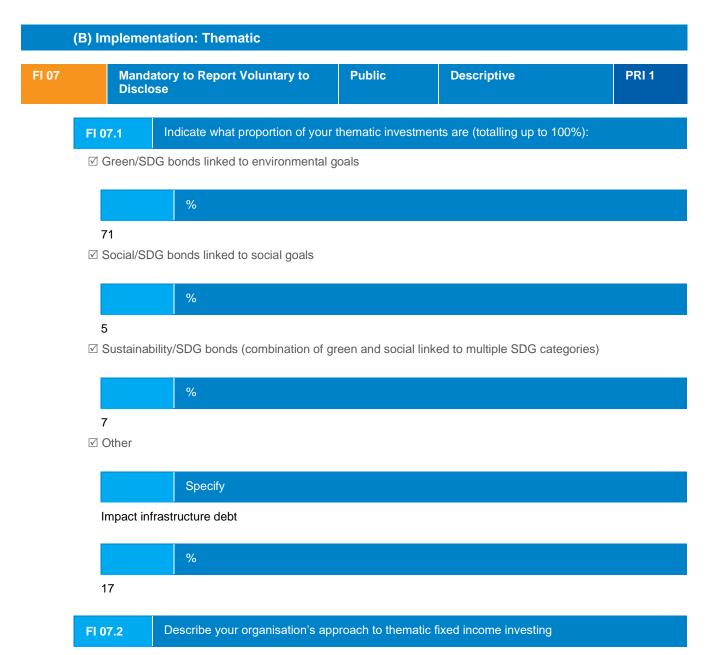
Type of screening	Checks
	☑ Analysis is performed to ensure that issuers meet screening criteria
Negative/exclusionary screening	$\ensuremath{\square}$ We ensure that data used for the screening criteria is updated at least once a year.
	☑ Automated IT systems prevent our portfolio managers from investing in excluded issuers or bonds that do not meet screening criteria
	☐ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken yearly by internal audit or compliance functions
	☐ Other, specify
	☐ None of the above



FI 06.2

Additional information. [Optional]

External and internal asset managers receive on a quarterly basis a restricted list containing information on companies nearing or breaching counterparty credit risk limits on a Group level as well as restricted names from the process explained in FI 04. Occasional checks of the restricted names against Group holdings are performed in line with a process used to manage other types of guideline breaches.



Zurich has committed to invest up to USD 5 billion in impact investments after having reached its commitment to invest up to USD 2 billion in green bonds in 2017. As of December 31, 2019, Zurich had invested USD 3.1 billion in green bonds as well as USD 539 million in social and sustainable (green and social mixed use) bonds and USD 747 million in green and social infrastructure debt (see also SG 18.2).

In our view, the unique characteristic of green, social and sustainable bonds is the pre-defined use of proceeds according to criteria to which issuers commit, clearly linking the investment to specific projects that allow the bond issuer to report a result or impact. The market for green bonds in particular has been developing rapidly since broadening from the traditional issuer base of supranational institutions in 2014. Green bonds can take many



forms: standard recourse-to-the-issuer debt obligations, revenue bonds, asset-backed securities, project bonds, etc., and are issued by supranational institutions, state agencies, corporates, and municipalities. Through its commitment to this market, Zurich is seeking to capture opportunities across the universe of green, social and sustainable bonds.

To capture the breadth of credit instruments and issuers represented in the green, social and sustainability bond market, Zurich has defined two separate but complementary approaches for investing in use-of-proceed bonds.

- 1. Dedicated green bond mandate for supranational green bonds issued in U.S. dollars:

  Assets with minimum credit risk, such as those issued (or explicitly guaranteed) by national governments or supranational institutions, form a very significant part of Zurich's asset allocation. In line with our established approach to define portfolios along credit sector and currency lines, Zurich has carved-out a dedicated green bond mandate to invest in U.S. dollar-denominated green bonds by such issuers on its North American balance sheet. This mandate is managed by an external asset manager, BlackRock, according to portfolio guidelines, and will be funded with up to USD 1 billion.
- 2. Integrating green, social and sustainability bonds in existing fixed-income portfolios:
  Beyond the dedicated mandate just described, Zurich has chosen to capture other credit sectors, issuers and currencies through a different approach. Rather than creating multiple green bond portfolios reflecting different credit sectors and currencies, or cross-currency, cross-credit- sector portfolios that would not fit Zurich's established approach to credit investing, an internal green bond expert was appointed to coordinate and facilitate green, social and sustainability bond investments across Zurich's many existing balance sheets, portfolios and asset managers. In this way, Zurich has already invested over USD 2.1 billion in green and 539 million in social and sustainability bonds.

FI 07.3	Additional information [OPTIONAL]
FI 07.3	Additional information [OPTIONAL]

na

FI 08		Manda	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1		
	•							
			,		disclosure relating to the issuance ond Principles, or Sustainability Bo			
	☑ We requ		re that themed bond proceeds are o	only allocated to en	vironmentally or socially beneficia	al projects		
	projects to v  ☑ We requi proceeds to ☑ We requi		quire the issuer (or 3rd party assurer) to demonstrate a process which determines the eligibility of o which themed bond proceeds are allocated					
			re issuers to demonstrate a systema eligible projects until all funds are a		nt process of disbursing themed b	ond		
			re issuers to report at least once pe description of those projects	r year on the projec	cts to which proceeds have been	allocated		
	☑ C	☑ Other, specify						
		•	gly encourage issuers to not only re reen, social or sustainability bonds.	•	ents but also impact of the project	s financed		



☐ None of the above

FI 08.2

Describe the actions you take when issuers do not disburse bond proceeds as described in the offering documents.

Zurich monitors all available reporting and actively engages with the issuers of green, social and sustainability bonds held in the portfolio. Zurich regularly engages with relevant issuers and has held discussions directly with many issuers represented in our portfolio, focusing on use of proceeds, impact reporting and other aspects of their impact bonds. Thus far Zurich has not come across an issuer disbursing proceeds in a way that was not aligned with stated intentions. However, in 2019 we saw a few instances where a self-designated green, social or sustainability bond failed to meet Zurich's criteria to be counted as an 'impact investment,' as opposed to a 'conventional bond.'

FI 09		Mand	atory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1		
	FI 09.1  ✓ We require our themed in  ✓ We ensure ✓ We have a ✓ We measu		Indicate how you assess the envi	ronmental or socia	I impact of your thematic investment	ents.		
	☑ We require issuers to report at least one our themed investments			once per year on specific environmental or social impacts resulting				
	☑ We ensure independent audits are con-		e independent audits are conducted	ducted on the environmental or social impact of our investments				
	☑ We have a proprietary system to mea		a proprietary system to measure en	asure environmental and social impact				
	☑ We measure the impact of our themed or human rights		•	d bond investments on specific ESG factors such as carbon emission				
	☐ Other, specify		ecify					
	☐ None of the above		he above					
	FI 0	9.2	Additional information. [Optional]					

During 2019, Zurich further refined the in-house methodology it has developed to aggregate the impact indicators of CO2 avoided and people benefited across asset classes on the portfolio level. These numbers were first piloted in 2019. See FI 08.2 for further details on impact reporting for green bonds.

# (C) Implementation: Integration FI 10 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 1 FI 10.1 Describe your approach to integrating ESG into traditional financial analysis.

Zurich believes that ESG factors have an impact on the risks and opportunities associated with the assets in which we invest. As a consequence, we believe that proactively including ESG factors in the investment process - across asset classes, and alongside traditional financial metrics and state-of-the-art risk management practices - will support us in our mission to achieve superior risk-adjusted long-term financial returns.

As described in SG 13.3, the starting point in determining Zurich's investment strategy is an integrated process used to define the strategic asset allocation according to ALM principles. This allocation is the result of a disciplined process that distils all investable asset classes into a set of six easily-understandable and transparent systematic market risk factors: risk factors that cannot be diversified and exposure to which the market can thus be expected to reward with a risk premium. We have so far found no evidence that ESG issues, such as climate change, are associated with a systematic market-risk factor and premium that could be reflected in the ALM and strategic asset allocation processes. Based on this, Zurich believes that ESG issues are best reflected at the level of selection of individual securities or assets. This approach is different from 'thematic' allocations, for instance, to so-called impact investments, within a certain asset class - i.e., for a given risk-return profile. Our approach to allocate to thematic investments through impact investing is described in SG 18.2.



Since ESG factors have an impact on the risk and return associated with underlying assets, including ESG in the asset management process should heighten asset managers' awareness of the risks and opportunities associated with these factors when making security or asset selection decisions. It should also encourage conscious choices around exposures to ESG-related issues. As an integral part of managing assets for Zurich, all its asset managers must include the following four basic requirements in their investment approach:

#### 1. Training

A large number of ESG factors can potentially affect risk and return. The channels through which they affect risk and return are at times complex, and vary from sector to sector. It is important that portfolio managers receive adequate and regular training to help them understand the economic importance of ESG, especially as ESG has only recently - and partially - been included in business school, finance or chartered financial analyst (CFA) curriculums.

#### 2. Access to information

To reflect ESG issues in investment decisions, portfolio managers need access to relevant information in the form of ESG analysis, ratings, and data. This can be supplied by specialized external providers, dedicated in-house teams, or broker research.

#### 3. Investment process

A clear understanding is needed about the process by which ESG considerations are reflected in decisions to buy/sell, or overweight/underweight a certain security or asset. This process should be documented and consistently applied.

#### 4. Active ownership

Asset managers are required to actively execute proxy votes based on best-practice policies addressing ESG issues, and to integrate relevant ESG issues in discussions with investee companies, either as part of regular company meetings, or through separate channels.

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. In a few instances, in-house asset management teams also manage specific funds that form part of insurance products offered directly to clients. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. However, while some best practices may not be applicable under all circumstances, minimum standards related to the four basic requirements of ESG integration (described in this text) apply across teams:

#### 1. Training minimum standard

- Responsible investment competency assigned to asset management team.
- Training modules covering assigned competency levels completed successfully.

#### Best practice

- Additional relevant training through seminars, webinars, etc.
- · Review of selected academic research; responsible investment publications; etc.

#### 2. Access to information minimum standard

Access to MSCI ESG manager platform for all portfolio managers and investment analysts.

#### Best practice

- Use of ESG data from other data providers, such as Bloomberg, etc.
- Use of ESG research and analysis provided by brokers.
- · Encouraging brokers to reflect ESG issues in research and analysis.

#### 3. Investment process minimum standard

- Review of ESG research before making security selection decisions.
- Other things being equal preference for issuers with superior ESG performance.
- Integration of ESG risk exposure and exposure to controversial business practices in reporting to the local ALM investment committee (ALMIC).
- Discussion of ESG risks and opportunities at investment team meetings.



#### Best practice

- Integration of ESG factors into bottom-up equity or credit investment research.[1]
- Integration of ESG factors into industry sector analysis.
- ESG analytics at a portfolio level.

#### 4. Active ownership minimum standard

- Reviewing ESG research before interacting with investee company management (through existing channels such as investor meetings or calls, etc.) and discussion of relevant ESG issues besides other material issues.
- Use of PRI clearinghouse platform for engagement activities on priority topics.
- Discuss active ownership examples and progress in annual meetings between local teams and Zurich's Group Responsible Investment team.

#### Best practice

- Pro-active and targeted outreach to brokers, ESG data providers, industry bodies, investee companies with material ESG issues, as well as industry or regulatory bodies in support of identified responsible investment matters.
- Initiating or joining engagements with external asset managers or peers on identified priority topics.
- Actively taking on and championing an engagement topic through the PRI clearinghouse platform or other adequate channels.

[1] Only few Zurich teams conduct bottom-up research in-house

Describe how your ESG integration approach is adapted to each of the different types of fixed income you invest in.

SSA

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to municipal securities, as part of SSA.

Corporate (financial)

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to financial and non-financial corporate bonds.

Corporate (non-financial)

The approach described above in FI 10.1 applies uniformly to financial and non-financial corporate bonds.

FI 11 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1

FI 11.1 Indicate how ESG information is typically used as part of your investment process.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)
ESG analysis is integrated into fundamental analysis	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>7</b>
ESG analysis is used to adjust the internal credit assessments of issuers.	$\overline{\vee}$	<b>V</b>	
ESG analysis is used to adjust forecasted financials and future cash flow estimates.	V	<b>V</b>	V
ESG analysis impacts the ranking of an issuer relative to a chosen peer group.	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø
An issuer's ESG bond spreads and its relative value versus its sector peers are analysed to find out if all risks are priced in.	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø
The impact of ESG analysis on bonds of an issuer with different durations/maturities are analysed.	<b>V</b>	V	V
Sensitivity analysis and scenario analysis are applied to valuation models to compare the difference between base-case and ESG-integrated security valuation.	<b>V</b>	Ø	Ø
ESG analysis is integrated into portfolio weighting decisions.	V	✓	Ø
Companies, sectors, countries and currency and monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits.	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Ø
The ESG profile of portfolios is examined for securities with high ESG risks and assessed relative to the ESG profile of a benchmark.	<b>V</b>	Ø	
Other, specify in Additional Information			

FI 11.2 Additional information [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (e.g., the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

In answering FI 11.1, options were selected if applied systematically by at least one team. See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.



FI 12 Mandatory Public Additional Assessed PRI 1

FI 12.1

Indicate the extent to which ESG issues are reviewed in your integration process.

	Environment Social		Governance		
SSA	Environmental	Social	Governance		
	Systematically	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>	Systematically		
	<ul> <li>Occasionally</li> </ul>	Occasionally	<ul> <li>Occasionally</li> </ul>		
	O Not at all	O Not at all	O Not at all		
Corporate (financial)	Environmental	Social	Governance		
(	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>		
	Occasionally	○ Occasionally	Occasionally		
	O Not at all	○ Not at all	O Not at all		
Corporate (non-	Environmental	Social	Governance		
financial)	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>	<ul><li>Systematically</li></ul>		
	Occasionally	○ Occasionally	Occasionally		
	O Not at all	O Not at all	O Not at all		

FI 12.2

Please provide more detail on how you review E, S and/or G factors in your integration process.

SSA

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.

Corporate (financial)

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.

Corporate (non-financial)

Please see FI 10.1 for a description of Zurich's ESG integration process.



FI 12.3 Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of property and casualty and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance products offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team.

In answering FI 12.1 'Systematically' was selected, based on practices applied by the major teams managing fixed income assets.

See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

# FI 13.1 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1 PI 13.1 Describe your RI approach for passively managed fixed income assets.

Passively-managed fixed income mandates are not currently in-scope for Zurich's responsible investment approach.

Fixed	inco	me - Engagement			
FI 14	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose		Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
FI 14.1 Indicate the proportion of your fi engagements carried out solely				exclude any	

Category	Proportion (	of assets					
	O >50%						
SSA	○ 26-50%						
	● 5-25%						
	O More than	0%, less than 5%					
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (SSA fixed income assets).					
	☑ To gain ar	n understanding of ESG strategy and/or management					
	☑ To encour	age improved/increased ESG disclosure					
	☑ To influen	ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue					
_	○ >50%						
Corporate (financial)	○ 26-50%						
,	<b>o</b> 5-25%						
	O More than	0%, less than 5%					
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (Corporate, Financial fixed income assets)					
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management						
	☑ To encour	age improved/increased ESG disclosure					
	☑ To influen	ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue					
	○ >50%						
Corporate (non- financial)	○ 26-50%						
,	• 5-25%						
	O More than	0%, less than 5%					
	FI 14.2	Indicate your motivations for conducting engagement (Corporate, non-financial fixed income assets)					
	☑ To gain ar	n understanding of ESG strategy and/or management					
	☑ To encour	age improved/increased ESG disclosure					
	☑ To influen	ce issuer practice (or identify the need to influence) on ESG issue					

FI 14.3 Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

In 2017, Zurich implemented a strategy for engagement and all major teams began to discuss material ESG issues with issuers in a more systematic way as part of regular issuer interaction. In all these cases, engagement has been driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective of generating insights as part of the investment process and effecting change where appropriate. In 2018, Zurich subscribed to further collaborative engagement platforms beyond the PRI clearinghouse. Furthermore, a priority for 2019 was to further drive a top-down engagement campaigns, which Zurich did in conjunction with divesting from companies that generated more than 30 percent of their revenues from mining thermal coal or had more than 30 percent of coal in their power generation mix.



Zurich also engages extensively with green, social and sustainability bond issuers on impact topics. With the development of the impact measurement framework, we engaged with several issuers to gain an in-depth understanding of their impact reporting methodology, and to request additional information from them.

FI 15	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1,2
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New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

FI 15.1

Indicate how you typically engage with issuers as a fixed income investor, or as both a fixed income and listed equity investor. (Please do not include engagements where you are both a bondholder and shareholder but engage as a listed equity investor only.)

#### Select all that apply

Type of engagement	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Individual/Internal staff engagements			
Collaborative engagements			
Service provider engagements			

FI 15.2

Indicate how your organisation prioritises engagements with issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
Size of holdings	<b>V</b>		✓
Credit quality of the issuer			
Duration of holdings			
Quality of transparency on ESG	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	✓
Specific markets and/or sectors	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	✓
Specific ESG themes	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$	✓
Issuers in the lowest ranks of ESG benchmarks			
Issuers in the highest ranks of ESG benchmarks			
Specific issues considered priorities for the investor based on input from clients and beneficiaries			
Other	<b>V</b>		

If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.3

Indicate when your organisation conducts engagements with issuers.



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
We engage pre-investment.	V	<b>V</b>	<b>7</b>
We engage post-investment.	V	<b>V</b>	☑
We engage proactively in anticipation of specific ESG risks and/or opportunities.			
We engage in reaction to ESG issues that have already affected the issuer.	V	<b>V</b>	☑
We engage prior to ESG-related divestments.			
Other, describe	V		

If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.4

Indicate what your organisation conducts engagements with issuers on.

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)	
We engage on ESG risks and opportunities affecting a specific bond issuer or its issuer.	V			
We engage on ESG risks and opportunities affecting the entire industry or region that the issuer belongs to.			☑	
We engage on specific ESG themes across issuers and industries (e.g., human rights).	V	<b>V</b>	☑	
Other, describe	V			



#### If 'other' has been selected, please give a description

Note that supranational and sovereign securities generally do not fall within the scope of Zurich's ESG integration approach (see OO 11.4 for rationale and details). Stated SSA numbers include municipal securities, to which the Group's ESG integration approach applies. Although supranational and sovereign fixed income is formally out-of-scope for our ESG integration approach, we do engage systematically with a number of supranational, municipal and agency issuers of green bonds, which form part of our impact investing universe.

FI 15.5

Indicate how your organisation ensures that information and insights collected through engagement can feed into the investment decision-making process.

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
Ensuring regular cross-team meetings and presentations.	V	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	
Sharing engagement data across platforms that is accessible to ESG and investment teams.				
Encouraging ESG and investment teams to join engagement meetings and roadshows.	V	V	$\square$	
Delegating some engagement dialogue to portfolio managers/credit analysts.	V	V		
Involving portfolio managers when defining an engagement programme and developing engagement decisions.	V	V		
Establishing mechanisms to rebalance portfolio holdings based on levels of interaction and outcomes of engagements.				
Considering active ownership as a mechanism to assess potential future investments.	V			
Other, describe				
We do not ensure that information and insights collected through engagement can feed into the investment decision-making process.				



FI 15.6

Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

In 2017, Zurich implemented a strategy for engagement and all major teams began to discuss material ESG issues with issuers in a more systematic way as part of regular issuer interaction. In all these cases, engagement is driven by the portfolio managers and/or analysts directly, with the objective of generating insights as part of the investment process and effecting change where appropriate. In 2018, Zurich subscribed to further collaborative engagement platforms beyond the PRI clearinghouse. Furthermore, a priority for 2019 was to drive a top-down engagement campaign, with companies that generated more than 30 percent of their revenues from mining thermal coal, oil sands or oil shale, or used coal in more than 30 percent of their power generation mix.

Zurich also engages extensively with green, social and sustainability bond issuers about impact topics. With the development of the impact measurement framework we engaged with several issuers to understand their impact reporting methodology in depth and asked for additional information.

FI 16	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1,2

FI 16.1

Indicate if your publicly available policy documents explicitly refer to fixed income engagement separately from engagements in relation to other asset classes.

Yes

FI 16.2 Please attach or provide a URL to your fixed income engagement policy document. [Optional]

URL

https://www.zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/responsible-investment-at-zurich.pdf?la=en

 $\bigcirc$  No

FI 16.3 Additional information [OPTIONAL]

Zurich's overall engagement policy and minimum standards apply to both fixed income and equity. However, Zurich describes a dedicated engagement approach valid for fixed income impact investments in its white paper 'Responsible Investment at Zurich - What we want to achieve, and how we do it.'

Zurich is a member of the executive committee that governs the Green Bond Principles. It is also a member of formal and informal working groups that play an active role in helping to develop the green bond market. Its activities reflect Zurich's particular interest in engaging other market participants in active dialogue on topics related to impact reporting.

#### **Outputs and outcomes**

FI 17 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose Public Additional Assessed General	ral
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FI 17.1

Indicate whether your organisation measures how your incorporation of ESG analysis in fixed income has affected investment outcomes and/or performance.

Select all that apply

PRI Principles for Responsible Investment

	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non- financial)
We measure whether incorporating ESG impacts portfolio risk.	V	☑	$ \nabla$
We measure whether incorporating ESG impacts portfolio returns.	$\checkmark$	▼	✓
We measure the ESG performance/profile of portfolios (relative to the benchmark).	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
None of the above			

FI 17.2

Describe how your organisation measures how your incorporation of ESG analysis in fixed income has affected investment outcomes and/or ESG performance. [OPTIONAL]

The way in which different in-house asset management teams manage equity or fixed income portfolios can vary significantly depending on the structure and profile of local insurance liabilities (for example, the mix of general and life insurance business, and the specific type of insurance product offered); the size of the portfolio and portfolio management team; local regulatory requirements; local market structure; etc. As a result, the approach to ESG integration will also vary between teams and it is the responsibility of the local chief investment officer to define the optimal approach together with the team. In answering FI 17.1, options were selected if applied systematically at least by one team. See FI 10.1 for details about minimum standards for ESG integration applied across teams.

FI 17.3

Additional information.[OPTIONAL]

NA

FI 18	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1,2
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FI 18.1

Provide examples of how your incorporation of ESG analysis and/or your engagement of issuers has affected your fixed income investment outcomes during the reporting year.

☑ Example 1



Type of fixed income
□SSA
☐ Corporate (financial)
☑ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG issue and explanation
The consequences of a far-reaching industry scandal have been widespread, and have had financial and operational impacts, both directly and indirectly, including those impacts resulting from fines imposed by authorities, lawsuits established by various affected parties (consumers, investors, local governments), and the impact on efforts to trade in older models for newer models with lower emissions. The current ESG rating for the company, and the sector overall, is at the lowest conceivable level.
RI strategy applied
□ Screening
☐ Thematic
☑ Integration
□ Engagement
☐ ESG incorporation in passively managed funds
Impact on investment decision or performance
Our credit analyst considered all ESG issues cited above. Current actions taken by the company, such as improvements in the company's corporate governance framework, are considered as essential in order for its credit ratings to improve. Therefore, the portfolio manager feels that the current ESG rating does not reflect the changes the company has introduced and decided to participate in its prospective bond issue.

☑ Example 2



Type of fixed income
□SSA
☑ Corporate (financial)
☐ Corporate (non-financial)
ESG issue and explanation
In 2019 we updated our fossil fuel position to divesting from companies that generated more than 30 percent of their revenues from mining thermal coal or had more than 30 percent of coal in their power generation mix. While relying on third-party data providers at the outset, we began in 2019 with an engagement campaign to gain further understanding of the companies' transition plans to move them toward aligning with the Paris agreement.
RI strategy applied
□ Screening
☐ Thematic
□ Integration
☑ Engagement
☐ ESG incorporation in passively managed funds
Impact on investment decision or performance
In cases where we do not receive confirmation that the company will reduce its exposure to coal, in line with the intentions of the Paris Agreement, we will divest our equity exposure and make no new fixed income investments.
☐ Example 3
□ Example 4
□ Example 5



# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Property** 

# PRI disclaimer

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# PR 01 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 1-6 PR 01.1 Indicate if your organisation has a Responsible Property Investment (RPI) policy. Yes PR 01.2 Provide a URL or attach the document URL https://www.zurich.com/en/sustainability/responsible-investment/advancing-together Attach Document

PR 01.3

O No

Provide a brief overview of your organisation's approach to responsible investment in property, and how you link responsible investment in property to your business strategy. [Optional]

Sustainability is captured as an explicit element in Zurich's real estate investment strategy. In 2016, Zurich integrated responsible investment practices into its global real estate investment guidelines. The guidelines define a global framework centered on sustainability scoring for all properties, supplemented by local best practices to reduce CO2 emissions, water consumption and waste, and to increase the share of labeled properties in the portfolio. The global framework is in the process of implementation, which is expected to be a multi-year process.

The largest portion of the portfolio of real estate assets is managed in Switzerland, representing 40 percent of Zurich's real estate exposure by value. In Switzerland, a responsible investment strategy is carried out based on the following elements:

- Sustainability targets are reflected in the operational optimization implementation plan, with a specific focus on energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy sources.
- Sustainability best practices for all relevant ESG factors are reflected in project management guidelines to support decision-making at an asset-by-asset level.

To achieve these objectives, Zurich introduced processes that reflect its focus on sustainability in real estate transactions, development and property management.

In other internally-managed direct portfolios, in particular in Germany, US, Spain, Austria, Italy (domestic assets), Chile, Australia and Netherlands, we have local initiatives carried out by the local (internal) teams and in cooperation with their local business partners (e.g. property managers). This includes e.g. ground-up development of labelled assets (Germany, Bavaria Towers in Munich) and monitoring of the energy and utilities consumption and CO2 emissions of assets (US, in cooperation with Measurabl). Those programs are reported on within this module (PR 01 - PR 16) where appropriate and as they apply. The optimal measures to reduce energy consumption and carbon emissions are, in line with our principles, defined on a case-by-case basis. As a working principle, and as a part of the (at least) annual review meetings with the property manager, the local asset manager discusses the property manager's approach to include ESG factors in their daily facility and property management decisions.

Pre-investment (selection)				
PR 04	Mandatory	Public	Gateway/Core Assessed	PRI 1
PR 04	Mandatory	Public	Gateway/Core Assessed	PRI 1



PR 04.1

Indicate if your organisation typically incorporates ESG issues when selecting property investments.

Yes

PR 04.2

Provide a description of your organisation's approach to incorporating ESG issues in property investment selection.

ESG factors are fully integrated into Zurich's real estate transaction management process. As part of the due diligence, Zurich performs an assessment if any potential investments are required to improve a property's energy consumption and CO2 emissions, as well as any other relevant ESG aspects. As appropriate, we use internal sustainability expertise or external consultants or a combination of both. This assessment is then reflected in the investment decision. We ensure that ESG opportunities and risks are evaluated properly and incorporated into our underwriting process.

PR 04.3

Indicate which E, S and/or G issues are typically considered by your organisation in the property investment selection process, and list up to three examples per issue.

☑ Environmental

Environmental example 1, select one
☐ Climate change adaptation
☐ Contamination
☑ Energy efficiency
☐ Energy supply, Flooding, GHG emissions
☐ Indoor environmental quality
☐ Natural hazards
□ Resilience
☐ Transportation
☐ Water efficiency
☐ Waste management
□ Water supply
□ Other
□ Other
☐ Flooding
☐ GHG emissions

Please see PR 04.4



Environmental example 1, description

	Environmental example 2, select one				
☐ Climate	e change adaptation				
□ Contami	nation				
☐ Energy €	efficiency				
	Energy supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
☐ Indoor e	Indoor environmental quality				
□ Natural I	□ Natural hazards				
☐ Resilien	ce				
☐ Transpo	rtation				
☐ Water ef	ficiency				
☐ Waste m	nanagement				
☐ Water su	upply				
☐ Other					
☐ Other					
☐ Flooding					
☐ GHG em	nissions				
	Fourteemental example 2 description				
	Environmental example 2, description				
Please see P	R 04.4				
	Engineer and a second 2 colors and				
	Environmental example 3, select one				
	change adaptation				
☐ Contami					
□ Energy 6					
	supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
	nvironmental quality				
<ul><li>□ Natural I</li><li>□ Resilien</li></ul>					
☑ Transpo					
□ Water ef					
	☐ Waste management				
☐ Other	□ Water supply				
□ Other					
☐ Flooding					
☐ GHG em					
_ 0110 en					
	Environmental example 3, description				

Please see PR 04.4



Social example 1, select one				
☐ Building safety and materials				
☑ Health, safety and wellbeing				
☐ Socio-economic				
□ Accessibility				
☐ Affordable Housing				
□ Occupier Satisfaction				
□ Other				
□ Other				
□ Other				
Social example 1, description [OPTIONAL]				
Please see PR 04.4				
1 10000 000 1 11 0 11.1				
Social example 2, select one				
☐ Building safety and materials				
☐ Health, Safety and wellbeing				
☑ Socio-economic				
□ Accessibility				
☐ Affordable Housing				
□ Occupier Satisfaction				
□ Other				
□ Other				
□ Other				
Social example 2, description [OPTIONAL]				
Please see PR 04.4				
Social example 3, select one				
☐ Building safety and materials				
☐ Health, Safety and wellbeing				
□ Socio-economic				
☑ Accessibility				
☐ Affordable Housing				
☐ Occupier Satisfaction				
□ Other				
□ Other				
□ Other				



Social example 3, description [OPTIONAL]

### Please see PR 04.4

☑ Governance

	Governance example 1, select one				
✓ Anti-brib	ery & corruption				
	□ Board structure				
□ Conflicts					
	ance structure				
□ Regulato					
	older structure & rights				
	chain governance				
☐ Other					
☐ Other					
☐ Other					
	Governance example 1, description				
Please see Pl	R 04.4				
	Governance example 2, select one				
☐ Anti-brib	on, 9 compution				
☐ Board st	ery & corruption				
□ board st					
☐ Conflicts	ructure				
☐ Conflicts	ructure				
☐ Conflicts	rructure s of interest ance structure				
<ul><li>□ Conflicts</li><li>□ Governa</li><li>☑ Regulato</li></ul>	rructure s of interest ance structure				
<ul><li>□ Conflicts</li><li>□ Governa</li><li>☑ Regulato</li><li>□ Shareho</li></ul>	rructure s of interest ance structure  Dry				
<ul><li>□ Conflicts</li><li>□ Governa</li><li>☑ Regulato</li><li>□ Shareho</li></ul>	rructure s of interest ance structure ory older structure & rights				
<ul><li>□ Conflicts</li><li>□ Governa</li><li>☑ Regulato</li><li>□ Shareho</li><li>□ Supply of</li></ul>	rructure s of interest ance structure ory older structure & rights				
☐ Conflicts ☐ Governa ☑ Regulate ☐ Shareho ☐ Supply c	rructure s of interest ance structure ory older structure & rights				
☐ Conflicts ☐ Governa ☑ Regulate ☐ Shareho ☐ Supply of ☐ Other ☐ Other	rructure s of interest ance structure ory older structure & rights				

Please see PR 04.4



	Governance example 3, select one				
☐ Anti-brik	☐ Anti-bribery & corruption				
☐ Board s	tructure				
☐ Conflict	s of interest				
☐ Governa	ance structure				
□ Regulat	□ Regulatory				
☑ Shareho	☑ Shareholder structure & rights				
☐ Supply	☐ Supply chain governance				
☐ Other					
☐ Other					
☐ Other	□ Other				
	Governance example 3, description				

Please see PR 04.4

 $\bigcirc$  No

PR 04.4 Additional information. [Optional]

We fully integrate ESG measures and implementations into our investment process. We conduct a comprehensive sustainability due diligence for all our acquisitions. We inspect closely on the following aspects:

- Operational energy performance
- Social and human well-being of the future inhabitants
- Environmental compliance

PR 05 **Voluntary** Public **Additional Assessed** PRI 1,3 Indicate what type of ESG information your organisation typically considers during your property PR 05.1 ☑ Raw data from the target property asset/company ☑ Appraisals/audits ☑ Benchmarks/ratings against similar property asset ☑ Country level data/benchmarks ☑ Data aligned with established property reporting standards, industry codes and certifications ☐ International initiatives, declarations or standards  $\square$  Data from engagements with stakeholders (e.g. tenants and local community surveys) ☑ Information from external advisers Other, specify See PR 05.2 ☐ We do not track this information



PR 05.2

Provide a brief description of how this ESG information was incorporated into your investment selection process.

ESG factors are fully integrated into Zurich's real estate transaction management process. Information related to ESG issues contained in external appraisals is taken into account and is supplemented with other information and own analysis. Specifically, as part of the due diligence process, Zurich performs an assessment of any potential investments required to improve a property's energy consumption and CO2 emissions, as well as any other relevant ESG aspects. This assessment is then reflected in the investment decision.

R 06		Mandat	ory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1	
		Indicate if ESG issues impacted your property investment selection process during the reporting					
	PR 06.1		idicate if ESG issues impacted you ear.	ur property investm	ent selection process during the i	reporting	
☑ ESG issues helped identify risks and/or opportunities for value creation							
	☑ ESG	issues le	ed to the abandonment of potentia	l investments			
	☑ ESG	issues in	mpacted the investment in terms o	f price offered and/	or paid		
$\square$ ESG issues impacted the terms in the shareholder/purchase agreements and/or lending covenants							
	□ ESG	issues w	vere considered but did not have a	n impact on the inv	estment selection process		
	☐ Othe	er, specify	1				
	□ Not a	applicable	e, our organisation did not select a	ny investments in t	the reporting year		
□ We do n		do not tra	ck this potential impact				
	PR 06.2		dicate how ESG issues impacted eporting year.	your property inves	stment deal structuring processes	during the	
☑ ESG issues impacted the investment in terms of price offered and/or paid							
	□ ESG	issues in	mpacted the terms in the sharehold	der/purchase agree	ements and/or lending covenants		
	□ ESG	issues w	vere considered but did not have a	n impact on the de	al structuring process		
	☐ Othe	er, specify	1				
☐ Not applicable, our organisation did not select any investments in the reporting year							
	□ We d	☐ We do not track this potential impact					
_							
	PR 06.3	3 A	dditional information.				

Please refer to PR 05.2 for details.

Selection, appointment and monitoring third-party property managers					
PR 07 Mandatory Public Core Assessed				Core Assessed	PRI 4
PR 07.1 Indicate if your organisation includes ESG issues in your selection, appointment and/or monitoring of third-party property managers.					monitoring

PRII Principles for Responsible Investment

Yes

PR 07.2

Indicate how your organisation includes ESG issues in your selection, appointment and/or monitoring of third party property managers.

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Selection process of property managers incorporated ESG issues

		Types of actions
	☑ Request processes	t explanation of how ESG is effectively integrated, including inquiries about governance and
		t track records and examples of how the manager implements ESG in their asset and panagement
	☑ Discuss	property level out-performance opportunities through greater integration of ESG criteria
	☐ Request	t explanation of engaging stakeholders on ESG issues
	☐ Other, e	xplain
		Coverage
	● >75% to	100%
	○ >50% to	75%
	○ <50%	
☑ (	Contractual r	equirements when appointing property managers includes ESG issues
		Types of actions
	✓ Include	clear and detailed expectations for incorporating ESG
	☐ Require	dedicated ESG procedures in all relevant asset and property management phases
	☐ Clear E	SG reporting requirements
	☐ Clear E	SG performance targets
	☐ Other, e	xplain
		Courses
		Coverage
	● >75% to	100%
	○ >50% to	75%
	○ <50%	
<b>✓</b>	Monitoring of	property managers covers ESG responsibilities and implementation
		Types of actions
	☑ Perform timeframe.	ance against quantitative and material environmental / resource targets over specified
	✓ Perform benchmark	ance against quantitative and material environmental / resource targets against relevant
	☐ Perform portfolio/in	ance against quantitative and qualitative targets to address social impacts of the vestment,
	□ Other e	xnlain



Coverage

>75% to 100%

○ >50% to 75%

○ <50%

 $\bigcirc$  No

PR 07.3

Provide a brief description of your organisations selection, appointment and monitoring of third party property managers and how they contribute to the management of ESG issues for your property investments.

We start the selection process of our third-party property managers with a thorough due diligence questionnaire, and ESG forms a major part of this questionnaire. There is a rigorous requirement for ESG monitoring and reporting and it is a statutory commitment. The in-depth know-how of ESG issues and to what degree the manager can assimilate the relevant tangible ESG risk and opportunities into their property management decisions are very relevant when it comes to getting them on board for Zurich. We not only consider their ability to implement ESG methodology but also to evaluate their actions periodically. Thus, our decision to hire them or not depend considerably on their track record with ESG. On a global level, selection and monitoring starts with our asset manager selection. Every RFP run for asset manager selection includes a section dedicated to ESG management. Before assigning a mandate, we compare and score ESG practices and capabilities of the manager with regard to their ESG program, activities and how property managers are selected and monitored. When selecting a new property manager, or when renewing their contract, ESG plays a part in the evaluation matrix of the respective service-level agreement.

In Switzerland, we are working with our property managers to implement the carbon-reduction program for Swiss assets. In Germany, we work with our property managers to implement thorough ESG strategies for our German portfolio, including reducing carbon emissions. In other countries we work with various property managers who have in-depth ESG experience and know-how.

Zurich regularly discusses energy efficiency and other ESG factors with property managers and relies on property managers to collect data related to energy consumption.

Coverage based on number of assets.

### Post-investment (monitoring and active ownership)

Overview				
PR 08	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	PRI 2

PR 08.1

Indicate if your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in post-investment activities relating to your property assets.

Yes



PR 08.2

Indicate whether your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in the following post-investment activities relating to your property assets.

- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property monitoring and management
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property developments and major renovations.
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in property occupier engagements
- ☐ We consider ESG issues in community engagements related to our properties
- ☑ We consider ESG issues in other post-investment activities, specify

Also smaller repairs and maintenance work are always considered under their ESG relevance (e.g., replacement of windows, heating system, lighting system etc.)

PR 08.3

Describe how your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in post-investment activities related to your property assets.

**Property monitoring and management:** Zurich requires its property managers to perform energy accounting for its properties and monitors energy consumption data, as well as CO2 emissions through an energy controlling system.

**Property development and refurbishments:** as part of the operational optimization plan measures are implemented to reduce energy consumption and CO2 emissions. The optimal mix of measures is determined on an asset-by-asset basis. See PR 16 for examples.

**Occupier engagement:** Zurich's property managers make information leaflets on issues such as effective heating and venting practices, etc., available to all tenants.

Note: CO2 emission monitoring and objectives as stated above currently reflect local best practice in Switzerland, where Zurich holds 40 percent of real estate investments by value. Thorough CO2 emission monitoring is also implemented in the U.S. (15 percent of real estate investment by value) and Austria (5 percent of real estate investments by value). Implementation of CO2 emission measurements and reduction objectives in line with science-based targets are being developed.

 $\bigcirc$  No

### **Property monitoring and management**

PR 09 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2,3

PR 09.1

Indicate the proportion of property assets for which your organisation, and/or property managers, set and monitored ESG targets (KPIs or similar) during the reporting year.

- >90% of property assets
- 51-90% of property assets
- 10-50% of property assets
- <10% of property assets

(in terms of number of property assets)

PR 09.2

Indicate which ESG targets your organisation and/or property managers typically set and monitor

✓ Environmental



Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
In Switzerland: energy consumption (20 percent reduction by 2020 vs 2010 baseline; 80 percent reduction by 2050) In Switzerland: CO2 emissions (20 percent reduction by 2020 vs 2010 baseline; 80 percent reduction by 2050)	-10.7% -16.3% Water use reduction and waste water technologies

Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
Improve occupier engagement Integrate EU regulated energy certificate 'A-G' with leases	Good progress Good progress (Spain, Portugal, Austria)

Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
Discuss property managers' compliance with ESG specific requirements	Good progress

 $\hfill\square$  We do not set and/or monitor against targets

PR 09.3 Additional information. [Optional]

See PR 01.3 for further details.

Note: Answers in this section represent local best practice for Switzerland, Austria, Germany, the U.S., Spain and Portugal.

PR 10	Voluntary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
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PR 10.1

Indicate whether your property assets are assessed against certification schemes, ratings and/or benchmarks

Yes

PR 10.2

List the certification schemes, ratings and/or benchmarks your property assets are assessed against and what proportion of your property assets they apply to.

☑ Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 1



Specify	Minergie, DGNB, LEED, BREEAM
Proportion of property assets these apply to	○ >90% of property assets
	○ 51-90% of property assets
	● 10-50% of property assets
	○ <10% of property assets
	(in terms of number of property assets)

☑ Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 2

Specify	Energy consumption
Proportion of property assets these apply to	○ >90% of property assets
	● 51-90% of property assets
	○ 10-50% of property assets
	○ <10% of property assets
	(in terms of number of property assets)

 $\square$  Add certification scheme, rating and benchmark 3

 $\bigcirc$  No

PR 10.3

ndicate if your organisation uses property specific reporting standards to disclose information related to your property investments' ESG performance.

- ☐ Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Construction & Real Estate Sector Supplement (CRESS)
- ☑ Other property reporting standards, specify

SIA 2040

☐ No property specific reporting standards are used

PR 10.4

Additional information

Zurich does not set any minimum requirements or targets with respect to property certifications. The cost and benefit of certification are taken into account on an asset-by-asset basis, but the responsible investment approach in real estate investment focuses primarily on a property's contribution to the portfolio's overall ESG scoring, including energy consumption and CO2 emission levels globally. We own labeled assets in the U.S., Austria, Spain, Chile, Italy, Switzerland and Germany.

_					
Pro	nertv (	develo	nments and	ı ma	jor renovations
	DOILY	acreio	pilicitio alle	a iliu	or removations

PR 11 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2



PR 11.1

Indicate the proportion of active property developments and major renovations where ESG issues have been considered.

- >90% of active developments and major renovations
- 51-90% of active developments and major renovations
- 10-50% of active developments and major renovations
- <10% of active developments and major renovations
- O N/A, no developments and major renovations of property assets are active

(by number of active property developments and refurbishments)

PR 11.2

Indicate if the following ESG considerations are typically implemented and monitored in your property developments and major renovations.

- ☑ Environmental site selection requirements
- ☑ Environmental site development requirements
- ☑ Sustainable construction materials
- ☑ Water efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy generation from on-site renewable sources
- ☑ Waste management plans at sites
- ☑ Health and safety management systems at sites
- ☑ Health and wellbeing of residents
- ☑ Construction contractors comply with sustainability guidelines
- ☑ Resilient building design and orientation
- ☐ Other, specify

PR 11.3

Additional information. [Optional]

For all property developments and refurbishments, Zurich's real estate investment managers will determine the optimal mix of measures to achieve energy consumption and CO2 emission targets, as well as other sustainability considerations in line with the operational optimization plan and sustainability best practices as defined in project management guidelines. Measures taken will depend on a property's location, whether buildings remain fully or partially occupied during refurbishments, and other factors.

### Occupier engagement

PR 12 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2



PR 12.1

Indicate the proportion of property occupiers your organisation, and/or your property managers, engaged with on ESG issues during the reporting year.

- >90% of occupiers
- 50-90% of occupiers
- 10-50% of occupiers
- <10% of occupiers

(in terms of number of occupiers)

PR 12.2

Indicate if the following practises and areas are typically part of your, and/or your property managers', occupier engagements.

- ☑ Distribute a sustainability guide to occupiers
- ☐ Organise occupier events focused on increasing sustainability awareness
- ☐ Deliver training on energy and water efficiency
- ☐ Deliver training on waste minimisation
- ☑ Provide feedback on energy and water consumption and/or waste generation
- ☑ Provide feedback on waste generation
- ☐ Carry out occupier satisfaction surveys
- ☑ Health and wellbeing of residents
- □ Offer green leases
- ☐ Other, specify

PR 12.3

Additional information. [Optional]

Zurich's property managers make information available to all new tenants in the form of leaflets, for example, on effective heating and ventilation practices, etc. Stable and regular interactions with the tenants makes the property manager aware of the level of progress targeted and desire of the occupiers and immediate effective solutions are implemented. Before taking up the possession of the property tenants are provided with building guidelines which contain social and environmental sustainability guidance and obligation.

Note: Answers in this section represent local best practice for Switzerland, Austria, Germany, U.S. and countries where we have own-use buildings (total more than 77 percent of total real estate exposure).

PR 13 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 2

PR 13.1

Indicate the proportion of all leases signed during the reporting year that used green leases or the proportion of Memoranda of Understandings (MoUs) with reference to ESG issues.

- >90% of leases or MoUs
- 50-90% of leases or MoUs
- 10-50% of leases or MoUs
- O 0% of leases or MoUs
- O N/A, no leases or MoUs were signed during the reporting year

(in terms of number of leases or MoUs)

PRII Principles for Responsible Investment

PR 13.2

Additional information

We are working on incorporating green leases in our commercial, retail and residentials assets (e.g. in Australia and own-use assets) which will reflect our ESG requirements.

### **Outputs and outcomes**

PR 15 Voluntary Public Additional Assessed PRI 1,2

PR 15.1

Indicate whether your organisation measures how your approach to responsible investment in property investments has affected financial and/or ESG performance.

☑ We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impacts funds' financial performance

PR 15.2a

Describe the impact on the following.

Describe the impact on:	Impact
Funds` financial performance	<ul><li>Positive</li></ul>
	○ Negative
	O No impact

 $\ensuremath{\square}$  We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impacts funds' ESG performance

PR 15.2b

Describe the impact on the following.

Describe the impact on:	Impact
Funds` ESG performance	<ul><li>Positive</li></ul>
	○ Negative
	O No impact

☐ None of the above

PR 15.3

Describe how you are able to determine these outcomes.

Zurich aims to include savings from energy efficiency in investment decisions at the individual property level. However, data are not always sufficient to determine the underlying cost savings accruing to the tenant.

The Swiss real estate team requires its property managers to perform energy accounting for its properties and monitors energy consumption data, as well as CO2 emissions through an energy controlling system. Zurich then works with a specialized external provider to evaluate this data and determine energy consumption and CO2 emission levels for the overall portfolio. For our U.S. portfolio, we are members of ULI Greenprint Center for Building Performance. We have collected data on a monthly basis in the U.S. since 2017.



PR 16 Voluntary Public Descriptive PRI 1,3

PR 16.1

Provide examples of ESG issues that affected your property investments during the reporting year.

☑ Add Example 1

ESG issue	Energy consumption / CO2 emissions		
Types of properties affected	Bavaria Towers, office building, new construction		
Impact (or potential impact) on investment	<ul> <li>Includes double-skin façade and a district heating system</li> <li>Silver DGNB certification</li> <li>Gold LEED certification</li> <li>See: https://www.bavaria-towers.de/en.html</li> </ul>		
Activities undertaken to influence the investment and the outcomes	Ongoing construction		
☐ Add Example 2 ☐ Add Example 3 ☐ Add Example 4			

PR 16.2

☐ Add Example 5

Additional information. [Optional]

Apart from current ongoing developments, ESG issues affect investment decision making in transaction management. Investment opportunities are often not taken into consideration, as their ESG risks are not reflected in the asking prices (risk / return - evaluation). These issues are part of the investment decisions taken in our Investment committees. Furthermore, underwriting and due diligence done on real estate investments include onsite inspections of environmental and social risks.



# Zurich Insurance Group

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Confidence building measures

# PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



	Confidence building measures					
CM1	M1 01 Mandatory		ndatory	Public	Additional Assessed	General
	CM1 01.1 Indicate whether the reporte year has undergone:		Indicate whether the reported info year has undergone:	rmation you have p	provided for your PRI Transparer	ncy Report this
	□ Thi	rd part	y assurance over selected response	es from this year's F	PRI Transparency Report	
			y assurance over data points from o nis year	ther sources that h	ave subsequently been used in y	our PRI
		rd part nis yea	y assurance or audit of the correct in r)	mplementation of R	I processes (that have been rep	orted to the
			udit of the correct implementation of he PRI this year)	RI processes and/	or accuracy of RI data (that have	been
	☑ Inte	ernal v	erification of responses before subm	nission to the PRI (e	e.g. by the CEO or the board)	
	(	Who	le PRI Transparency Report has bee	en internally verifie	d	
		Sele	cted data has been internally verified	d		
	☐ Oth	ner, sp	ecify			
	□ Nor	ne of tl	ne above			
CM1	02	Mar	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General
	CM1 0	2.1	We undertook third party assuran	ce on last year's Pl	RI Transparency Report	
	○ Wh	ole PF	RI Transparency Report was assured	d last year		
	Selected data was assured in last year's PRI Transparency Report					
	○ We did not assure last year`s PRI Transparency report					
	O None of the above, we were in our preparation year and did not report last year.					
	CM1 0	2.2	Whole report was assured in last	year's PRI Transpa	arency Report	
	Who has conducted the assurance					
	Pricev	vaterh	ouse Coopers AG			

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	Assurance standard used					
☑ ISAE/ AS	SEA 3000					
☐ ISAE 34	02					
☐ ISO stan	dard					
□ AAF01/0	□ AAF01/06					
□ AA1000	AS					
☐ IFC perfe	ormance standards					
☑ ASAE 34	110 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements.					
□ National	standard					
☐ Other						
	Level of assurance sought					
Limited 6						
	or equivalent able or equivalent					
○ Neasona	bie or equivalent					
	Link to external assurance provider`s report					
https://www	v.zurich.com/en/sustainability/being-a-responsible-business/measuring-our-progress					
CM1 02.2	Selected data was assured in last year's PRI Transparency Report					
	What data has been assured					
	I and organisational data					
☑ Data related to RI activities						
□ RI policies						
☐ RI processes (e.g. engagement process)						
☑ ESG operational data of the portfolio						
	Specify					

All financial and organisational data published in Zurich's annual report or annual review, as well as all Responsible Investment KPIs published in Zurich's Sustainability Highlights report have been externally assured



		Relevant modules				
	☑ Organisational Overview					
	☑ Strategy and Governance					
	☑ Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring					
	☑ Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation					
	☑ Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership					
	✓ Direct	- Fixed Income				
	✓ Direct	- Property				
CM1 03	Ma	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General	
	CM1 03.1	We undertake confidence b Transparency Report:	uilding measures that a	re unspecific to the data cor	ntained in our PRI	
	☐ We adhe	re to an RI certification or label	ling scheme			
		out independent/third party as			ainability report)	
(	extracts of t	which are included in this year's	s PRI Transparency Re	роп		
		Provide a link to the pu	blic report (such as a su	ustainability report that you	carry out third party	
	CM1 0	3.3 assurance over and for	which you have used e	extracts of in this year's PRI rance provider `s report.		
		Report. Also include a	illik to trie external assu	irance provider 3 report.		
		Link to sustainability,	RI, or integrated report	[URL]		
	la tter a s /				todali ole te	
		<del>/www.zurich.com/-/media/proje</del> odf?la=en&hash=A62E3CBED			<u>lignlights-</u>	
		Link to external assur	ance provider`s report [	[URL]		
	https://	/www.zurich.com/-/media/proje	ct/zurich/dotcom/sustair	nability/docs/sustainability-h	ighlights-	
	<u>2019.</u> p	odf?la=en&hash=A62E3CBED	7D4154FF08DCCBAA0	<u> </u>		
		Pro All III				
		lit of holdings				
	<ul><li>☐ Other, sp</li><li>☐ None of t</li></ul>	•				
	- None or	ine above				
CM1 04	Ma	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General	
_						
	CM1 04.1	Do you plan to conduct third	party assurance of this	s year`s PRI Transparency r	eport?	
	O Whole Pl	RI Transparency Report will be	assured			
		data will be assured				
	CM1 0	4.2b Selected data will be a	ssured			



	What data will be assured			
☑ Fin	ancial and organisational data			
☑ Da	ta related to RI activities			
□RI	policies			
□RI	processes (e.g. engagement process)			
☑ ES	G operational data of the portfolio			
☑ Oth	ner			
	Specify			
Res	financial and organisational data published in Zurich's annual report or annual review, as well as all sponsible Investment KPIs published in Zurich's Sustainability Highlights report have been externally ured			
	Relevant modules			
☑ Orç	ganisational Overview			
☑ Str	☑ Strategy and Governance			
☑ Ind	☑ Indirect – Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring			
☑ Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation				
☑ Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership				
☑ Direct - Fixed Income				
☑ Direct - Property				
○ We do not	plan to assure this year`s PRI Transparency report			
CM1 04.2a	Provide details related to the assurance that will be conducted			
	Expected date the assurance will be complete			
20/02/2020				
	Who will conduct the assurance			

Pricewaterhouse Coopers AG



	Assurance standard to	be used		
☑ ISAE/	ASEA 3000			
□ISAE	3402			
☐ ISO st	andard			
□ AAF0	1/06			
□ AA10	00AS			
☐ IFC po	erformance standards			
☑ ASAE	3410 Assurance Engageme	ents on Greenhouse Gas	Statements.	
□ Nation	nal standard			
☐ Other				
	Level of assurance sou	ught		
(a) Limita				
	d or equivalent			
	d or equivalent onable or equivalent			
	d or equivalent onable or equivalent			
○ Reaso		Public	Descriptive	General
○ Reaso	nable or equivalent  Indatory  Provide details related to Transparency Report and	the third party assurand	Descriptive  be over selected responses on other sources that have selected responses.	from this year's PRI
O Reaso	nable or equivalent  Indatory  Provide details related to	the third party assurand	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso	nable or equivalent  Indatory  Provide details related to Transparency Report and	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
O Reaso	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI respons	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso  Ma  CM1 05.1	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI respons	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso  Ma  CM1 05.1	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI respons  What data has been as cial and organisational data related to RI activities	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso  Ma  CM1 05.1  ☑ Finane ☑ Data r	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI respons  What data has been as cial and organisational data related to RI activities	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year ssured	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
CM1 05.1  Finance Data r  RI Pool	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI response What data has been as cial and organisational data elated to RI activities icies	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year ssured	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
CM1 05.1  Finance Data r  RI Pool	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI response What data has been as cial and organisational data related to RI activities icies	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year ssured	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso  Ma  CM1 05.1  ☑ Financ ☑ Data r □ RI Pro ☑ ESG o	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI response What data has been as cial and organisational data related to RI activities icies	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year ssured	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI
○ Reaso  Ma  CM1 05.1  ☑ Financ ☑ Data r □ RI Pro ☑ ESG o	Provide details related to Transparency Report and used in your PRI response What data has been as cial and organisational data related to RI activities icies	o the third party assurance d/or over data points from ses this year ssured	ce over selected responses	from this year's PRI

All financial and organisational data published in Zurich's annual report or annual review, as well as all Responsible Investment KPIs published in Zurich's Sustainability Highlights report have been externally assured



	Relevant modules
☑ Organisati	onal Overview
	nd Governance
☑ Indirect –	Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring
☑ Direct - Lis	sted Equity Incorporation
☑ Direct - Lis	sted Equity Active Ownership
☑ Direct - Fix	red Income
☑ Direct - Pr	operty
	Who has conducted the assurance
ricewaterhous	e Coopers AG
	Assurance standard used
☑ ISAE/ASE	A 3000
☐ ISAE 3402	2
☐ ISO stand	ard
□ AAF01/06	
□ AA1000AS	
☐ IFC perfor	mance standards
•	E 3410 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements.
☐ National s	
☐ Other	
	Level of assurance sought
<ul><li>Limited or</li></ul>	equivalent
	le or equivalent
	Please provide:
	Link to external assurance provider`s report [URL]
	zurich.com/-/media/project/zurich/dotcom/sustainability/docs/sustainability-highlights- en &hash=A62E3CBED7D4154FF08DCCBAAC95985F
	Link to original data source (if public) [URL]
https://www.	rurish com/on/quatainghility/haing a reaponaible husiness/massuring our progress

CM1 07 Mandatory Public Descriptive General



CM1 07.1

Indicate who has reviewed/verified internally the whole - or selected data of the - PRI Transparency Report . and if this applies to selected data please specify what data was reviewed

### Who has conducted the verification

☑ CEO or other Chief-Level staff

		Sign-off or review of responses			
	☑ Sign-off				
	☑ Review of	of responses			
	☐ The Board				
☐ Investment Committee					
☐ Compliance Function					
$\checkmark$	☑ RI/ESG Team				
$\checkmark$	☑ Investment Teams				
$\checkmark$	☑ Legal Department				
☑ Other (specify)					
		specify			

Group Publishing Team

